Advance Web Engineering ASP.NET with C#

LAB Manual

Prepared By: Partha Chakraborty, AssistantProfessor, Dept. of CSE, Comilla University ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 01(A)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a console application that obtains four int values from the user and displays the product.

Hint: you may recall that the Convert.ToDouble() command was used to convert the input from the console to a double; the equivalent command to convert from a string to an int is Convert.ToInt32().

```
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication1
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int num1, num2,num3,num4,prod;
Console.Write("Enter number 1: ");
num1 = Int32.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter number 2: ");
num2 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter number 3: ");
num3 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter number 4: ");
num4 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
prod = num1 * num2 * num3 * num4;
Console.WriteLine(num1 + "*" + num2 + "*" + num3 + "*" + num4 + "=" + prod); }
}
```

}

OUTPUT:

Enter number 1: 6 Enter number 2: 5 Enter number 3: 4 Enter number 4: 3 6*5*4*3=360

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(B)

<u>AIM</u>: If you have two integers stored in variables var1 and var2, what Boolean test can you perform to see if one or the other (but not both) is greater than 10?

CODE:

OUTPUT:

Enter number 1: 5

Enter number 2: 11
Boolean test succedded
Both number are not >10

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$\underline{\mathsf{PRACTICAL}\ \mathsf{NO.}:01(\mathsf{C})}$

<u>AIM</u>: Write an application that includes the logic from Exercise 1, obtains two numbers from the user, and displays them, but rejects any input where both numbers are greater than 10 and asks for two new numbers.

```
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication2
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            int var1, var2;
            label1:
            Console.Write("Enter number 1: ");
            var1 = Int32.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            Console.Write("Enter number 2: ");
            var2 = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
            if ((var1 > 10 && var2 > 10) )
            {
                  Console.WriteLine("Both No are greater than 10 are not allowed");            goto label1;
            }
            else
```

```
{
    Console.WriteLine("Number 1: "+var1);
    Console.WriteLine("Number 2:"+var2);
}
}

OUTPUT:
Enter number 1:15
Enter number 2: 16
Both no. are greater than 10 are not allowed Enter number 1:5
Enter number 2: 15
Number 1: 5
Number 2: 15
```

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(D)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a console application that places double quotation marks around each word in a string.

```
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication3
{
  class Program
  {
   static void Main(string[] args)
   {
    string str1;
    Console.Write("Enter string 1: ");
    str1 = Console.ReadLine();
    string[] words = str1.Split(' ');
    for (int i = 0; i < words.Length; i++)
    {
       Console.Write("\" " + words[i] + "\" ");
    }
    }
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

Enter string 1: we can and we will "we" "can" "and" "we" "will"

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(E)

<u>AIM</u>: Write an application that uses two command-line arguments to place values into a string and an integer variable, respectively. Then display these values.

```
using System;
namespace cmdLineArgs
{
  class Program
  {
    static void Main(string[] args)
    {
      string str = args[0];
      int n = Convert.ToInt32(args[1]);
      Console.WriteLine("String:" + str);
      Console.WriteLine("Number:" + n);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

String : Roman Number : 10

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(F)

<u>AIM</u>: Write an application that receives the following information from a set of students:

Student Id:

Student Name:

Course Name:

Date of Birth:

The application should also display the information of all the students once the data is Entered. Implement this using an Array of Structures.

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace ArrayOfStructs
{
  class Program
  {
  struct Student
   {
   public string studid, name, cname;
   public int day, month, year;
  }
```

```
static void Main(string[] args)
Student[] s = new Student[5];
int i:
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
Console.Write("Enter Student Id:");
s[i].studid = Console.ReadLine();
Console.Write("Enter Student name: ");
s[i].name = Console.ReadLine();
Console.Write("Enter Course name : ");
s[i].cname = Console.ReadLine();
Console.Write("Enter date of birth\n Enter day(1-31):");
s[i].day = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter month(1-12):");
s[i].month = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter year:");
s[i].year = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
Console.WriteLine("\n\nStudent's List\n");
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
Console.WriteLine("\nStudent ID : " + s[i].studid);
Console.WriteLine("\nStudent name : " + s[i].name);
Console.WriteLine("\nCourse name : " + s[i].cname);
Console.WriteLine("\nDate of birth(dd-mm-yy): " + s[i].day + "-" + s[i].month + "-" +
s[i].year);
} } } }
```

OUTPUT:

Enter Student Id:0001 Enter Student name: Prachit Enter Course name: MSCit Enter date of birth Enter day(1-31):29 Enter month(1-12):9 Enter year:1995 Enter Student Id:0002 Enter Student name: Aniket Enter Course name: Bscit Enter date of birth Enter day(1-31):4 Enter month(1-12):3Enter year:1996 Enter Student Id:0003 Enter Student name: Prathamesh Enter Course name: **BMS**

Enter date of birth

Enter day(1-31):9

Enter month(1-12):8

Enter year:2000

Enter Student Id:0004

Enter Student name : Sumit Enter Course name : MScet

Enter date of birth Enter day(1-31):25 Enter month(1-12):5 Enter year:1994

Enter Student Id: 0005 Enter Student name: Zaid Enter Course name:

BCOM Enter date of birth

Enter day(1-31):6 Enter month(1-12):7 Enter year:1993

Student's List

Student ID: 0001 Student name: Prachit Course name: MSCit

Date of birth(dd-mm-yy): 29-9-1995

Student ID: 0002 Student name:Aniket Course name:Bscit

Date of birth(dd-mm-yy):4-3-1996

Student ID: 0003

Student name:Prathamesh

Course name: BMS

Date of birth(dd-mm-yy):9-8-2000

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Student ID: 0004 Student name: Sumit Course name: MScet

Date of birth(dd-mm-yy): 25-5-1994

Student ID: 0005 Student name: Zaid Course name: BCOM

Date of birth(dd-mm-yy): 6-7-1993

PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

AIM: Write programs using conditional statements and

loops: I) Generate Fibonacci series.

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication3
{
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int num1=0,num2=1,num3,num4,num,counter;
Console. Write ("Upto how many number you want fibonacci series:");
num=int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
counter=3;
Console.Write(num1+"\t"+num2);
while(counter<=num)</pre>
{
num3 = num1 + num2;
                    if (counter >= num)
break;
Console.Write("\t" + num3);
num1 = num2;
num2 = num3;
counter++;
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

Upto how many number you want fibonacci series:5 0 1 1 2 3

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>AIM</u>: Write programs using conditional statements and loops:

II) Generate various patterns (triangles, diamond and other patterns) with numbers.

<u>CODE -1</u>:

```
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication1
{
  class Program
  {
  static void Main(string[] args)
   {
  int row, col;
  for (row = 1; row <= 5; row++)
   {
  for (col = 1; col <= row; col++)
    Console.Write(col);
  Console.WriteLine();
  }
  }
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:

1 12

123

1234

12345

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CODE -2:

```
namespace ConsoleApplication1
class Program
static void Main(string[] args) {
int row, sp, col;
for (row = 1; row <= 5; row++) {
for (sp = 1; sp \le 5 - row; sp++) {
Console.Write('');
for (col = 1; col <= row; col++) {
Console.Write(col); }
Console.WriteLine(); }
OUTPUT:
1
12
123
1234
12345
```

```
CODE -3:
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication1
{
   class Program
   {
```

```
static void Main(string[] args)
int row, sp, col,revcol;
for (row = 1; row <= 5; row++)
for (sp = 1; sp \le 5 - row; sp++) {
Console.Write(' ');
for (col = 1; col <= row; col++) {
Console.Write(col);
}
for (revcol = col - 2; revcol >= 1; revcol--) {
Console.Write(revcol);
}
Console.WriteLine();
}
}
OUTPUT:
1
121
12321
1234321
123454321
```

```
CODE-4:
using System;
namespace ConsoleApplication1
{
  class Program
  {
  static void Main(string[] args)
```

```
int row, sp, col, revcol;
for (row = 1; row <= 5; row++) { for (sp
= 1; sp <= 5 - row; sp++) {
Console.Write('');
for (col = 1; col <= row; col++) {
Console.Write(col);
for (revcol = col - 2; revcol >= 1; revcol--) {
Console.Write(revcol); } Console.WriteLine();
for (row = 4; row >= 1; row--) { for (sp
= 1; sp <= 5 - row; sp++) {
Console.Write(' ');
for (col = 1; col <= row; col++) {
Console. Write(col);
for (revcol = col - 2; revcol >= 1; revcol--) {
Console.Write(revcol); } Console.WriteLine();
} } } }
OUTPUT:
1
121
12321
1234321
123454321
1234321
12321
121
1
```

