TCS NQT Coding Cheatsheet

Arrays

- Find the Total Number of Subarrays with Given Sum
 - **Problem:** Given an array of integers and an integer sum, return the total number of subarrays whose sum equals sum.
 - Test Case:

```
■ Input: nums = [1, 2, 3, 1, 1, 1], sum = 3
```

Output: 4

- Rotate a Matrix by 90 Degrees in Clockwise Direction
 - **Problem:** Given an $n \times n$ matrix, rotate the matrix by 90 degrees in the clockwise direction. The rotation should be done in-place.
 - Test Case:

```
■ Input: matrix = [[1,2,3], [4,5,6], [7,8,9]]
```

Output: [[7,4,1], [8,5,2], [9,6,3]]

- Find the Subarray with the Largest Sum
 - **Problem:** Given an integer array nums, find the subarray with the largest sum and return its sum.
 - Test Case:

```
Input: nums = [-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]
```

- Remove Duplicates from a String Array
 - Problem: Given an array of strings, remove all duplicate strings and return the updated array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = ["apple", "banana", "orange", "banana", "apple"]

- Output: ["apple", "banana", "orange"]
- Find Count of Elements Greater Than All Prior Elements
 - Problem: Given an integer array Arr, find the count of elements whose value is greater than all of its prior elements.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: Arr = [7,4,8,2,9]
 - Output: 3
- Sort Array Based on Risk Levels
 - Problem: Given an array of risk levels (integers ranging from 0 to 2), sort the array based on these risk levels.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: riskLevels = [2, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0]
 - Output: [0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2]
 - Push Empty Packets to the End of the Array
 - Problem: Given an array of integer values, find all empty packets (represented by) and push them to the end of the array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [2, 0, 3, 0, 5]
 - Output: [2, 3, 5, 0, 0]
- Two Sum
 - Problem: Find two numbers in an array that add up to a specific target.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: nums = [2, 7, 11, 15], target = 9
 - Output: [0, 1]
 - Source: LeetCode
- Program to Check if an Array is Sorted or Not
- o Problem: Determine if a given array is sorted in non-decreasing order.

- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
 - Output: True
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

Sum of Elements in a Given Array

- Problem: Calculate the sum of all elements in an array.
- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 4]
 - Output: 10
- Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Pascal's Triangle
 - Problem: Generate the first few rows of Pascal's Triangle.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: numRows = 5
 - Output: [[1], [1,1], [1,2,1], [1,3,3,1], [1,4,6,4,1]]
 - Source: LeetCode
- **Counting Frequencies of Array Elements**
 - Problem: Count the frequency of each element in an array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 2, 3, 3, 3]
 - Output: {1: 1, 2: 2, 3: 3}
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks

Move Zeroes

- Problem: Move all zeros in an array to the end while maintaining the order of non-zero elements.
- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [0, 1, 0, 3, 12]
 - Output: [1, 3, 12, 0, 0]

Source: <u>LeetCode</u>

Add an Element to an Array

- **Problem:** Add a new element to the end of an array.
- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3], element = 4
 - Output: [1, 2, 3, 4]
- Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Contains Duplicate
 - Problem: Check if there are any duplicates in an array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 1]
 - Output: True
 - Source: LeetCode
- Find Duplicates in O(n) Time and O(1) Extra Space
 - **Problem:** Find duplicates in an array in linear time and constant space.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [4, 3, 2, 7, 8, 2, 3, 1]
 - Output: [2, 3]
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Print Array After It Is Right Rotated K Times
 - **Problem:** Rotate an array to the right K times and print the result.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5], K = 2
 - Output: [4, 5, 1, 2, 3]
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Single Number
 - Problem: Find the element that appears only once in an array where every other element appears twice.

- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [4, 1, 2, 1, 2]
 - Output: 4
- Source: LeetCode
- Mean and Median of an Unsorted Array
 - **Problem:** Calculate the mean and median of an unsorted array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
 - Output: Mean: 4, Median: 4
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Smallest and Second Smallest Elements in an Array
 - Problem: Find the smallest and second smallest elements in an array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [12, 13, 1, 10, 34, 1]
 - Output: Smallest: 1, Second Smallest: 10
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Third Maximum Number
 - **Problem:** Find the third maximum number in an array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [3, 2, 1]
 - Output: 1
 - Source: LeetCode
- Sort Elements by Frequency
 - Problem: Sort the elements of an array by their frequency of occurrence.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [2, 5, 2, 8, 5, 6, 8, 8]
 - Output: [8, 8, 8, 2, 2, 5, 5, 6]

