

A decorative blue crosshair consisting of a vertical line and a horizontal line intersecting in the upper-left quadrant of the slide.

CS 228 : Logic in Computer Science

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DFA Acceptance

- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is accepted iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in F$
- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is rejected iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \notin F$

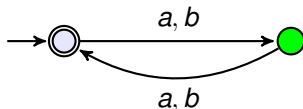
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- ▶ Any string $w \in \Sigma^*$ is either accepted or rejected by a DFA A

DFA Acceptance

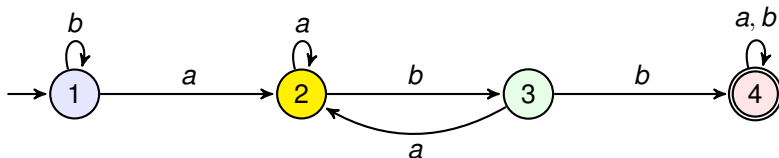
- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is accepted iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in F$
- ▶ $w \in \Sigma^*$ is rejected iff $\hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \notin F$
- ▶ Any string $w \in \Sigma^*$ is either accepted or rejected by a DFA A
- ▶ $L(A) = \{w \in \Sigma^* \mid \hat{\delta}(q_0, w) \in F\}$
- ▶ $\Sigma^* = L(A) \cup \overline{L(A)}$

Closer Look : DFA



- ▶ Blue state : $\epsilon, ab, ba, bb, aa, \dots$
- ▶ Green state : $a, b, aaa, aba, baa, bbb, bba, bab, \dots$
- ▶ All words in Σ^* reach a unique state from the initial state
- ▶ Words reaching a final state are **accepted**; all others are rejected

Closer Look : DFA

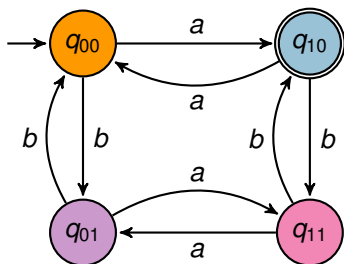


- ▶ state 1 : b^*
- ▶ state 2: $b^*a, b^*aa^*, b^*aa^*(ba)^*$
- ▶ state 3 : $b^*ab, b^*aa^*b, b^*aa^*(ba)^*b$
- ▶ state 4 : $b^*abb\Sigma^*, b^*aa^*bb\Sigma^*, b^*aa^*(ba)^*bb\Sigma^*$
- ▶ All words in Σ^* reach a unique state from the initial state
- ▶ Words reaching a final state are **accepted**; all others are rejected

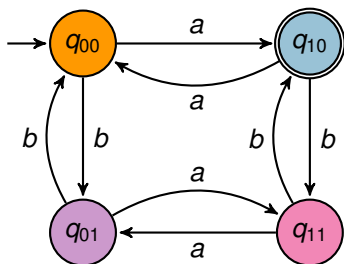
Closer Look : DFA

- ▶ Each state is a **bucket** holding infinitely many words
- ▶ Thus we have good and bad buckets
- ▶ The buckets partition Σ^*
- ▶ **Good buckets** determine the language accepted by the DFA
- ▶ Words that land in bad buckets are not accepted by the DFA

Language Acceptance : Proof

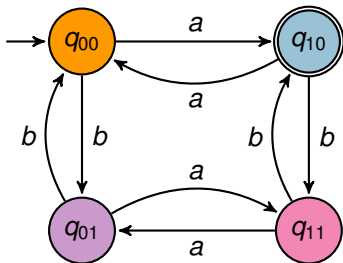


Language Acceptance : Proof



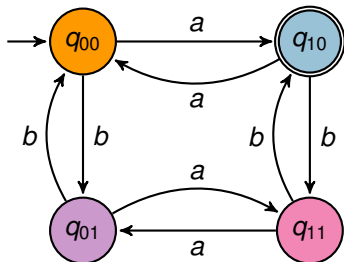
- $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |w|_a \text{ is odd and } |w|_b \text{ is even}\}$