CODE-5:

```
using System;
namespace pattern
{
  class Program
  {
  static void Main(string[] args)
  {
  int row, col,sp,reverse;
}
```

```
for (row = 1; row \leq 5; row++)
for (sp = 1; sp \le 5 - row; sp++)
Console.Write(" ");
for (col = 1; col \le row; col ++) if (col = 1; col \le row; col ++)
==1)
Console.Write("*");
else
Console.Write(" ");
for (reverse = col - 2; reverse >= 1; reverse--) if
(reverse == 1)
Console.Write("*");
else
Console.Write(" ");
Console.WriteLine();
for (row = 4; row >= 1; row--)
for (sp = 1; sp \le 5 - row; sp++)
Console.Write(" ");
for (col = 1; col \le row; col ++) if (col = 1; col \le row; col ++)
== 1)
Console.Write("*");
else
Console.Write(" ");
for (reverse = col - 2; reverse >= 1; reverse--) if
(reverse == 1)
Console.Write("*");
else
Console.Write(" ");
Console.WriteLine();
} } }
```

OUTPUT:

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*

** * * *

** * * *

** * * *

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>AIM</u>: Write programs using conditional statements and

loops: III) Test for prime numbers.

CODE:

using System;

namespace testprime

```
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int num, counter;
Console.Write("Enter number:");
num = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
for (counter = 2; counter <= num / 2; counter++) {</pre>
if ((num \% counter) == 0)
break;
if (num == 1)
Console.WriteLine(num + "is neither prime nor composite"); else
if(counter<(num/2))</pre>
Console.WriteLine(num+"is not prime number"); else
Console.WriteLine(num+"is prime number"); }
}
}
OUTPUT:
(1<sup>st</sup> attempt)
Enter number:3
3 is prime number
(2^{nd})
Enter number:1
1 is neither prime nor composite
(3^{rd})
Enter number:4
4 is not prime number
```

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>AIM</u>: Write programs using conditional statements and loops: **IV**) Generate prime numbers.

CODE:

using System;

```
namespace testprime
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int counter, lowerlimit, upperlimit, limitCounter;
Console.Write("Enter lowerlimit:");
lowerlimit = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter upperlimit:");
upperlimit = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
Console.WriteLine("Prime number between " + lowerlimit + "and " + upperlimit + " are ");
for (limitCounter = lowerlimit; limitCounter <= upperlimit; limitCounter++) {</pre>
for (counter = 2; counter <= limitCounter / 2; counter++)</pre>
if ((limitCounter % counter) == 0)
break;
if (limitCounter == 1)
Console.WriteLine(limitCounter + "is neither prime nor composite"); else if
(counter >= (limitCounter / 2))
Console.WriteLine(limitCounter + "\t");
Console.WriteLine();
}}}
OUTPUT:
Enter lowerlimit:1
Enter upperlimit:15
Prime number between 1 and 15 are
1is neither prime nor composite
2
3
4
5
7
11
13
```

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>AIM</u>: Write programs using conditional statements and loops: **V**) Reverse a number and find sum of digits of a number.

CODE:

using System;

```
namespace reverseNumber
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int num,actualnumber,revnum=0,digit,sumDigits=0;
Console.Write("Enter number:");
num = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
actualnumber = num;
while (num > 0)
digit = num % 10;
revnum = revnum * 10 + digit;
sumDigits=sumDigits+digit;
num = num / 10;
Console.WriteLine("Reverse of " + actualnumber + "=" + revnum);
Console.WriteLine("Sum of its digits:" + sumDigits); }
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

Enter number: 15 Reverse of 15=51 Sum of its digits: 6

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PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>**AIM:**</u> Write programs using conditional statements and loops: **V)** Test for vowels.

```
using System;
namespace vowels
{
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
char ch;
Console.Write("Enter a character: ");
ch = (char)Console.Read();
switch (ch)
case 'a':
case 'A':
case 'e':
case 'E':
case 'i':
case 'I':
case 'o':
case 'O':
case 'u':
case 'U':
Console.WriteLine(ch + "is vowel"); break;
default:
Console.Write(ch + "is not a vowel"); break;
Console.ReadKey();
}
}
}
OUTPUT:
Enter a character: a
a is vowel
Enter a character: p
p is not a vowel
```

PRACTICAL NO.: 01(G)

<u>AIM</u>: Write programs using conditional statements and loops: **VII**) Use of foreach loop with arrays.

CODE:

```
using System;
class ExampleForEach
{
  public static void Main()
  {
    string[] str = { "Shield", "Evaluation", "DX" };
  foreach (String s in str)
  {
    Console.WriteLine(s);
    }
  }
}
OUTPUT:
Shield
Evaluation
```

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DX

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(1)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a program to declare a class 'staff' having data members as name and post.accept this data 5for 5 staffs and display names of staff who are HOD.

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace staff
class staff
string name, post;
public void getdata()
Console.Write("Enter name and post:");
name = Console.ReadLine();
post = Console.ReadLine();
public void display()
Console.WriteLine(name + "\t\t" + post);
public string getPost()
return post;
class program
static void Main(string[] args)
staff[] objStaff = new staff[5];
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
objStaff[i] = new staff();
objStaff[i].getdata();
Console.WriteLine("Name \t\t Post");
for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
if (objStaff[i].getPost() == "HOD")
objStaff[i].display();
```

Enter name and post:Prachit

HOD

Enter name and

post:Sumit PM

Enter name and post:Aniket

HOD

Enter name and

post:Prathamesh PM

Enter name and post:Zaid

CA

Name Post

Prachit HOD

Aniket HOD

AIM: Write a program to declare class 'Distance' have data members dist1, dist2, dist3. Initialize the two data members using constructor and store their addition in third data member using function and display addition.

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace distanceclass
class Distance
int dist1, dist2, dist3;
public Distance(int dist1,int dist2)
this.dist1=dist1;
this.dist2=dist2;
public void addition()
dist3=dist1+dist2;
public void display()
Console.WriteLine("Distance1:"+ dist1);
Console.WriteLine("Distance1:"+ dist2);
Console.WriteLine("Distance1:"+ dist3);
} }
class program
static void Main(string[] args)
Distance objDistance = new Distance(10, 20);
objDistance.addition();
objDistance.display();
} } }
OUTPUT:
```

Distance1:10 Distance1:20 Distance1:30

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(3)

AIM: Write a program using function overloading to swap two integer numbers and swap two float numbers.

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace swap
class Overloading
public void swap(ref int n, ref int m)
int t;
t = n;
n = m;
m = t;
public void swap(ref float f1, ref float f2)
float f;
f = f1;
f1 = f2;
f2 = f;
}
}
class program
static void Main(string[] args)
Overloading objOverloading = new Overloading();
int n = 10, m = 20;
objOverloading.swap(ref n, ref m);
Console.WriteLine("N=" + n + "tM=" + m);
float f1 = 10.5f, f2 = 20.6f;
objOverloading.swap(ref f1, ref f2);
Console. WriteLine("F1=" + f1 + "tF2=" + f2);
} } }
OUTPUT:
```

N=20 M=10 F1=20.6 F2=10.5

PRACTICAL NO. : 02(4)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a program to implement single inheritance from following figure. Accept and display data for one table.

