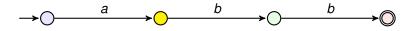
CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science

S. Krishna

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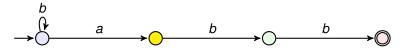
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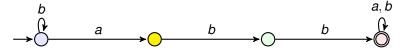
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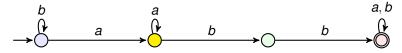
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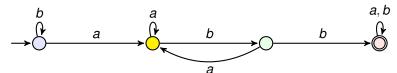
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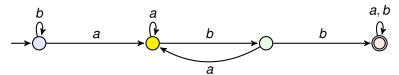
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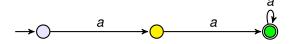
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Examples : *ab*, *babbaa*, *bbab*Non examples : *ba*, *bb*, *aba*

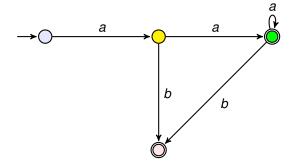


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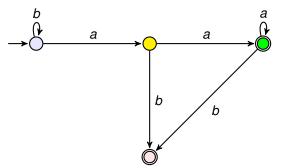


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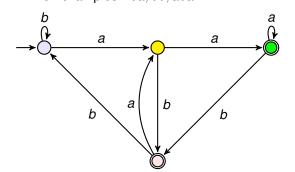
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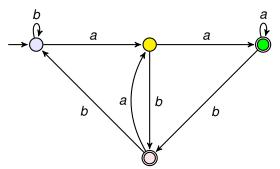
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Every state on every symbol goes to a unique state

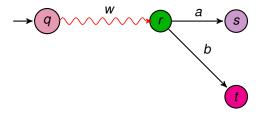
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 - $\delta(q, a) = q_1, \, \delta(\delta(q, a), a) = \delta(q_1, a) = q_2,$

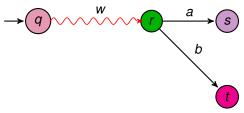
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 - $\hat{\delta}: Q \times \Sigma^* \to Q$ extension of δ to strings
 - $\hat{\delta}(q,\epsilon) = q$
 - $\hat{\delta}(q, wa) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), a)$

DFA: Transition Function on Words



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- $\hat{\delta}(q, wa) = s = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), a) = \delta(r, a)$
- $\hat{\delta}(q, wb) = t = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q, w), b) = \delta(r, b)$

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