NMAM INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, NITTE Off-Campus Centre of Nitte (Deemed to be University) Second Semester B.Tech (CBCS) Degree Examinations CY1003-1-MATERIALS CHEMISTRY FOR COMPUTER SYSTEMS

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS: UNIT - III

E-waste management & Green fuels

1.	Which of the following is NOT a source of e-waste?						
	A)	Plastic bottles	B)	Printer			
	C)	Fluorescent lamps	D)	Laptops			
Ans	A)	A) Plastic bottles					
2.	Cho	oose the incorrect statement.					
	A)	e-waste refers to electronic wastes.	B)	e-waste comprises of only toxic substances.			
	C)	It is possible to extract gold from e-waste.	D)	e-waste can cause soil pollution.			
Ans	B)						
3.	Red	cycling of e-waste has a direct impact on					
	A)	Environment	B)	Economy			
	C)	Both environment and economy	D)	Neither environment nor economy			
Ans	C)	Both environment and economy					
4.	Wh	Which of the following is an example of halogenated compound found in e-waste?					
	A)	Cd	B)	Toner dust			
	C)	CRT	D)	CFC			
Ans	D)	CFC					
5.	Wh	at is the ill-effect of CFC emission?					
	A)	It causes lung cancer.	B)	It results in cardiac failure.			
	C)	It obscures vision.	D)	It accumulates in stratosphere and depletes			
	_		,	ozone.			
Ans	D)	It accumulates in stratosphere and depletes	ozo	ne.			
6.	The	The metal ions released from e-waste can prove hazardous to human health due to their					
	A)	easy bioaccumulation	B)	inert nature			
	C)	tendency to undergo reduction	D)	optical nature			
Ans	A)	easy bioaccumulation					
7.	Wh	ich is the first step of e-waste recycling?					
	A)	Chemical	B)	Physical			
	C)	Biological	D)	Thermal			
Ans	B)	Physical					
8.		ange the following processes in the correct s	eque	ence.			
		Separation of metals					
		(ii) Manual dismantling of waste components					
		(iii) Mechanical shredding of the individual components					
	A)	(i), (ii) & (iii)	B)	(ii), (iii) & (i)			
	C)	(iii), (i) & (ii)	D)	(ii), (i) & (iii)			
Ans	B)	(ii), (iii) & (i)					
9.		Which of the following is not a type of thermal treatment method?					
	A)	Combustion	B)	Sintering			
_	C)	Extraction	D)	Incineration			
Ans		C) Extraction					
10.	Wh	ich of the following method is carried out in t	ne al	osence of oxygen?			