Class Furniture

Data Members: material, price

Class Table

Data Members: Height, surface_area

```
Furniture.cs
using System;
namespace SingleInheritance
class Furniture
string material;
float price;
public void getdata()
Console.Write("Enter material: ");
material = Console.ReadLine();
Console.Write("Enter price : ");
price = float.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
public void showdata()
Console.WriteLine("Material : " + material);
Console.WriteLine("Price : " + price);
} } }
Table.cs
using System;
namespace SingleInheritance
class Table:Furniture
```

```
int height, surface_area;
public void getdata()
base.getdata();
Console.Write("Enter height: ");
height = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
Console.Write("Enter surface area: ");
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surface_area = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine()); }
public void showdata()
base.showdata();
Console.WriteLine("Height: " + height);
Console.WriteLine("Surface Area: " + surface_area); } } }
Program.cs
using System;
namespace SingleInheritance
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
Table t1 = new Table();
t1.getdata();
t1.showdata();
} } }
OUTPUT:
Enter material: wood
Enter price: 1220
Enter height: 35
Enter surface area: 26
Material: wood
Price: 1220
Height: 35
Surface Area: 26
```

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(5)

<u>AIM</u>: Define a class 'salary' which will contain member variable Basic, TA, DA, HRA. Write a program using Constructor with default values for DA and HRA and calculate the salary of employee.

```
Salary.cs using System;
```

```
namespace SalaryConstructure
{
    class Salary
    {
        int basic, ta, da, hra;
        public Salary()
        {
            da = 9000;
            hra = 6000;
        }
        public void getdata()
        {
            Console.Write("Enter basic salary : ");
            basic = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
            Console.Write("Enter travelling allowance : ");
            ta = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
        }
        public void showdata()
        {
            Console.WriteLine("Basic salary : " + basic);
        }
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Dearness allowence : " + da);
Console.WriteLine("Housing rent allowence : " + hra);
Console.WriteLine("Travelling allowence : " + ta);
Console.WriteLine("Gross Salary : " + (basic + da + hra + ta)); } } }

Program.cs
using System;
namespace SalaryConstructure
{
    class Program
    {
        static void Main(string[] args)
        {
            Salary s = new Salary();
            s.getdata();
            s.showdata();
        } } }
```

OUTPUT:

Enter basic salary: 52000 Enter travelling allowance: 3000 Basic

salary: 52000

Dearness allowence: 9000 Housing rent allowence: 6000 Travelling allowence: 3000

Gross Salary: 70000

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(6)

<u>AIM</u>: Program to implement the following multiple inheritance using interface. Employee name,

Interface: Gross basic_sal()

TA,DA ,Gross_sal()

Class:

```
Class : salary
Disp_sal(),HRA
```

CODE:

```
Gross.cs
using System;
namespace MultipleInheritance
interface Gross
int ta
get;
set;
}
int da
{
get;
set;
}
int GrossSal();
} }
Employee.cs
using System;
namespace MultipleInheritance
class Employee
string name;
public Employee(string name) {
this.name = name; }
public int BasicSal(int basicSal) {
return basicSal; }
public void ShowData()
Console.WriteLine("Name : " + name); } } }
```

Salary.cs

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```
using System;
namespace MultipleInheritance
{
    class Salary:employee,Gross
{
```

```
int hra;
public Salary(string name, int hra):base(name) {
this.hra = hra; }
public int ta
{
get{return S_ta; }
set { S_ta = value; }
private int S_ta;
public int da
{
get { return S_da; }
set { S_da = value; }
}
private int S_da;
public int GrossSal()
{
int gSal;
gSal = hra + ta + da + BasicSal(15000);
return gSal;
public void dispSal()
{ base.ShowData();
Console.WriteLine("Gross Sal: " + GrossSal()); } }
Program.cs
using System;
namespace MultipleInheritance
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
Salary s = new Salary("Prachit", 35000); s.da
= 20000;
s.ta = 30000;
s.dispSal();
} } }
OUTPUT:
Name:Prachit
Gross Sal:100000
```

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PRACTICAL NO. : 02(7)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a program for above class hierarchy for the Employee where the base class is

Employee and derived class and Programmer and Manager. Here make display function virtual which is common for all and which will display information of Programmer and Manager interactively.

Employee

Programmer Manager

```
CODE:
Employee.cs
using System;
namespace HeirarchicalInheritance
class employee
public virtual void display()
Console. WriteLine("Display of employee class called ");
} } }
Programmer.cs
using System;
namespace HeirarchicalInheritance
class Programmer:employee
public void display()
Console.WriteLine(" Display of Programmer class called "); } } }
Manager.cs
using System;
namespace HeirarchicalInheritance
class Manager
public void display()
Console.WriteLine("Display of manager class called ");
} } }
```

Program.cs

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```
using System;
namespace HeirarchicalInheritance
{
```

```
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
Programmer objProgrammer;
Manager objManager;
Console.Write("Whose details you want to use to see \n 1.Programmer \n
2.Manager");
int choice=int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
if(choice==1)
{
objProgrammer=new Programmer();
objProgrammer.display();
else if(choice==2)
objManager=new Manager();
objManager.display();
}
else
Console.WriteLine("Wrong choice entered");
} } } }
OUTPUT:
Whose details you want to use to see
1.Programmer
2.Manager1
Display of Programmer class called
Whose details you want to use to see
1.Programmer
2.Manager2
Display of manager class called
Whose details you want to use to see
1.Programmer
2.Manager6
```

Wrong choice entered

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(8)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a program to implement multilevel inheritance from following figure. Accept and display data for one student.

```
Data Members: Roll_no, name
           Class Test
           Data Members: marks1, marks2
           Class Result
           Data Members: total
CODE:
Result.cs
using System;
namespace multilevelinheritance
class Result:Test
int total;
public Result(int roll_no, string name, int marks1, int marks2)
: base(roll_no, name, marks1, marks2)
total = getMarks1() + getMarks2();
public void display()
base.display();
Console.WriteLine("Total: " + total);
} } }
Test.cs
using System;
namespace multilevelinheritance
class Test:student
int marks1, marks2;
public Test(int roll_no, string name, int marks1, int marks2)
: base(roll_no, name)
this.marks1 = marks1;
this.marks2 = marks2;
```

Class student

```
public int getMarks1()
return marks1;
public int getMarks2()
return marks2;
public void dispaly()
base.display();
  Console.WriteLine("Marks1: " + marks1);
Console.WriteLine("Marks2: " + marks2); } }
Student.cs
using System;
namespace multilevelinheritance
class student
int roll_no;
string name;
public student(int roll_no, string name) {
this.roll_no = roll_no;
this.name = name;
public student() { }
public void display()
Console.WriteLine("Roll no: " + roll_no);
Console.WriteLine("Name: " + name); } } }
Program.cs
using System;
namespace multilevelinheritance
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
Result r1 = new Result(101, "Prachit", 50, 70);
r1.display();
} } }
```

OUTPUT:

Roll no: 101 Name: Prachit Marks1: 50 Marks2: 70 Total: 120

7	_
. 1	n
•	•

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(9)

AIM: Write a program to create a delegate called TrafficDel and a class called TrafficSignal with the following delegate methods.

Public static void Yellow()
{
Console.WriteLine("Yellow Light Signal To Get Ready");
}

Public static void Green()
{

```
Console.WriteLine("Green Light Signal To Go");
Public static void Red()
Console.WriteLine("Red Light Signal To Stop");
Also include a method IdentifySignal() to initialize an array of delegate with the above
methods and a method show() to invoke members of the above array.
CODE:
TrafficSignal.cs
using System;
namespace TrafficDelegateExample
public delegate void TrafficDel();
class TrafficSignal
public static void Yellow()
Console.WriteLine("Yellow light signals to get ready");
public static void Green()
Console.WriteLine("Green light signals to go");
public static void Red()
Console.WriteLine("Red light signals to stop");
TrafficDel[] td = new TrafficDel[3];
public void IdentifySignal()
td[0] = new TrafficDel(Yellow);
td[1] = new TrafficDel(Green);
td[2] = new TrafficDel(Red);
                                                                                          37
ASP.NET WITH C#
public void display()
td[0]();
td[1]();
td[2]();
}
} }
```

Program.cs

```
using System;
namespace TrafficDelegateExample
{
  class Program
  {
   static void Main(string[] args) {
    TrafficSignal ts = new TrafficSignal();
   ts.IdentifySignal();
   ts.display();
  } } }

OUTPUT:
Vallow light signals to get ready.
```

Yellow light signals to get ready Green light signals to go Red light signals to stop

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ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 02(10)

<u>AIM</u>: Write a program to accept a number from the user and throw an exception if the number is not an even number.

