$$G_{\frac{1}{2}} = 50\%$$
50 per century

PERCENTAGE

- KOUSTAV

CONCEPT - PERCENTAGE

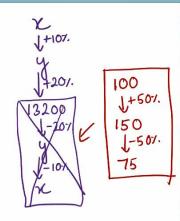
$$50 \text{ kg} \longrightarrow 60 \text{ kg}$$
 $50 \text{ kg} \longrightarrow 40 \text{ kg}$ CHANGE: = New V-Old V x 100 Old V = Change x 100 Old Value = -20%.

- I. The population of a town, named Mirzapur, is 8000. It decreases annually at the rate of 20% p. a. What will be its population after 2 years?
- A) 1600
- B) 4800
- C) 6400
- **5**) 5120

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
8000 & \\
\hline
I & \int_{-20}^{-20} & = 1600 \\
\hline
I & \int_{-20}^{-20} & = 1280
\end{array}$$

- \$000 x 80 x 80 100
 - = 5120

- 2. The population of a town, named Winterfell, increases 10% and 20% respectively in two consecutive years. The present population of the town is 13200. Then what was the population of the town 2 years ago?
- A) 9504
- B) 10001
- C) 10000
- D) 10100



- Let old = 100

 I J+101.=10

 II J+207.=22

 132=New

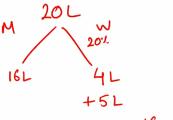
 132

 13200

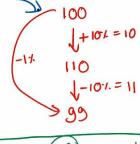
 X
- $\frac{100}{100} \times \frac{120}{100} = 13200$ $12 \frac{13200}{100} \times 10000 = 10000$
- $A + B + AB = 10\% + 20\% + \frac{10\times20}{100} = 30 + 2 = 32\%$ $X \times \frac{132}{100} = \frac{13200}{100}$
- V=10000

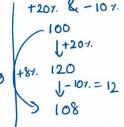
- 3. A mixture of 20 litres of milk and water contains 20% of water. A new mixture is formed by adding 5 litres of water. What is the percentage of milk in the new mixture?
- A) 36%
- B) 20%
- e) 64%
- D) 46%

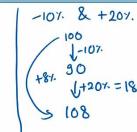
B

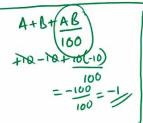


- 4. When a number is first increased by 10% and then reduced by 10%, the number:
- A) Does not change B) Decreases by 1% C) Increases by 1% D) None of these









- 5. In an election between two candidates, 20% of votes were declared invalid. First candidate got 70% of the valid votes and a lead of 1600 votes. The to<u>tal number of votes enrolled in that election was:</u>
- A) 5000 votes
- B) 5400 votes
- C) 10000 votes
- D) 6667 votes

Assume Total = 100°
$$1-207.=20$$
 [INVALID]

I 80 Valid

707. 30%.

56 - 24 = 32 = Lead

Lead Total 32x = 100x1600

x = 5000

x = 5000

x = 5000

6. If the price of petrol increases by 25%, by how much must Batman cut down his consumption so that his expenditure on petrol remains constant?

$$P = 100 \qquad \text{Exp} = 100$$

$$P_{2} = 125 \qquad \text{Exp}_{2} = 100$$

$$\text{Exp}_{2} = 125 \qquad \text{Exp}_{2} = 100$$

$$\text{Exp}_{2} = 125 \qquad \text{Exp}_{2} = 100$$

$$\frac{125 - 100}{125} \times 100 = \frac{25}{125} \times 100$$

$$\frac{125 - 100}{125} \times 100 = \frac{25}{125} \times 100$$

$$\frac{125}{125} = \frac{1}{125} = \frac{1}{1$$

- 7. If the price of petrol increases by 50% and Stark intends to spend only an additional 25% on petrol, by how much will he reduce the quantity of petrol purchased?
- A) 25%

C) 50%

D) 20%

8. If X and Y are 20% and 25% greater than Z respectively, by how much percentage is X smaller than Y?

A) 20%

$$X = 120$$

$$\frac{125 - 120}{125} \times 100 = \frac{5}{125} \times 100 = 47.$$

- 9. In XYZ College, 65% of students are less than 20 years of age. The number of students more than 20 years of age is 2/3rd of number of students of 20 years of age, which is 42. What is the total number of students in the college?
- A) 75 B) 90 C) 130 D) 200

$$N_{20} = 657. \qquad N_{20} + N_{20} = 357.$$

$$N_{20} = 42 \qquad N_{20} = \frac{2}{3} x^{42} = 28$$

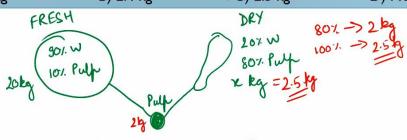
$$42 + 28 = \frac{35}{100} x T$$

$$T = 70 \times 100 = 200$$

10. Fresh grapes contain 90% water by weight while dried grapes contain 20% water by weight. What is the weight of dry grapes available from 20 kg of fresh grapes?

A) 2 kg

- B) 2.4 kg
- √C) 2.5 kg
- D) None of these



Put Frush
$$G = Putp Dry G$$

 10×0 of $20 \text{ kg} = 80 \times 0$ \times

$$2 \times \frac{10 \times 0}{80 \times 10^{-20}} = \frac{20}{8} = 2.5$$