```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    from sklearn.datasets import fetch_openml
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
    from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
    from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
    from sklearn.ensemble import VotingClassifier
    from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

mnist = fetch_openml('mnist_784', version=1)
```

Q.no. 1

```
In [11]: X = mnist['data']
y = mnist['target']
X_train, X_test_val, y_train, y_test_val = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2
X_val, X_test, y_val, y_test = train_test_split(X_test_val, y_test_val, test_size
print('The number of instances in train set:', X_train.shape[0])
print('The number of instances in validation set:', X_val.shape[0])
The number of instances in train set: 50000
The number of instances in validation set: 10000
```

Q.no. 2

```
In [12]: rnd_clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
    rnd_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred_rf = rnd_clf.predict(X_val)
    print("Random Forest Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred_rf))
```

Random Forest Accuracy: 0.9677

The number of instances in test set: 10000

Bagging Classifier Accuracy: 0.8394

```
In [14]: tree_clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(random_state=42)
    tree_clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
    y_pred_tree = tree_clf.predict(X_val)
    print("Decision Trees Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred_tree))
```

Decision Trees Accuracy: 0.8714

Q.no. 3

Voting Classifier Accuracy: 0.9334

Q.no. 4

Since the output class is balanced, accuracy is used to measure the efficiency of the models. While the ensemble outperforms Bagging(0.84) and Decision Trees Classifier(0.87), it fails to perform better than the Random Forest Classifier as it obtained an accuracy of 0.93 on the validation set which is less than that of the Random Forest (0.97) on the same set.

Q.no. 5 and 6

```
In [16]: rnd clf = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100, random state=42)
         rnd clf.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred rf = rnd clf.predict(X test)
         print("Random Forest Accuracy: ", accuracy score(y test, y pred rf))
         bag_clf = BaggingClassifier(
             DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42), n estimators=500,
             max samples=100, bootstrap=True, random state=42)
         bag clf.fit(X train, y train)
         y_pred_bag = bag_clf.predict(X_test)
         print("Bagging Classifier Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_bag))
         tree clf = DecisionTreeClassifier(random state=42)
         tree clf.fit(X train, y train)
         y pred tree = tree clf.predict(X test)
         print("Decision Trees Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_tree))
         voting_clf_updated = VotingClassifier(
             estimators=[('rf', rnd_clf), ('dt', tree_clf)],
             voting='hard') # hard voting
         voting clf updated.fit(X train, y train)
         y_pred_voting = voting_clf_updated.predict(X_test)
         print("Voting Classifier(Revised) Accuracy: ", accuracy score(y test, y pred voti
```

Random Forest Accuracy: 0.9672
Bagging Classifier Accuracy: 0.846
Decision Trees Accuracy: 0.8692
Voting Classifier(Revised) Accuracy: 0.9188

Q.no. 7

The Random Forest, Bagging Classifier, and Decision Trees achieved a accuracy of 0.97, 0.85, 0.87 respecitively while the Voting Classifier achieved an accuracy of 0.92. The Voting Classifier exceeded the accuracy of Bagging Classifier and Decision Trees by 0.7 (7%) and 0.5 (5%) respectively on the test set. However, its accuracy is still outperformed by the Random Forest Classifier by 0.5 (5%) in the same set. Since the classifiers used in the voting algorithm are all tree-based classifiers, their errors are not independent hence the voting classifier was not able to outperform all the individual classifiers.