CODE:

NotEvenException.cs

using System;

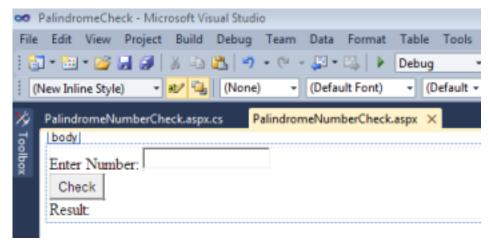
```
namespace ExceptionHandlingExample
class NotEvenException:Exception
public NotEvenException(string msg)
: base(msg)
} }
Program.cs
using System;
namespace ExceptionHandlingExample
class Program
static void Main(string[] args)
int num;
try
{
Console.Write("Enter a number: ");
num = int.Parse(Console.ReadLine());
if ((num % 2) != 0) throw new NotEvenException("Not an even number"); else
Console.WriteLine("Its even number ");
catch (NotEvenException e) { Console.WriteLine(e.Message); } } } }
OUTPUT:
Enter a number: 5
Not an even number
Enter a number: 6
Its even number
```

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ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO. : 03(1)

<u>AIM</u>: Create an application that allows the user to enter a number in the textbox named 'getnum'. Check whether the number in the textbox 'getnum' is palindrome or not. Print the message accordingly in the label control named lbldisplay when the user clicks on the button 'check'.



PROPERTIES TABLE:

Control	Property	Value
Label1	Text	Enter Number
	ID	lblnum1
TextBox	ID	getNum
Button	Text	Check
	ID	btncheck
Label2	Text	Result
	ID	lblnum2

CODE:

```
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace PalindromeCheck
{
   public partial class PalindromeNumberCheck : System.Web.UI.Page
   {
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
   {
    }
   protected void btncheck_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
   {
   int num = int.Parse(getNum.Text);
   int n, rev = 0, d;
}
```

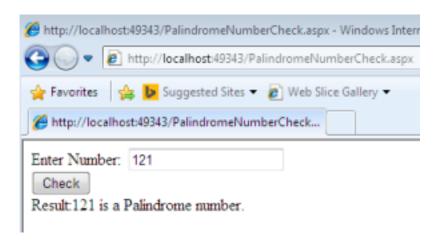
ASP.NET WITH C#

```
n = num;
while (n > 0)
{
```

```
d = n % 10;
n = n / 10;
rev = rev * 10 + d;
}
if (rev == num)

lblnum2.Text = lblnum2.Text + num + " is a Palindrome number."; else
lblnum2.Text = lblnum2.Text + num + " is not a Palindrome number."; } } }
```

BROWSER OUTPUT:



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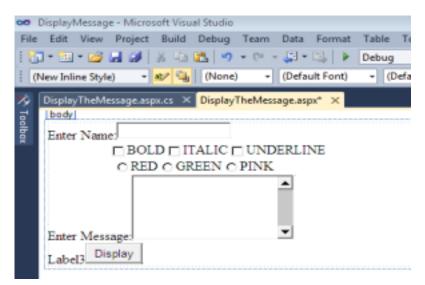
ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 03(2)

<u>AIM</u>: Create an application which will ask the user to input his name and a message, display the two items concatenated in a label, and change the format of the label using radio buttons

and check boxes for selection , the user can make the label text bold ,underlined or italic and change its color . include buttons to display the message in the label, clear the text boxes and label and exit.

DESIGN:



PROPERTIES TABLE:

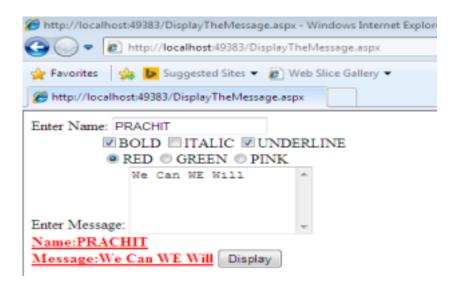
Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lbl1
	Text	Enter Name
Checkbox1	ID	chkbold
	Text	BOLD
Checkbox2	ID	chkitalic
	Text	ITALIC
Checkbox3	ID	chkunderline
	Text	UNDERLINE
RadioButton1	ID	rbred
	Text	RED
RadioButton2	ID	rbgreen
	Text	GREEN
RadioButton3	ID	rbpink
	Text	PINK
Label2	ID	txtmessage
	Text	Enter Message

Button	ID	btndisplay
	Text	Display
Label3	ID	lblDisplay
	Text	Label3

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace DisplayMessage
public partial class DisplayTheMessage: System.Web.UI.Page
protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e) {
protected void btndisplay_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
if (chkbold.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.Font.Bold = true;
else
lblDisplay.Font.Bold = false;
if (chkitalic.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.Font.Italic = true;
else
lblDisplay.Font.Italic = false;
if (chkunderline.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.Font.Underline = true;
else
lblDisplay.Font.Underline = false;
if (rbred.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Red; else
if(rbgreen.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Green; else if
(rbpink.Checked == true)
lblDisplay.ForeColor = System.Drawing.Color.Pink; lblDisplay.Text =
"Name:" + txtName.Text + "<br/>" + "Message:" + txtMessage.Text;
} } }
```

BROWSER OUTPUT:

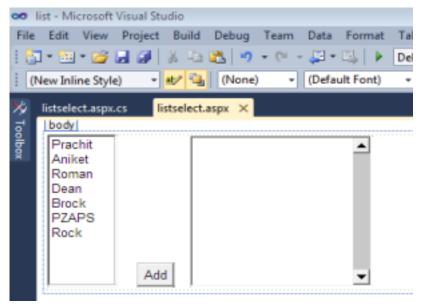


ASP.NET WITH C# PRACTICAL NO.: 03(3)

<u>AIM</u>: List of employees is available in listbox. Write an application to add selected or all

records from listbox (assume multi-line property of textbox is true).

DESIGN:



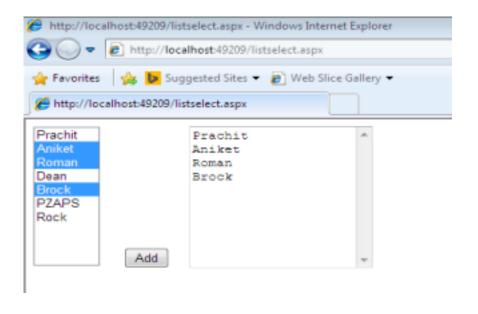
PROPERTIES TABLE:

CODE:

```
using System;
namespace list
{
  public partial class listselect : System.Web.UI.Page
  {
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        protected void btnAdd_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
        int i;
        for (i = 0; i < lstEmployee.Items.Count; i++)
        {
        if (lstEmployee.Items[i].Selected == true)
        txtEmployee.Text += lstEmployee.Items[i].Text + "\n"; }
    }
}</pre>
```

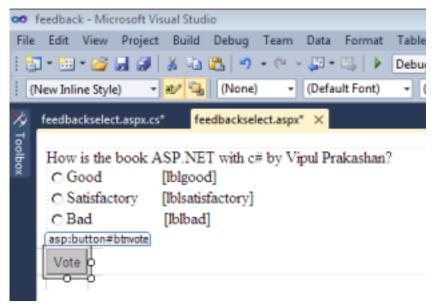
ASP.NET WITH C#

BROWSER OUTPUT:



<u>AIM</u>: "How is the book ASP.NET with c# by Vipul Prakashan?" Give the user three choice: i)Good ii)Satisfactory iii)Bad. Provide a VOTE button. After user votes, present the result in percentage using labels next to the choices.

DESIGN:



PROPERTIES TABLE:

Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lbltxt1
	Text	How is the Book ASP.NET with c# Vipul Prakashan
RadioButton1	ID	rdogood
	Text	Good
RadioButton2	ID	rdosatisfactory
	Text	Satisfactory
RadioButton3	ID	rdobad
	Text	Bad
Label2	ID	lblgood
	Text	
Label3	ID	lblsatisfactory
	Text	
Label4	ID	lblbad

	Text	
Button	ID	btnvote
	Text	Vote

ASIMALI WIIII C

