

**WEEK-7**  
**SUPPLIER DATABASE**

**To Do List:**

- 1. Using Scheme diagram, create tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys.**



```
create database Supplier;
use Supplier;
create table Supplier
(sid int,
sname varchar(20),
city varchar(10),
primary key(sid));
create table Parts
(pid int,
pname varchar(20),
color varchar(10),
primary key(pid));
create table Catalog
(sid int,
pid int,
cost int,
primary key(sid,pid),
foreign key(sid) references Supplier(sid),
foreign key(pid) references Parts(pid));
```

- 2. Insert appropriate records in each table.**

```
insert into Supplier values(10001,'Acme
Widget','Bangalore'),(10002,'Johns','Kolkata'),(10003,'Vimal','Mumbai'),(
10004,'Reliance','Delhi');
insert into Parts
values(20001,'Book','Red'),(20002,'Pen','Red'),(20003,'Pencil','Green'),(2
0004,'Mobile','Green'),(20005,'Charger','Black');
```

insert into Catalog

values(10001,20001,10),(10001,20002,10),(10001,20003,30),(10001,20004,10),(10001,20005,10),(10002,20001,10),(10002,20002,20),(10003,20003,30),(10004,20003,40);





Result Grid			Filter Rows:	<input type="text"/>
	sid	sname	city	
▶	10001	Acme Widget	Bangalore	
	10002	Johns	Kolkata	
	10003	Vimal	Mumbai	
	10004	Reliance	Delhi	
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	

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Result Grid

Filter Rows:

	pid	pname	color
▶	20001	Book	Red
	20002	Pen	Red
	20003	Pencil	Green
	20004	Mobile	Green
	20005	Charger	Black
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid			 Filter Rows:	
	sid	pid	cost	
	10001	20001	10	
	10001	20002	10	
	10001	20003	30	
	10001	20004	10	
	10001	20005	10	
	10002	20001	10	
	10002	20002	20	
	10003	20003	30	
	10004	20003	40	
	NULL	NULL	NULL	

Catalog 3 x

### 3. Find the pnames of parts for which there is some supplier.

select distinct p.pname from Parts p,Catalog c where p.pid=c.pid;

Result Grid	
	pname
▶	Book
	Pen
	Pencil
	Mobile
	Charger

**4. Find the snames of suppliers who supply every part.**

select sname from Supplier where sid in (select sid from Catalog group by sid having count(distinct pid)=(select count(pid) from Parts));

Result Grid	
	sname
▶	Acme Widget

**5. Find the snames of suppliers who supply every red part.**

select sname from Supplier where sid in (select sid from Catalog c,Parts p where c.pid=p.pid and p.color='Red' group by sid having count(distinct p.pid)=(select count(\*) from Parts where color='Red'));

Result Grid	
	sname
▶	Acme Widget
	Johns

**6. Find the pnames of parts supplied by Acme Widget Suppliers and by no one else.**

select pname from Parts where pid in (select w.pid from (select pid from Catalog group by pid having count(distinct sid)=1) w, Catalog c1,Supplier s1 where w.pid=c1.pid and c1.sid=s1.sid and s1.sname='Acme widget');

Result Grid	
	pname
▶	Mobile
	Charger

7. Find the sids of suppliers who charge more for some part than the average cost of that part (averaged over all the suppliers who supply that part).

```
select distinct c.sid from Catalog c where c.cost>(select avg(c1.cost) from Catalog c1 where c1.pid=c.pid);
```

Result Grid	
	sid
▶	10002
	10004

8. For each part, find the sname of the supplier who charges the most for that part.

```
select p.pid,s.sname from Parts p,Supplier s,Catalog c where c.pid=p.pid and c.sid=s.sid and c.cost=(select max(c1.cost) from Catalog c1 where c1.pid=p.pid);
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:
	pid	sname
▶	20001	Acme Widget
	20004	Acme Widget
	20005	Acme Widget
	20001	Johns
	20002	Johns
	20003	Reliance