

Depth Estimation Using Segmentation in Natural Images

Shrayan Roy, Roll No.: MD2220

Project Supervisor: Dr. Deepayan Sarkar, ISI Delhi

Traditional photographs are 2-dimensional projections of a 3-dimensional scene. The third dimension is Depth, which represents the distance between the camera and the objects in the image. Estimating the depth of objects from a single photograph is an intriguing problem with many applications [1], such as post-capture image refocusing [2], but is difficult without special hardware.

Levin et al [3] proposed a simple depth estimation method that requires a modified camera with a special coded aperture. The premise of their method is that a conventional camera captures blurred versions of scene information away from the plane of focus, and by making use of a simple gradient prior on natural images, the amount of blur can be estimated as a surrogate for depth. This method is used to estimate a layered depth map which can be used for automatic scene segmentation, post-capture refocusing of blurred areas, or re-rendering of the scene from an alternate viewpoint.

Our project aims to explore whether similar tasks can be performed using images from standard (unmodified) cameras, making use of modern high-performance segmentation algorithms such as Segment Anything [4]. Our hope is that by starting from a pre-segmented image, it will be easier to estimate the blur kernel without a special coded aperture, using the dependent image gradient prior proposed in [5]. In addition to the non-parametric blur kernel estimation method proposed, we plan to formulate and use simple parametric models for depth blurring, which we hope will lead to more efficient estimates.

References:

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