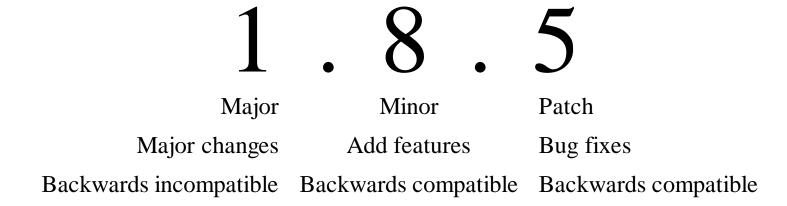
Software Engineering

- □ SCM
 - Umbrella activity
 - Set of tracking and control activities
 - Starts with the beginning of the project
 - Everyone involved in software engineering process
 - Designated person
 - Sources of change
 - New business or market conditions
 - New customer needs
 - Recognition of business growth/downsizing
 - Budgetary or scheduling constraints
 - Tools
 - SaltStack
 - SmartFrog
 - Puppet

- ☐ SCM Tasks
 - Identification
 - Configuration items
 - Version control
 - Change control
 - Configuration auditing
 - Technical correctness of the configuration items
 - Reporting
 - Providing accurate status and current configuration data
 - Developers, tester, end users, customers and stakeholders
 - Admin guides, user guides, FAQs, Release notes, Installation Guide

- ☐ Version Control
 - SemVer



- ☐ Version Control
 - SemVer
 - Each element must increase numerically $(1.2.0 \rightarrow 1.2.1 \rightarrow 1.2.2)$
 - No modification after release in the same version
 - Any modification must lead to a new version
 - Patch version must be reset to 0 when minor version is incremented $(1.2.2 \rightarrow 1.3.0)$
 - Patch and minor version must be reset to 0 when major version is incremented $(1.2.2 \rightarrow 2.0.0)$
 - Major version increment may include minor and patch level changes
 - Pre-release version: appending a hyphen and a series of dot separated identifiers (ASCII alphanumeric) immediately following the patch version (1.0.0-alpha, 1.0.0-alpha, 1.0.0-0.3.7, 1.0.0-x.7.z.92)
 - Precedence of versions:
 - 1.0.0-alpha<1.0.0-alpha.1<1.0.0-alpha.beta<1.0.0-beta<1.0.0-beta.2<1.0.0-beta.11<1.0.0-rc.1<1.0.0

- ☐ Change Control
 - Systematic approach to manage changes
 - Why?
 - No unnecessary change
 - Documenting changes
 - No unnecessary disruption of service
 - Efficient resource use

- ☐ Change Control
 - ECO: Engineering change order

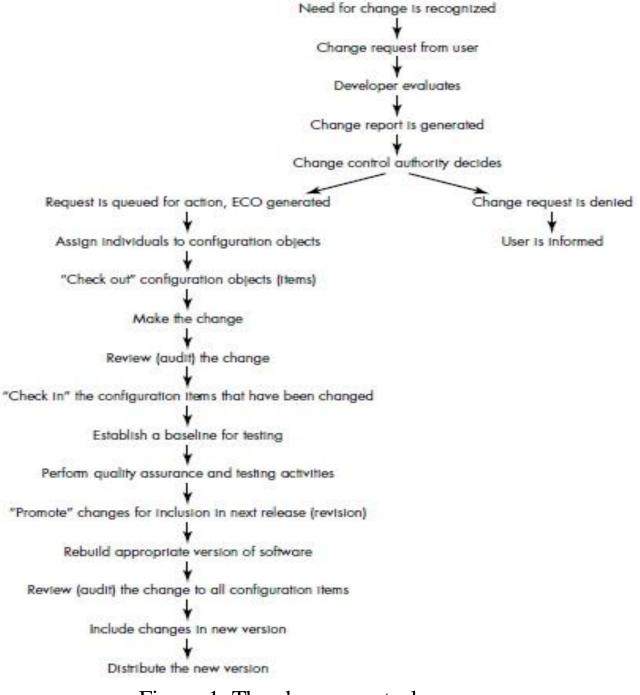


Figure 1: The change control process