• Source: GeeksforGeeks

Majority Element

- Problem: Find the majority element that appears more than half the time in an array.
- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [3, 2, 3]
 - Output: 3
- Source: LeetCode
- Next Greater Element I
 - Problem: Find the next greater element for each element in an array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: nums1 = [4, 1, 2], nums2 = [1, 3, 4, 2]
 - Output: [-1, 3, -1]
 - Source: LeetCode
- Intersection of Two Arrays
 - **Problem:** Find the intersection of two arrays.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: nums1 = [1, 2, 2, 1], nums2 = [2, 2]
 - Output: [2]
 - Source: LeetCode
- Find Peak Element
 - **Problem:** Find a peak element in an array where a peak is an element greater than its neighbors.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 1]
 - Output: 2
 - Source: LeetCode
- Find Peak Element

• **Problem:** Find a peak element in an array where a peak is an element greater than its neighbors.

Test Case:

```
■ Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 1]
```

Output: 2

Source: LeetCode

Longest Continuous Increasing Subsequence

 Problem: Find the length of the longest continuous increasing subsequence in an array.

Test Case:

```
■ Input: arr = [1, 3, 5, 4, 7]
```

Output: 3

• Source: <u>LeetCode</u>

STRINGS

Print a Special Pyramid from an Input Array

- **Problem:** Given a height n and an input array arr, print a special pyramid where numbers less than 5 must be padded with zeroes.
- Test Case:

```
■ Input: height = 3, arr = [6, 28, 66, 120, 190, 276]
```

Output:

```
00006
00028 00066
00120 00190 00276
```

Furnishing Company Curtain Color Counting

o **Problem:** Given a string of curtain colors represented by 'a' for aqua and 'b' for black, and an integer , find the number of aqua color curtains in the box with the maximum number of aqua color curtains.

Test Case:

```
■ Input: str = "aabbaa", L = 3
```

Output: 3

Remove Duplicates from a String Array

 Problem: Given an array of strings, remove all duplicate strings and return the updated array.

Test Case:

```
Input: arr = ["apple", "banana", "orange", "banana", "apple"
```

Output: ["apple", "banana", "orange"]

Given String is Palindrome or Not

Problem: Check if a given string is a palindrome.

Test Case:

```
Input: str = "madam"
```

Output: True

• Source: GeeksforGeeks

Find Common Characters

Problem: Find the common characters in multiple strings.

Test Case:

```
Input: words = ["bella", "label", "roller"]
```

Output: ["e", "1", "1"]

Source: LeetCode

Remove Character

• **Problem:** Remove characters from the first string that are present in the second string.

Test Case:

```
Input: str1 = "abcdef", str2 = "acf"
```

Output: "bde"

Source: GeeksforGeeks

Reverse a String

Problem: Reverse a given string.

Test Case:

- Input: str = "hello"
- Output: "olleh"
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

Remove All Adjacent Duplicates in String

o Problem: Remove all adjacent duplicates in a string

Test Case:

- Input: str = "abbaca"
- Output: "ca"
- Source: LeetCode

Uncommon Words from Two Sentences

Problem: Find the uncommon words from two sentences.

Test Case:

- Input: s1 = "this apple is sweet", s2 = "this apple is sour"
- Output: ["sweet", "sour"]
- Source: <u>LeetCode</u>

Excel Sheet Column Number

• Problem: Convert a column title to a number in an Excel sheet.

Test Case:

- Input: columnTitle = "AB"
- Output: 28
- Source: LeetCode

Frequency of Characters in a String

 Problem: Print characters and their frequencies in order of their occurrence.

Test Case:

■ Input: str = "geeksforgeeks"

■ Output: g2 e4 k2 s2 f1 o1 r1

Source: GeeksforGeeks

Sort String of Characters

• **Problem:** Sort the characters in a string.

Test Case:

Input: str = "cba"

■ Output: "abc"

• Source: GeeksforGeeks

Valid Anagram

Problem: Check if two strings are anagrams.

Test Case:

■ Input: str1 = "anagram", str2 = "nagaram"

Output: True

• Source: LeetCode

Convert Characters of a String to Opposite Case

Problem: Convert each character in the string to its opposite case.

Test Case:

■ Input: str = "Hello"

■ Output: "hELLO"

Source: GeeksforGeeks

Count Binary Substrings

o Problem: Count the number of non-empty substrings that have the same number of 0's and 1's.

