

LAB-6

1) Write a java program with using generic show the class Stack for 5 integer & 5 double

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Stack<E>  
{
```

```
    E stack[];
```

```
    int top;
```

```
    final int Size = 10;
```

```
    Stack()
```

```
{
```

```
        stack = (E[]) new Object [Size];
```

```
        top = -1;
```

```
}
```

```
void push (E m.)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (top == Size - 1)
```

```
{
```

```
        System.out.println("overflow");
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    top++
```

```
    stack[top] = m;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
    pop()
```

```
    if (top < 0)
```

```
        System.out.println("Underflow");  
        return null;
```

```
    }
```

```
    else
```

```
        top--;
```

```
        return Stack[top];
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
class TestStack
```

```
{
```

```
    public static void main(String [] args)
```

```
{
```

```
    Stack <Integer> mystack 1 = new  
        Stack <Integer> ();
```

```
    Stack <Double> mystack 2 = new  
        Stack <Double> ();
```

```
    Scanner s = new Scanner (System.in);  
    System.out.println("Enter the element  
        into Stack");
```



```
for (int i=0; i<5; i++)  
{  
    int n = s.nextInt();  
    mystack1.push(n);  
}
```

System.out.println("Enter Elements
into the Double Stack");

```
for (int i=0; i<5; i++)  
{  
    double m = s.nextDouble();  
    mystack2.push(m);  
}
```

~~System.out.println("Element of Stack 1");~~

```
for (int i=0; i<5; i++)  
{  
    System.out.println(mystack1.pop());  
}
```

System.out.println("Element of Stack 2")

```
for (int i=0; i<5; i++)  
{  
    System.out.println(mystack2.pop());  
}
```

```
s.close();  
}
```

Output:

Enter the element into Stack

1

2

3

4

5

Enter the Element into double Stack

6

7

8

9

1

Elements of Stack 1: 5

4

3

2

1

Element of Stack 2:

2.0

9.0

8.0

7.0

6.0

- 1) Write a Java program to create an abstract class Shape with abstract methods calculateArea() & calculatePerimeter(). Create subclasses such as Triangle.

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
abstract class Shape
```

```
{
```

```
    double a;
```

```
    double b;
```

```
    double c;
```

```
    abstract void Area();
```

```
    abstract void perimeter();
```

```
}
```

```
class Triangle extends Shape
```

```
{
```

```
    Triangle(double x, double y, double z)
```

```
    { a = x;
```

```
      b = y;
```

```
      c = z;
```

```
}
```

```
    void calculateArea()
```

```
{
```

```
    double s = (a + b + c) / 2;
```

```
    System.out.println("Area" +
```

```
    Math.sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c)));
```

```
}
```

```

    void calculatePerimetre() {
        System.out.println("perimetre = "
            + (a + b + c));
    }

```

```

class Circle extends Shape {
    Circle(double r)
    {
        a = r;
    }

```

```

    void calculateArea()
    {
        System.out.println("Area = "
            + (Math.PI * a * a));
    }

```

```

    void calculatePerimetre()
    {
        System.out.println("perimetre = "
            + (2 * Math.PI * a));
    }
}

```

```

class Shape {

```

```

    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Triangle t = new Triangle(2.0,
            3.0, 5.0);
    }

```


Circle C = new Circle(50);

t. calculateArea();

t. calculatePerimeter();

C. calculateArea();

C. calculatePerimeter();

}

}

OUTPUT

Area = 4.1578..

Perimeter = 110

Area = 78.539..

perimeter = 31.415..

String

Demonstrate String length, String literal, String concat

```
public class String1
```

```
{  
    public static void main(String  
                                args[])
```

```
{  
    System.out.println("Demonstrating  
    String length:");
```

```
    String a = "Hello";
```

```
    System.out.println(a.length());
```

```
    System.out.println("Str concat:");
```

```
    String age = "9";
```

```
    String msg = "He's " + age + " years old";
```

```
    System.out.println(msg);
```

```
    System.out.println("Demonstrate  
    literal");
```

```
    System.out.println("abc.length()");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

OUTPUT:

Demonstrating String length:
5

Str concat:

He is 9 years old
Demonstrate literals

3

Use `getChars()` to extract BMSCE from
"Welcome to BMSCE college")

```
public class String2 {
```

```
    public static void main (String args[])
```

```
    {
```

```
        String S = "Welcome to BMSCE College";
```

```
        int Start = 10;
```

```
        int end = 16;
```

```
        char buf[] = new char [end - Start];
```

```
        S.getChars (Start, end, buf, 0);
```

```
        System.out.println (buf);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Output

BMSCE

16/10/24

STRINGS

SHREE VARNA.
1BM22CS263

① BMSCE
BMSCE

② 3
3

Roll no 100 is present

③ Dimensions are 100.0 by 140.0 by 120.0
box b: Dimensions are 100.0 by
140.0 by 120

④ bmsce

⑤ 65
66
67

Welcome to bmsce college

⑥ Bmsce equals Bmsce → true
Bmsce equals College → false
Bmsce equals Ignore Case BMSCE → true

⑦ Substring is matched
S1 = "Bmsce college"
S2 = "Welcome to Bmsce college of
Engineering"

⑧ true
false

④ false
true

⑤ Hello equals Hello \rightarrow true
Hello == Hello \rightarrow false

⑥ The names in alphabetical order are
apple
bat
cat
lion
watch

⑦ Sorted Numbers (Ascending order)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

⑧ This was a list
Thux was too

⑨ hello world

⑩ Comma

⑪ Hello friends

⑫ Student 1
name : prem
Reg no : 12345
Semester : 3
CGPA : 9.54

Student 2

name : Harish

Reg no : 154

Semester : 3

CG PA : 8.54

(18) CharAt 3 is 'A'
reverse of SOS is SOS

(19) Eagle is flying
Eagle makes a sound

Hawk is moving
Hawk is making a sound

(20) Circle - Area : 88.53
perimeter : 51.42

Triangle - Area : 50
Perimeter - 12.0