Language Acceptance : Proof



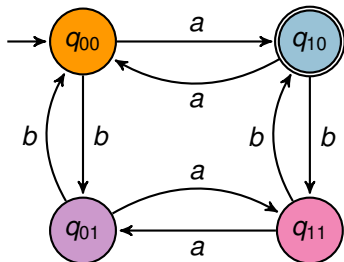
- ▶ $L = \{w \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |w|_a \text{ is odd and } |w|_b \text{ is even}\}$
- ▶ Show that for any $w \in \Sigma^*$,
 - ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, w) = q_{ij}$ with $i, j \in \{0, 1\}$, parity of i same as $|w|_a$ and parity of j same as $|w|_b$

Language Acceptance : Proof



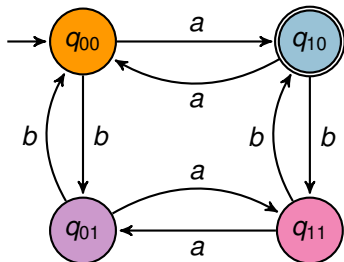
- Prove by induction on $|w|$

Language Acceptance : Proof



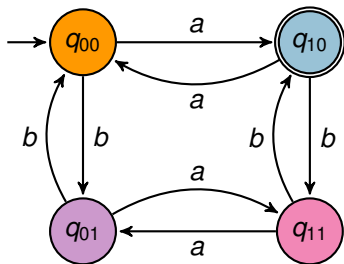
- ▶ Prove by induction on $|w|$
- ▶ Base case : For $|w| = \epsilon$, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, \epsilon) = q_{00}$

Language Acceptance : Proof



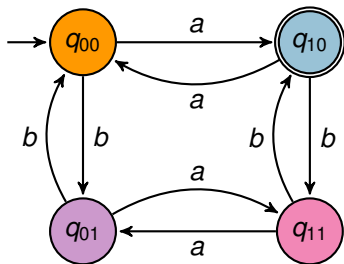
- ▶ Prove by induction on $|w|$
- ▶ Base case : For $|w| = \epsilon$, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, \epsilon) = q_{00}$
- ▶ Assume the claim for $x \in \Sigma^*$, and show it for xc , $c \in \{a, b\}$.

Language Acceptance : Proof



► $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, xc) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x), c)$

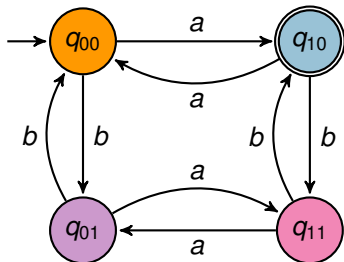
Language Acceptance : Proof



- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, xc) = \delta(\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x), c)$
- ▶ By induction hypothesis, $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x) = q_{ij}$ iff
 - ▶ parity of i and $|x|_a$ are the same
 - ▶ parity of j and $|x|_b$ are the same

Language Acceptance : Proof

If L is regular, S.T. the complement of L is also regular

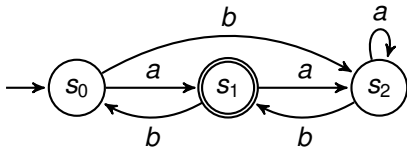


- ▶ Case Analysis : If $|x|_a$ odd and $|x|_b$ even, then $i = 1, j = 0$
 - ▶ $\delta(q_{10}, a) = q_{00}, \delta(q_{10}, b) = q_{11}$
 - ▶ $|xa|_a$ is even and $|xa|_b$ is even
 - ▶ $|xb|_a$ is odd and $|xb|_b$ is odd
- ▶ Other Cases : Similar
- ▶ $\hat{\delta}(q_{00}, x) = q_{10}$ iff $|x|_a$ odd and $|x|_b$ even

Recall : Bucket Analogy for DFA

- ▶ Finite states, infinite number of words
- ▶ Each state is a **bucket** holding infinitely many words
- ▶ Thus we have good and bad buckets
- ▶ The buckets partition Σ^*
- ▶ **Good buckets** determine the language accepted by the DFA
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Closure under Complementation



Closure under Complementation

