## **Machine Learning**

- 1. (A) Least square error
- 2. (A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers
- 3. (C) Zero
- 4. (B) Correlation
- 5. (C) Low bias and high variance
- 6. (B) Predictive model
- 7. (D) Regularization
- 8. (A) Cross validation
- 9. (A) TPR & FPR
- 10.(B) False
- 11. (A) Construction bag of words from a email
- 12. (A) We don't have to choose the learning rate
  - (B) It becomes slow when the number of features is very large.
- 13. A Regularization is a way to avoid overfitting by penalizing high-valued regression coefficients. It reduces parameters and simplifies the model.
- 14. A Lasso & ridge regression algorithms are used for regularization.
- 15. A The error term is the difference between expected output at a particular time and the output that was actually observed. The error term stands for any influence being exerted on the variable. For eg: changes in market sentiment.