```
CODE:
using System;
namespace feedback
public partial class feedbackselect : System.Web.UI.Page
protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e) {
protected void btnvote_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
if (rdogood.Checked == true)
int goodCount;
if (ViewState["gcount"] != null)
goodCount = Convert.ToInt32(ViewState["gcount"]) + 1; else
goodCount = 1;
ViewState["gcount"] = goodCount;
if (rdosatisfactory.Checked == true)
int satisfactoryCount;
if (ViewState["scount"] != null)
satisfactoryCount = Convert.ToInt32(ViewState["scount"]) + 1; else
satisfactoryCount = 1;
ViewState["scount"] = satisfactoryCount;
if (rdobad.Checked == true)
int badCount;
if (ViewState["bcount"] != null)
badCount = Convert.ToInt32(ViewState["bcount"]) + 1; else
badCount = 1;
ViewState["bcount"] = badCount;
int totalCount;
if (ViewState["count"] != null)
totalCount = Convert.ToInt32(ViewState["count"]) + 1; else
totalCount = 1;
```

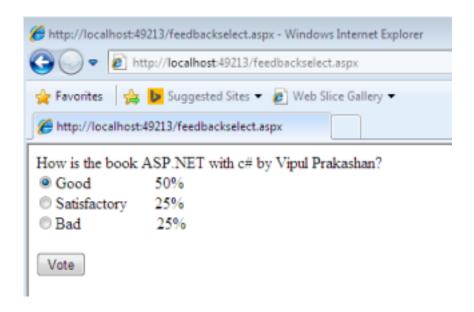
```
ViewState["count"] = totalCount;
double gper = (Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["gcount"]) /
Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["count"])) * 100.0f;
```

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ASP.NET WITH C#

```
lblgood.Text = gper.ToString() + "%";
double sper = (Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["scount"]) /
Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["count"])) * 100.0f;
lblsatisfactory.Text = sper.ToString() + "%";
double bper = (Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["bcount"]) /
Convert.ToDouble(ViewState["count"])) * 100.0f;
lblbad.Text = bper.ToString()+"%";
} } }
```

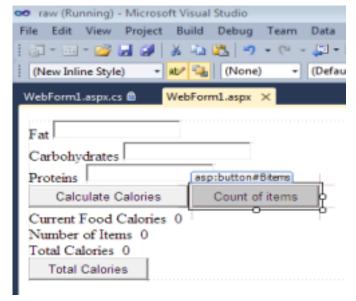
BROWSER OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL NO.: 03(5)

<u>AIM</u>: Create a project that calculates the total of fat, carbohydrate and protein. Allow the user to enter into text boxes. The grams of fat, grams of carbohydrate and grams of protein. Each gram of fat is 9 calories and protein or carbohydrate is 4 calories. Display the total calories of the current food item in a label. Use to other labels to display and accumulated some of calories and the count of items entered. The form food have 3 text boxes for the user to enter the grams for each category include label next to each text box indicating what the user is enter.

DESIGN:



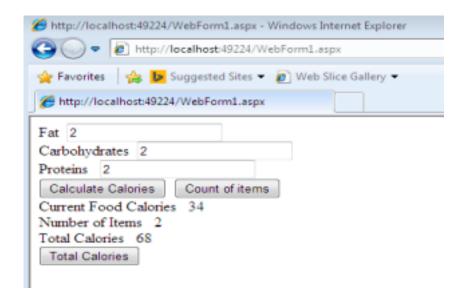
PROPERTIES TABLE:

```
CODE:
```

ASP.NET WITH C#

```
lbltc.Text = Convert.ToString(total_items);
}
protected void Bitems_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
lblnof.Text = Convert.ToString(Convert.ToInt32(lblnof.Text) + 1); }
protected void Btotalcalo_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
lbltc.Text = Convert.ToString(Convert.ToInt32(lbltc.Text) +
Convert.ToInt32(lblcfc.Text));
}
}
```

BROWSER OUTPUT:



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ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 04(1)

AIM: Set the label border color of rollno to red using css.

DESIGN:

StyleSheet1.css	WebForm1.aspx* → ×
Enter Roll	No.:
Enter Name	e:
Enter Mark	s:
Subm	nit Clear

PROPERTY TABLE:

Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lblRollNo
Label1	Text	Enter Roll No.
Label1	BorderStyle	Dotted
Label1	BackColor	Coral
Label2	ID	lblName
Label2	Text	Enter Name
Label3	ID	lblMarks
Label3	Text	Enter Marks
TextBox1	ID	txtRollNo
TextBox2	ID	txtName
TextBox3	ID	txtMarks
Button1	ID	btnSubmit
Button1	Text	Submit

CODE:

<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="cssexample.aspx.cs"
Inherits="practical4css.cssexample" %>

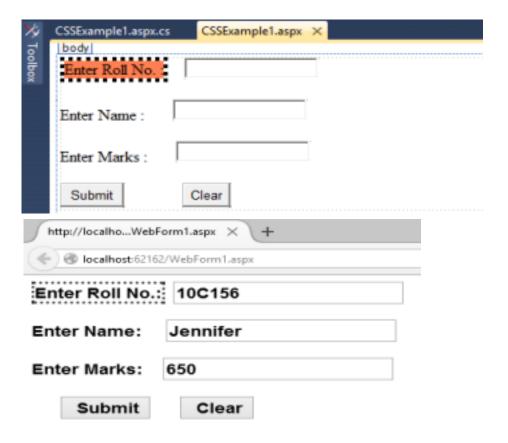
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>

[&]quot;http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">

<head runat="server">

```
</head>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div>
<asp:Label ID="Label1" runat="server" Text="Enter Roll No.:"</pre>
BorderStyle="Dotted" BackColor="Coral"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox1" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<asp:Label ID="Label2" runat="server" Text="Enter Name:"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox2" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<asp:Label ID="Label3" runat="server" Text="Enter Marks:"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox3" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<br />
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Submit" />
       
; <asp:Button ID="Button2" runat="server" Text="Clear" />
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

BROWSER OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL NO.: 04(2)

 $\underline{\textbf{AIM}}:$ Set the font-Arial , font style-bond , font size-18px of different controls(ie. Label, textbox, button) using css.

DESIGN:

≫ 7∘	CSSExample1.aspx.cs*	CSSExample1.aspx*	
Toolbox	Enter Roll No. :		
	Enter Name :		
	Enter Marks:		
	Submit	Clear	

PROPERTY TABLE:

Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lblRollNo
Label1	Text	Enter Roll No.
Label1	BorderStyle	Dotted
Label1	BackColor	Coral
Label2	ID	lblName
Label2	Text	Enter Name
Label2	CssClass	Common
Label3	ID	lblMarks
Label3	Text	Enter Marks
Label3	CssClass	Common
TextBox1	ID	txtRollNo
TextBox1	CssClass	Txt Style
TextBox2	ID	txtName

TextBox2	CssClass	Txt Style
TextBox3	ID	txtMarks
TextBox3	CssClass	Txt Style
Button1	ID	btnSubmit
Button1	Text	Submit
Button1	CssClass	btnStyle
Button2	ID	btnClear
Button2	Text	Clear
Button2	CssClass	btnStyle

CODE:

ASP.NET WITH C#

```
Myformat.css
.BtnStyle
font-family:Times New Roman;
font-size:large;
font-weight:bold;
.TxtStyle
font-family:Georgia;
font-size:larger;
font-weight:400;
background-color:Maroon;
border:2px solid goldenrod;
}
.Common
background-color:Aqua;
color:Red;
font-family:Courier New;
font-size:20px;
font-weight:bolder;
}
```

