

Probability Assignment-1

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Problem Assigned -: 12.13.6.5

Question—An urn contains 25 balls of which 10 balls bear a mark 'X' and the remaining 15 bear a mark 'Y'. A ball is drawn at random from the urn, its mark is noted down and it is replaced. If 6 balls are drawn in this way, find the probability that

- 1) all will bear 'X' mark.
- 2) not more than 2 will bear 'Y' mark.
- 3) at least one ball will bear 'Y' mark.
- 4) the number of balls with 'X' mark and 'Y' mark will be equal.

SOLUTION -:

Given,

Probability of an event E is defined as

$$\Pr(E) = \frac{\text{Number of outcomes favourable to event } E}{\text{Total number of outcomes}}$$

Variables	Definition	values
N	Balls in the urn	25
N_X	Balls marked with X	10
N_Y	Balls marked with Y	15
n	No. Of trials	6
k	No. Of balls marked X in n trials	
p	$\Pr(X)$	0.4
q	$\Pr(Y) = 1 - \Pr(X)$	0.6

Here , in this problem we are drawing 6 balls with replacement having only two outputs either ball marked with X or Ball marked with Y So this trials can be thought of as Binomial trials.

Let, Z be the Random variable that represents the number of balls marked as X in 6 trials.

$$\Pr(Z = k) = \binom{n}{k} p^k q^{n-k}$$

We will define a function for cumulative distribution of the above question

$$F_X(i) = \Pr(X \leq i) \quad (1)$$

$$\Pr(X = i) = \binom{6}{i} \cdot p^i \cdot (q)^{6-i} \quad (2)$$

$$\therefore F_X(i) = \sum_{r=0}^i \binom{6}{r} p^r (q)^{6-r} \quad (3)$$

1)

$$\Pr(Z = 6) = \binom{6}{6} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^6 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^0 \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{64}{15625} \quad (5)$$

2)

$$\Pr(Z \geq 4) = 1 - F(Z = 3) \quad (6)$$

$$= \Pr(Z = 4) + \Pr(Z = 5) + \Pr(Z = 6) \quad (7)$$

$$= \binom{6}{4} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^4 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 + \binom{6}{5} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^5 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^1 \quad (8)$$

$$+ \binom{6}{6} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^6 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^0$$

$$= \frac{2740}{15625} = \frac{548}{3125} \quad (9)$$

3)

$$\Pr(Z < 6) = F(Z = 5) \quad (10)$$

$$= 1 - \Pr(Z = 6) \quad (11)$$

$$= 1 - \binom{6}{6} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^6 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^0 \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{15561}{15625} \quad (13)$$

4)

$$\Pr(Z = 3) = \binom{6}{3} \left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^3 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^3 \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{864}{3125} \quad (15)$$