

## Mat104 Problems on Complex Numbers From Old Exams

- (1) Find all solutions of  $z^5 = 6i$ .
- (2) Find the real part of  $(\cos 0.7 + i \sin 0.7)^{53}$ .
- (3) Find all complex numbers  $z$ , in Cartesian (rectangular) form such that  $(z - 1)^4 = -1$ .
- (4) Write  $(\sqrt{3} + i)^{50}$  in polar and in Cartesian form.
- (5) Find all fifth roots of  $-32$ .
- (6) Write the following in Cartesian form  $a + ib$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are real and simplified as much as possible:
  - (a)  $\frac{1}{1+i} + \frac{1}{1-i}$
  - (b)  $e^{2+i\pi/3}$
- (7) Write all solutions of  $z^3 = 8i$  in polar and Cartesian form, simplified as much as possible.
- (8) Find all complex solutions of the equation  $z^5 = 1 + i$ .
- (9) Find the imaginary part of  $\frac{2+i}{3-i}$ .
- (10) Find the angle between  $0$  and  $2\pi$  that is an argument of  $(1 - i)^{1999}$ .
- (11) Find all  $z$  such that  $e^{iz} = 3i$ .
- (12) Write  $(1 - i)^{100}$  as  $a + ib$  with  $a$  and  $b$  real numbers and simplify your answer.
- (13) Find the real part of  $e^{(5+12i)x}$  where  $x$  is real, and simplify your answer.
- (14) Find all solutions to  $z^6 = 8$  and plot them in the complex plane.
- (15) Evaluate  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sin n\theta}{n!}$ .
- (16) For what  $\theta$  does  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\cos n\theta}{2^n}$  converge? If it converges, what does it converge to?