Myformatting.aspx

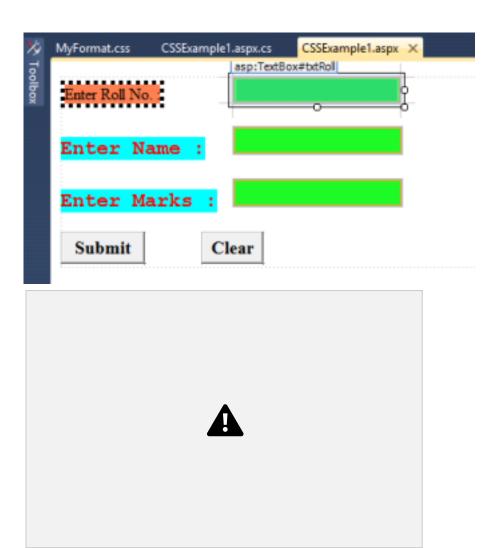
```
<@@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="cssexample.aspx.cs"
Inherits="practical4css.cssexample" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div>
<asp:Label ID="Label1" runat="server" Text="Enter Roll No.:" BorderStyle="Dotted"</pre>
BackColor="Coral"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox1" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<asp:Label ID="Label2" runat="server" Text="Enter Name:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox2" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
ASP.NET WITH C#
<asp:Label ID="Label3" runat="server" Text="Enter Marks:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox3" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<br />
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Submit" CssClass="BtnStyle" />
```

<asp:Button ID="Button2" runat="server" Text="Clear" CssClass="BtnStyle" />

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BROWSER OUTPUT:

</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>



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ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 04(3)

<u>AIM</u>: Design the same webpages for BMS, BAF, BscIT students and apply same background color for all the pages using css.



PROPERTY TABLE:

Control	Property	Value
---------	----------	-------

Label1	ID	lblBScIT
Label1	Text	Welcome to BScIT
Label1	CssClass	bk

Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lblBAF
Label1	Text	Welcome to BMS
Label1	CssClass	bk

Control	Property	Value
Label1	ID	lblBMS
Label1	Text	Welcome to BAF
Label1	CssClass	bk

CODE:

```
Myformat.css
```

```
.BtnStyle
{
font-family:Times New Roman;
font-size:large;
font-weight:bold;
}
.TxtStyle
{
font-family:Georgia;
font-size:larger;
font-weight:400;
background-color:Lime;
border:2px solid goldenrod;
}
.Common
{
```

ASP.NET WITH C#

background-color:Aqua; color:Red; font-family:Courier New;

```
font-size:20px;
font-weight:bolder;
}
.bk
background-color:Lime;
BScIT.aspx
<@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="BScIT.aspx.cs"
Inherits="cssExample.BScIT" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
</head>
<body text="Welcome to BScIT">
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div class="bk">
<asp:Label ID="lblBScIT" runat="server" Text="Welcome to BscIT"></asp:Label>
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
BAF.aspx
<@@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="BAF.aspx.cs"
Inherits="cssExample.BAF" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
</head>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div class="bk">
<asp:Label ID="lblBAF" runat="server" Text="Welcome to BAF"></asp:Label>
</div>
</form>
</body>
```

BMS.aspx

```
<@@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="BMS.aspx.cs"
Inherits="cssExample.BMS" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
</head>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server" class="bk">
<asp:Label ID="lblBMS" runat="server" Text="Welcome to BMS"></asp:Label>
</form>
</body>
</html>
CSSExample1.aspx:
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="CSSExample1.aspx.cs"</p>
Inherits="cssExample.CSSExample1" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
</head>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div>
<asp:Label ID="lblRollNo" runat="server" Text="Enter Roll No. :"</pre>
BorderStyle="Dotted" BackColor="Coral"></asp:Label>
          
p;   
/>
<br />
<asp:Label ID="lblName" runat="server" Text="Enter Name :"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
     
/>
<br />
```

```
<asp:Label ID="lblMarks" runat="server" Text="Enter Marks :"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
   
/>
<br />
<asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" onclick="btnSubmit_Click"</pre>
Text="Submit" CssClass="BtnStyle" />
         
<asp:Button ID="btnClear" runat="server" Text="Clear" CssClass="BtnStyle"/>
<br>>
<br>
<br>
<h1><a href="BScIT.aspx"</a>Bsc IT</h1>
<h2><a href ="BAF.aspx"</a>BAF</h2>
<h3><a href = "BMS.aspx" </a> BMS </h3>
<a href="http://www.vsit.edu.in/">
Contact us</a>
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

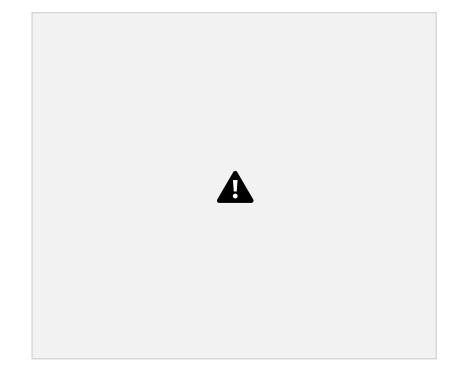
OUTPUT:









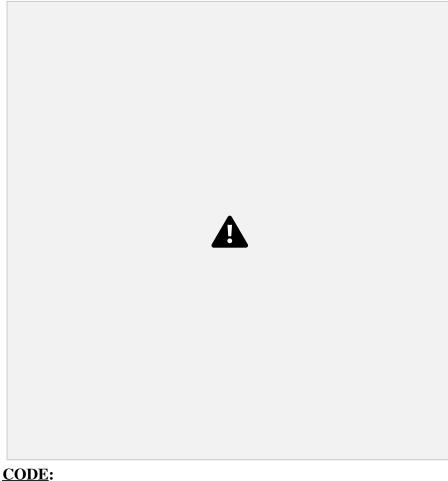




PRACTICAL NO.: 04(4)

<u>AIM</u>: Change the font family and color of all heading of above webpage using css.

DESIGN:



myformating.aspx

```
<%@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="myformatting.aspx.cs"</pre>
Inherits="WebApplication1.myformatting" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
<style type="text/css">
h1,h2,h3{color:Blue; font-family:Agency FB;}
</style>
</head>
```

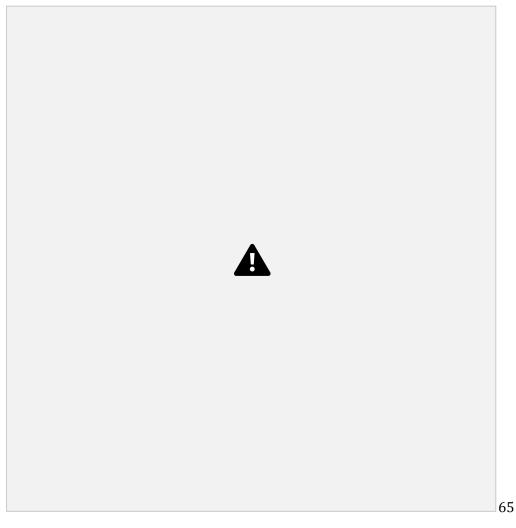
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<body> <form id="form1" runat="server"> <div> <asp:Label ID="Label1" runat="server" Text="Enter Roll No.:" BorderStyle="Dotted"</pre> BackColor="Coral"></asp:Label> <asp:TextBox ID="TextBox1" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>