	A)	Pyrolysis	B)	Gasification
	C)	Combustion	D)	Incineration
Ans	A)	Pyrolysis		
11.	Wh	at is the disadvantage of thermal treatment?		
	A)	It is a simple and cheaper method of waste	B)	It releases large amount of carcinogens in the
	-	disposal.		atmosphere.
	C)	It helps in quick reduction in waste volume.	D)	It is easily adaptable.
Ans	B)	It releases large amount of carcinogens in the	ne at	mosphere.
12.	Wh	ich are the two stages of hydrometallurgy?		
	A)	Leaching and electrodeposition	B)	Electrodeposition and recover
	C)	Leaching and recovery	D)	Extraction and leaching
Ans	C)	Leaching and recovery		
13.	Wh	ich of the following method is NOT a part of p	yror	netallurgical treatment of e-wastes?
	A)	Smelting	B)	Incineration
	C)	Pyrolysis	D)	Filtration
Ans	D)	Filtration		
14.	Ide	ntify the INCORRECT statement.		
	A)	Pyrometallurgy involves high temperature treatment	B)	Combustion is reduction at room temperature.
	C)	Leaching involves conversion of metals into soluble salts or complexes	D)	Pyrolysis is undertaken in the absence of oxygen
Ans	B)	Combustion is reduction at room temperatu	re	Oxygen
15.		raction of metals by treatment with HCl is call		s leaching
10.	A)	Cyanide	B)	thioruea
	C)	acid	D)	thiosulphate
Ans	C)	Acid	, ,	tilloodipriato
16.	_	ich of the following method is not suitable for	aol	d extraction?
	A)	Cyanide leaching	B)	Metal leaching
	C)	Halide leaching	D)	Thiosulphate leaching
Ans	B)	Metal leaching		, <u>g</u>
17.		ring thiourea leaching, reaction takes	plac	e between the metal ion and thiourea.
	A)	Repulsion	B)	Neutralization
	C)	Substitution	D)	Complexation
Ans	D)	Complexation		
18.		Is a metal recovery process cons	sistir	ng of transfer of metal ion from inorganic to
	A)	Solvent Extraction	B)	Adsorption
	C)	Ion exchange	D)	Electrodeposition
Ans	A)	Solvent Extraction	(D)	Licetrodeposition
19.		ich of the following statement is NOT true for	ion	exchange process?
10.	A)	It is an extension of solvent extraction	B)	The exchange reaction occurs on the surface
	, ,	method.	0)	of polymer beads.
	C)	The method is not selective.	D)	It is an environment-friendly method.
Ans	C)	The method is not selective.	<i>D)</i>	it is an environment menaly method.
20.	_	ization of activated charcoal is effective for		nrocess
20.	A)	solvent Extraction	B)	adsorption
	C)	ion exchange	D)	electrodeposition
Ans	B)	Adsorption	<u> </u>	- Glock Gdopodkien
21.		ose the correct statement.		
	A)	Metal recovered by electrodeposition method	B)	During ion exchange, the metal ions bind to
	- ''	is of high purity.	-,	the polymeric functional groups by hydrogen bonding.
	C)	Solvent extraction is a three phase system.	D)	Activated charcoal has the least tendency to behave as metal adsorbent.
Ans	A)	Metal recovered by electrodeposition metho	d is	

22.	metal is taken as cathode during gold recovery by electro-deposition.						
	A)	Pt	B)	Cu			
	C)	Au	D)	C			
Ans	C)	Au					
23.		CPCB and SPCB are part of					
	A)	Producers	B)	Consumers			
	C)	Recyclers	D)	Statutory government regulatory bodies			
Ans	D)						
24.	Wh	Which of the following is not the responsibility of a recycler?					
	A)	Collection of e-waste	B)	Registering themselves with SPCB			
	C)	Payment of green tax	D)	Following the standard norms of recycling			
Ans	C)	Payment of green tax					
25.	Wh	Who frames the guidelines for e-waste disposal and recycling?					
	A)	CPCB	B)	Producers			
	C)	Consumers	D)	Recyclers			
Ans	A)	CPCB					
26.	Spl	itting of water into hydrogen and oxygen usi	ng er				
	A)	Fission	B)	Fusion			
	C)	Electrolysis	D)	Photosynthesis			
Ans	C)	Electrolysis					
27	Photovoltaic cells convert energy to energy.						
	A)	Chemical; Electrical	B)	Electrical; Chemical			
	C)	Solar; Electrical	D)	Electrical; Solar			
Ans	C)	,					
28	Ide	ntify the INCORRECT statement.					
	A)	Hydrogen energy is a clean energy.	B)	Hydrogen can be generated in electrolyzer.			
	C)	During water electrolysis, hydrogen is	D)	Hydrogen gas is highly flammable and			
		liberated at the anode.		explosive.			
Ans	C)	During water electrolysis, hydrogen is libera					
29.		e thermal decomposition of e-waste at high te	mpe	rature in an oxygen-free environment is			
		led	T = \				
	A)	Smelting	B)	Combustion			
_	C)	Pyrolysis	D)	Incineration			
Ans	C)	Pyrolysis					
30.		which process are the electronic components	harv	ested from e-waste without breaking them			
		smaller components?	D\	Discot so such a			
	A)	Hydrometallurgy	B)	Direct recycling			
A	C)	Pyrometallurgy	D)	Electrolysis			
Ans	B)	Direct recycling					