Test Case:

■ Input: s = "00110011"

Source: LeetCode

• Common Subsequence in Two Strings

• **Problem:** Count the common subsequences between two strings.

Test Case:

- Input: str1 = "abc", str2 = "ac"
- Output: 3
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

Count Unique Characters of All Substrings of a Given String

 Problem: Count the number of unique characters in all possible substrings of a given string.

Test Case:

- Input: s = "ABC"
- Output: 10
- Source: LeetCode

• Find the Difference

 Problem: Find the difference between two strings where one string is the original string with an extra character.

Test Case:

- Input: s = "abcd", t = "abcde"
- Output: "e"
- Source: <u>LeetCode</u>

Duplicates in the Input String

Problem: Print all the duplicate characters in the input string.

Test Case:

- Input: str = "teststring"
- Output: t2 s2
- Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Count Vowels, Consonants, Digits, and Special Characters in a String

 Problem: Count vowels, consonants, digits, and special characters in a string.

Test Case:

```
■ Input: str = "abc123!@#"
```

```
■ Output: Vowels: 1, Consonants: 2, Digits: 3, Special Characters: 3
```

• **Source:** GeeksforGeeks

Detect Capital

• **Problem:** Determine if the usage of capital letters in a string is correct.

Test Case:

```
Input: word = "USA"
```

Output: True

• Source: LeetCode

• Fizz Buzz

 Problem: Print the numbers from 1 to n. But for multiples of three print "Fizz" instead of the number and for the multiples of five print "Buzz".

Test Case:

```
■ Input: n = 15
```

```
Output: ["1", "2", "Fizz", "4", "Buzz", "Fizz", "7", "8", "Fizz", "Buzz", "11", "Fizz", "13", "14", "FizzBuzz"]
```

Source: <u>LeetCode</u>

· Check if a String is Substring of Another

• **Problem:** Check if one string is a substring of another.

Test Case:

```
Input: str1 = "hello", str2 = "l1"
```

Output: True

Source: GeeksforGeeks

SORTING

Bubble Sort	
Selection Sort	
Insertion Sort	
Merge Sort	

Quick Sort

Mathematical

- Sum of the Cubes of All Integers Within a Given Range [n, m]
 - Problem: Given two integers n and m, calculate the sum of the cubes of all integers within the range [n, m].
 - Test Case:

```
■ Input: n = 1, m = 3
```

Output: 36 (1³ + 2³ + 3³)

- Find the k-th Largest Factor of a Given Number
 - **Problem:** Given two integers n and k, find the k-th largest factor of n. If k exceeds the number of factors, return 1.
 - Test Case:

```
■ Input: n = 12, k = 2
```

Output: 4

- Toggle Bits After the Most Significant Bit
 - Problem: Given a positive integer, convert it to binary, toggle all bits after and including the most significant bit, and return the resultant integer.
 - Test Case:

```
■ Input: n = 10
```

Output: 5

Armstrong Number Check

• **Problem:** Given an integer n, return True if it is an Armstrong number, otherwise return False.

Test Case:

■ Input: n = 153

Output: True

Calculate the Price of a Product from Its Digits

 Problem: Given a product code represented by an integer N, calculate the price of the product by multiplying all its digits.

Test Case:

■ Input: N = 234

Output: 24 (2 * 3 * 4)

Single Digit Sum After Repeated Summation

• **Problem:** Given an integer N and a repetition count R, calculate the single-digit sum after summing the digits of N R times.

Test Case:

■ Input: N = 9875, R = 2

Output: 2

Minimum Page Turns in a Book

Problem: Given a book with n pages, and a page number p, find the minimum number of pages to turn to reach page p.

Test Case:

■ Input: n = 6, p = 2

Output: 1

Climbing Stairs

• **Problem:** Given n steps, find the number of distinct ways to reach the top.

Test Case:

■ Input: n = 3

Source: LeetCode

· Check if a Given Year is a Leap Year

• **Problem:** Determine whether a given year is a leap year or not.

Test Case:

- Input: year = 2000
- Output: True
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

Prime Numbers

- **Problem:** Given a number n, return all prime numbers up to n.
- Test Case:
 - Input: n = 10
 - Output: [2, 3, 5, 7]
- Source: Prime Numbers

· Check if a Number is Positive, Negative, Odd, Even, or Zero

- Problem: Given an integer, determine if it's positive, negative, odd, even, or zero.
- Test Case:
 - Input: num = -3
 - Output: Negative, Odd
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

All Divisors of a Natural Number

- Problem: Given a natural number , find all divisors of ...
- Test Case:
 - Input: n = 12
 - Output: [1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12]
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

Convert a Number to Hexadecimal

• **Problem:** Convert a given integer to its hexadecimal representation.

Test Case:

■ Input: num = 26

■ Output: "1a"

Source: LeetCode

Valid Perfect Square

• **Problem:** Given a number num, return True if it's a perfect square.

Test Case:

■ Input: num = 16

■ Output: True

• Source: LeetCode

Program to Add Two Fractions

o Problem: Given two fractions, find their sum and return it in the simplest form.

Test Case:

■ Input: frac1 = 1/2, frac2 =

■ Output: 5/6

• Source: GeeksforGeeks

Fibonacci Numbers

• **Problem:** Find the n-th Fibonacci number.

Test Case:

■ Input: n = 5

Output: 5

Source: GeeksforGeeks

Add Digits

• **Problem:** Given an integer num, repeatedly add its digits until the result is a single digit.

Test Case:

■ Input: num = 38

- Output: 2
- Source: LeetCode
- · Replace All '0' with '5' in an Input Integer
 - **Problem:** Replace every occurrence of o with in a given integer.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: num = 1020
 - Output: 1525
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Perfect Number
 - Problem: Determine whether a given number is a perfect number.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: num = 28
 - Output: True
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Armstrong Numbers
 - Problem: Check if a number is an Armstrong number.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: num = 153
 - Output: True
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- **Sum of First n Natural Numbers**
 - Problem: Calculate the sum of the first n natural numbers.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: n = 5
 - Output: 15
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Permutations to Arrange N Persons Around a Circular Table

- **Problem:** Find the number of possible ways to arrange N persons around a circular table.
- Test Case:
 - Input: N = 4
 - Output: 6
- Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Roots of Quadratic Equation
 - **Problem:** Given a quadratic equation in the form $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, find its roots.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: a = 1, b = -3, c = 2
 - Output: Roots = 2, 1
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Maximum Product of Three Numbers
 - **Problem:** Given an integer array, find the maximum product of three numbers in the array.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: nums = [-10, -10, 5, 2]
 - Output: 500
 - Source: LeetCode
- Happy Number
 - **Problem:** Given a number n, determine if it's a happy number.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: n = 19
 - Output: True
 - Source: LeetCode

ADVANCED

Round Table Seating Arrangement with Constraints

- **Problem:** Given N members sitting around a circular table, find the possible number of ways to arrange them such that the president and prime minister of India are always seated next to each other.
- Test Case:
 - Input: N = 5
 - Output: 48
- Sorting Confiscated Items by Risk Level
 - Problem: Given an array of risk levels (integers ranging from 0 to 2), sort the array based on these risk levels.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: riskLevels = [2, 0, 1, 2, 1, 0]
 - Output: [0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 2]
- Intérnational Conference Round Table Seating
 - Problem: Find the possible number of ways to arrange N members around a circular table such that the president and prime minister of India are always seated next to each other.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: N = 6
 - Output: 240
- Calculate Shipping Cost
 - Problem: Calculate the total shipping cost based on the package's weight and the distance it needs to travel.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: weight = 10kg, distance = 100km
 - Output: \$15
- Counting Sundays within a Given Number of Days
 - Problem: Given a number of days n, count how many Sundays occur within those days, considering any start day of the month.
 - Test Case:

- Input: n = 30
- Output: 4

Detect Loop in a Linked List

- Problem: Check whether a linked list contains a loop.
- Test Case:
 - Input: Linked List: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 2 (loop back)
 - Output: True
- Source: Detect Loop in a Linked List

· Print the Middle of a Given Linked List

- o Problem: Print the middle element of a linked list.
- Test Case:
 - Input: Linked List: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5
 - Output: 3
- Source: GeeksforGeeks
- Can We Reverse a Linked List in Less than O(n)?
 - Problem: Discuss if it's possible to reverse a linked list in less than O(n) time.
 - Test Case:
 - Input: Linked List: 1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4 -> 5
 - Output: No
 - Source: GeeksforGeeks

Linear Search

- **Problem:** Search for a target element in a given array using the linear search method.
- Test Case:
 - Input: arr = [2, 4, 0, 1, 9], target = 1
 - Output: 3
- Source: GeeksforGeeks

• Binary Search

• Problem: Search for a target element in a sorted array using the binary search method.

Test Case:

■ Input: arr = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7], target = 4