```
<br />
<asp:Label ID="Label2" runat="server" Text="Enter Name:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox2" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<asp:Label ID="Label3" runat="server" Text="Enter Marks:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox3" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox>
<br />
<br />
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Submit" CssClass="BtnStyle" />
<asp:Button ID="Button2" runat="server" Text="Clear" CssClass="BtnStyle" />
<h1><a href="bscit.aspx"</a>Bsc IT</h1>
<h2><a href ="baf.aspx"</a>BAF</h2>
<h3><a href ="bms.aspx"</a>BMS</h3>
<a href="http://www.vsit.edu.in/">
Contact us</a>
<br />
<br />
<br />
<br />
</div>
</form>
</body>
</html>
```

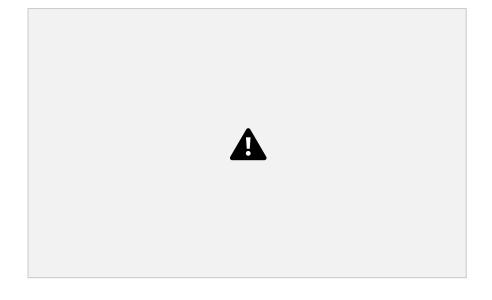
BROWSER OUTPUT:



<u>PRACTICAL NO.: 04(5)</u>

 $\underline{\textbf{AIM}}$: Use pseudo classes and display link, visited link and active link of $\underline{\textbf{contact us}}$ differently.

DESIGN:



CODE:

</body>

myformatting.aspx

```
<@@ Page Language="C#" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeBehind="myformatting.aspx.cs"
Inherits="WebApplication1.myformatting" %>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</p>
"http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head runat="server">
<title></title>
k rel="Stylesheet" type="text/css" href="MyFormat.css" />
<style type="text/css">
h1,h2,h3{color:Blue; font-family:Agency FB;}
A:link{color:Red;}
A:visited{color:Green;}
A:active{color:Orange;}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<form id="form1" runat="server">
<div>
<asp:Label ID="Label1" runat="server" Text="Enter Roll No.:" BorderStyle="Dotted"</pre>
BackColor="Coral"></asp:Label>
                                                                                66
ASP.NET WITH C#
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox1" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox> <br/> <br/> 
<asp:Label ID="Label2" runat="server" Text="Enter Name:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
<asp:TextBox ID="TextBox2" runat="server" CssClass="TxtStyle"></asp:TextBox> <br/> <br/> 
<asp:Label ID="Label3" runat="server" Text="Enter Marks:"</pre>
CssClass="Common"></asp:Label>
/><br />
<asp:Button ID="Button1" runat="server" Text="Submit" CssClass="BtnStyle" />
<asp:Button ID="Button2" runat="server" Text="Clear" CssClass="BtnStyle" /> <h1><a</pre>
href="bscit.aspx"</a>Bsc IT</h1>
<h2><a href ="baf.aspx"</a>BAF</h2>
<h3><a href ="bms.aspx"</a>BMS</h3>
<a href="http://www.vsit.edu.in/">
Contact us</a>
<br /><br /><br />
</div>
</form>
```

BROWSER OUTPUT:



ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO. : 05(1)

<u>AIM</u>: Programs using ASP.NET Server controls.

Create the application that accepts name, password ,age , email id, and user id. Allthe information entry is compulsory. Password should be reconfirmed. Age should be within 21 to 30. Email id should be valid. User id should have at least a capital letter and digit as well as length should be between 7 and 20 characters.

DESIGN:



CODE:

return;

```
ValidateControlForm.aspx
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Web;
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
namespace ValidationControl
public partial class ValidationControlForm : System.Web.UI.Page
protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
ASP.NET WITH C#
protected void CustomValidator1_ServerValidate(object source,
ServerValidateEventArgs args)
string str = args.Value;
args.IsValid = false;
if (str.Length < 7 \parallel str.Length > 20)
```

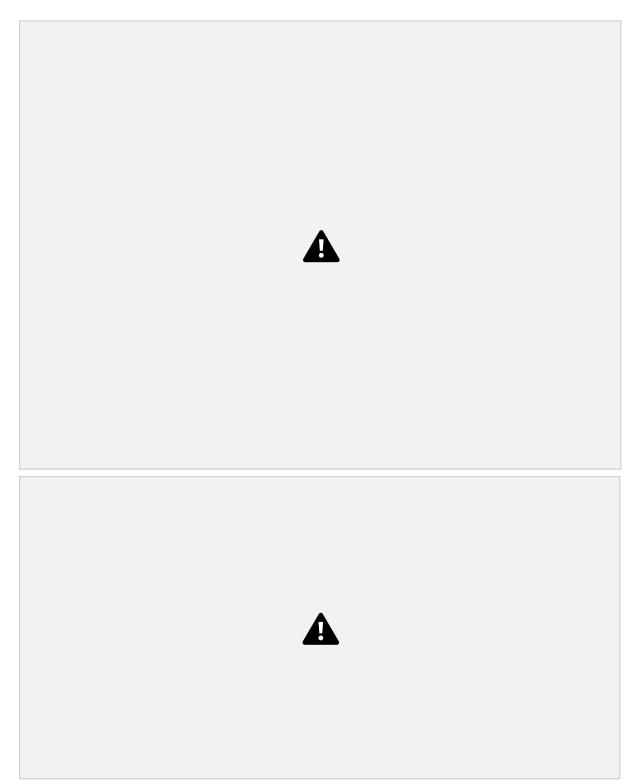
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```
bool capital = false;
foreach (char ch in str)
if (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z')
capital = true;
break;
}
}
if (!capital)
return;
bool digit = false;
foreach (char ch in str)
if (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9')
digit = true;
break;
}
if (!digit)
return;
args.IsValid = true;
protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e) {
}
}
```

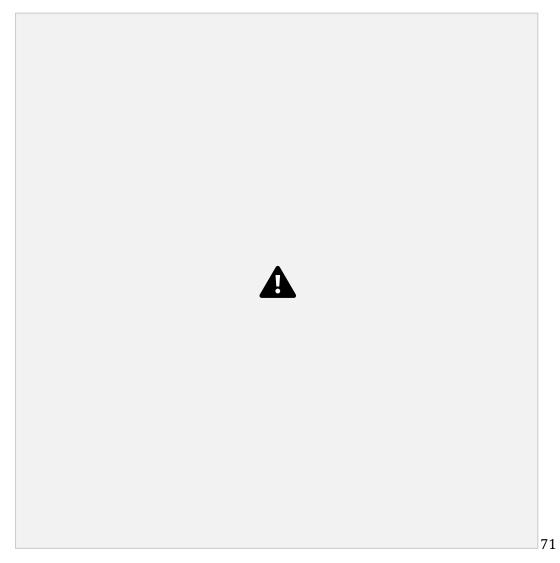
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ASP.NET WITH C#

OUTPUT:



ASP.NET WITH C#



ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 05(2)

AIM: Programs using ASP.NET Server controls. Create a website for a bank and include types of navigation.

DESIGN:



CODE:

Web.sitemap

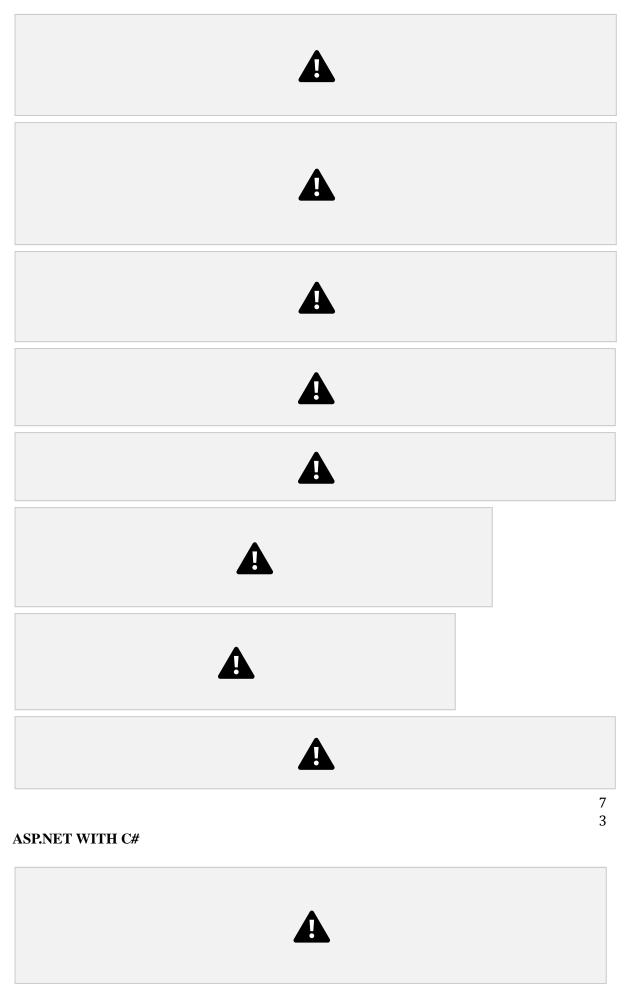
```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<siteMap xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/AspNet/SiteMap-File-1.0" >
<siteMapNode url="~\" title="Local bank of india" description="Online Banking">
<siteMapNode url="default.aspx" title="Home" description="Go to the homepage" />
<siteMapNode url="about.aspx" title="About Us" description="About us"/>
<siteMapNode url="statistics.aspx" title="Statistics" description="Statistics">
<siteMapNode url="data.aspx" title="Data Releases" description="Data Releases"/>
<siteMapNode url="database.aspx" title="Database on Indian Economy"
description="Economy of India"/>
<siteMapNode url="service.aspx" title="Service" description="Service Information"/>
</siteMapNode>
<siteMapNode url="publications.aspx" title="Publications" description="Publications">
<siteMapNode url="annual.aspx" title="Annual" description="Annual"/> <siteMapNode</pre>
url="monthly.aspx" title="Monthly" description="Monthly"/> <siteMapNode
url="reports.aspx" title="Reports" description="Reports"/> </siteMapNode>
</siteMapNode>
</siteMap>
```

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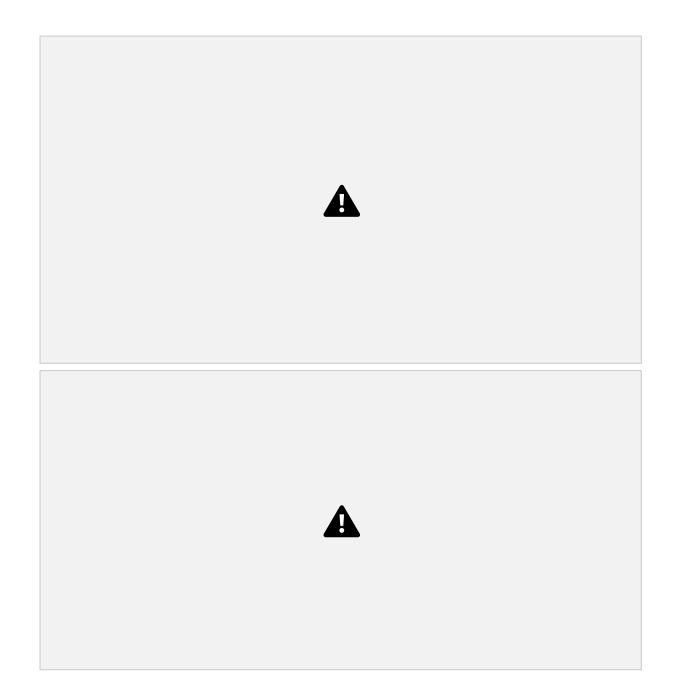
ASP.NET WITH C#

OUTPUT: (sitemap)





OUTPUT: (Website form Tree view Controls)



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ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO.: 06(1)

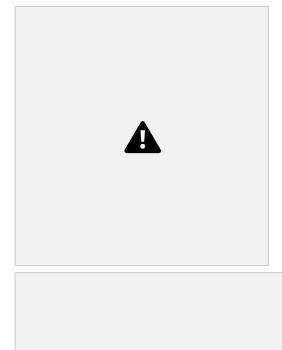
<u>AIM</u>: Database programs with ASP.NET and ADO.NET.

Create a Web App to display all the Empname and Deptid of the employee from the database using SQL source control and bind it to GridView . Database fields are(DeptId, DeptName, EmpName, Salary).

Steps:

- 1. File□new□website□empty website□name it□ok
- 2. Right click on website made□add new item□sql server database□name it□add□yes
- 3. Right click on table In server explorer \square add new table \square add columns \square save the table 4. Right click on table made \square show table data \square add values
- 5. Right click on website□add new item□webform□name it
- 6. Go to design view
- 7. Add a gridview below that add sqldatasource
- 8. Configure sqldatasource [] then add it to the gridview
- 9. Go to gridview menu enable sorting

DESIGN:







OUTPUT:



PRACTICAL NO.: 06(2)

AIM: Database programs with ASP.NET and ADO.NET

Create a Login Module which adds Username and Password in the database. Username in the database should be a primary key.

Steps2:

- 1. File□new□website□empty website□name it□ok
- 2. Right click on website made□add new item□sql server database□name it□add□yes
- 3. Right click on table In server explorer \square add new table \square add columns \square save the table 4. Right click on table made \square show table data \square add values
- 5. Right click on website□add new item□webform□name it
- 6. Go to design view □add form for login
- 7. Add sqldatasource □configure it
- 8. Write code

DESIGN	





CODE:

LoginModule.aspx

using System;

using System.Collections.Generic;

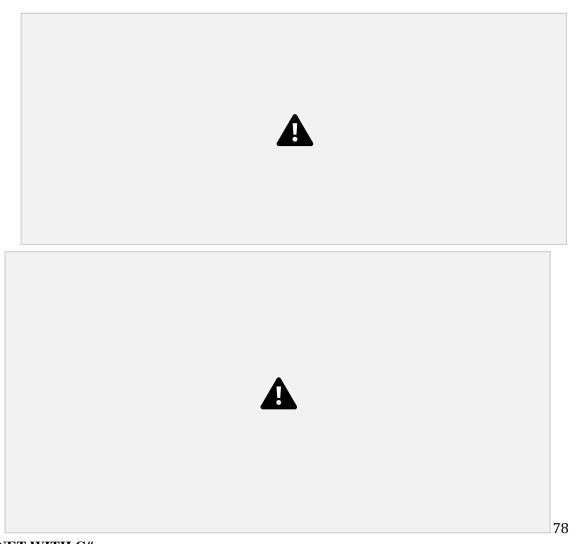
using System.Linq;

using System. Web;

ASP.NET WITH C#

```
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;
public partial class LoginModule : System.Web.UI.Page
{
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        protected void btnSignUp_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            SqlDataSource1.InsertParameters["Username"].DefaultValue = txtUserName.Text;
            SqlDataSource1.InsertParameters["Password"].DefaultValue = txtPassword.Text;
            SqlDataSource1.Insert();
            lblResult.Text = "User Added";
            }
        }
}
```

OUTPUT:



ASP.NET WITH C#

PRACTICAL NO. : 06(3)

AIM: Database programs with ASP.NET and ADO.NET

Create a web application to insert 3 records inside the SQL database table having following fields (DeptId, DeptName, EmpName, Salary). Update the salary for any one employee and increment it to 15% of the present salary. Perform delete operation on 1 row of the database table.

Steps:

- 9. File□new□website□empty website□name it□ok
- 10. Right click on website made□add new item□sql server database□name it□add□yes
- 11. Right click on table In server explorer □add new table □add columns □save the table
- 12. Right click on table made □show table data□add values
- 13. Right click on website □add new item □webform □name it
- 14. Go to design view □add necessary form
- 15. Add a grid view below the form below that add sqldatasource
- 16. Configure sqldatasource ☐then add it to the gridview
- 17. Go to grid view menu□add columns□select command field□check on delete and edit□ok
- 10.Double click on button□write code.

DESIGN:



CODE:

ASP.NET WITH C#

using System;

using System.Collections.Generic;

using System.Linq;

using System. Web;

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```
using System.Web.UI;
using System.Web.UI.WebControls;

public partial class LoginModule : System.Web.UI.Page
{
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        }
        protected void btnSignUp_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        {
            SqlDataSource1.InsertParameters["Username"].DefaultValue = txtUserName.Text;
            SqlDataSource1.InsertParameters["Password"].DefaultValue = txtPassword.Text;
            SqlDataSource1.Insert();
            Textbox1.Text="";
            Textbox2.Text="";
            }
        }
}
```

OUTPUT:

