## SUMMARY OF GENERAL PURPOSES, COVERAGE LIMITATIONS AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

#### General Purposes

Residents of the District of Columbia should know that licensed insurers who sell health insurance, life insurance, and annuities in the District of Columbia are members of the District of Columbia Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association ("Guaranty Association").

The purpose of this Guaranty Association is to provide statutorily-determined benefits associated with covered policies and contracts in the unlikely event that a member insurer is unable to meet its financial obligations and is found by a court of law to be insolvent. When a member insurer is found by a court to be insolvent, the Guaranty Association will assess the other member insurers to satisfy the benefits associated with any outstanding covered claims of persons residing in the District of Columbia. However, the protection provided through the Guaranty Association is subjected to certain statutory limits explained under the "Coverage Limitations" section, below. In some cases, the Guaranty Association may facilitate the reassignment of policies or contracts to other licensed insurance companies to keep the coverage in-force, with no change in contractual rights or benefits.

#### Coverage

The Guaranty Association, established pursuant to the Life and Health Guaranty Association Act of 1992 ("Act"), effective July 22, 1992 (D.C. Law 9-129; D.C. Official Code §31-5401 *et seq.*), provides insolvency protection for certain types of insurance policies and contracts.

The insolvency protections provided by the Guaranty Association is generally conditioned on a person being 1) a resident of the District of Columbia and 2) the individual insured or owner under a health insurance, life insurance, or annuity contract issued by a member insurer, or insured under a group policy insurance contract issued by a member insurer. Beneficiaries, payees, or assignees of District insureds are also covered under the Act, even if they reside in another state.

## **Coverage Limitations**

The Act also limits the amount the Guaranty Association is obligated to pay. The benefits for which the Guaranty Association may become liable shall be limited to the lesser of:

- The contractual obligations for which the insurer is liable or for which the insurer would have been liable if it were not an impaired or insolvent insurer; or
- With respect to any one life, regardless of the number of policies, contracts or certificates:
  - \$300,000 in life insurance death benefits for any one life; including net cash surrender or net cash withdrawal values:
  - \$300,000 in the present value of annuity benefits, including net cash surrender or net cash withdrawal values;
  - o \$300,000 in the present value of structured settlement annuity benefits, including net cash surrender or net cash withdrawal values;
  - o \$300,000 for long-term care insurance benefits;
  - \$300,000 for disability insurance benefits;
  - \$500,000 for basic hospital, medical, and surgical insurance, or major medical insurance benefits;
  - \$100,000 for coverage not defined as disability insurance, or basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical insurance or long-term care insurance including any net cash surrender and net cash withdrawal values.

In no event is the Guaranty Association liable for more than \$300,000 in benefits with respect to any one life (\$500,000 in the event of basic hospital, medical and surgical insurance or major medical insurance).

Additionally, the Guaranty Association is not obligated to cover more than \$5,000,000 for multiple non-group policies of life insurance with one owner regardless of the number of policies owned.

# **Exclusions Examples**

Policies or contract holders are not protected by the Guaranty Association if:

- They are eligible for protection under the laws of another state (this may occur when the insolvent insurer was domiciled in a state whose guaranty association law protects insureds that live outside of that state);
- Their insurer was not authorized to do business in the District of Columbia; or
- Their policy was issued by a charitable organization, a fraternal benefit society, a mandatory state pooling plan, a mutual assessment company, an insurance exchange, a non-profit hospital or medical service organization, a health maintenance organization, or a risk retention group.

The Guaranty Association also does not cover:

- Any policy or portion of a policy which is not guaranteed by the insurer or for which the individual has assumed the risk;
- Any policy of reinsurance (unless an assumption certificate was issued);
- Any plan or program of an employer or association that provides life, health or annuity benefits to its employees or members and is self-funded;
- Interest rate guarantees which exceed certain statutory limitations;
- Dividends, experience rating credits or fees for services in connection with a policy;
- Credits given in connection with the administration of a policy by a group contract holder; or
- Unallocated annuity contracts.

## **Consumer Protection**

To learn more about the above referenced protections, please visit the Guaranty Association's website at <a href="www.dclifega.org">www.dclifega.org</a>. Additional questions may be directed to the District of Columbia Department of Insurance, Securities and Banking (DISB) and they will respond to questions not specifically addressed in this disclosure document.

Policy or contract holders with additional questions may contact either:

District of Columbia
Department of Insurance, Securities
and Banking
1050 First Street, N.E., Suite 801
Washington, DC 20002
(202) 727-8000

District of Columbia Life and Health Guaranty Association 1200 G Street, N.W. Suite 800 Washington, DC 20005 (202) 434-8771

Pursuant to the Act (D.C. Official Code §31-5416), insurers are required to provide notice to policy and contract holders of the existence of the Guaranty Association and the amounts of coverage provided under the Act. Your insurer and agent are prohibited by law from using the existence of the Guaranty Association and the protection it provides to market insurance products. You should not rely on the insolvency protection provided under the Act when selecting an insurer or insurance product. If you have obtained this document from an agent in connection with the purchase of a policy or contract, you should be aware that such delivery does not guarantee that the Guaranty Association would cover your policy or contract. Any determination of whether a policy or contract will be covered will be determined solely by the coverage provisions of the Act.

This disclosure is intended to summarize the general purpose of the Act and does not address all the provision of the Act. Moreover, the disclosure is not intended and should not be relied upon to alter any rights established in any policy or contract or under the Act.

# STANDARD INSURANCE COMPANY

A Stock Life Insurance Company 900 SW Fifth Avenue Portland, Oregon 97204-1282 (503) 321-7000

# CERTIFICATE AND SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION GROUP LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

Policyholder: ArentFox Schiff LLP
Policy Number: 163724-B
Effective Date: January 1, 2018

The Group Policy has been issued to the Policyholder. We certify that you will be insured as provided by the terms of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy. If the terms of this Certificate and Summary Plan Description differ from the terms of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy, the latter will govern. If your coverage is changed by an amendment to the Group Policy, we will provide the Employer with a revised Certificate and Summary Plan Description or other notice to be given to you.

Possession of this Certificate and Summary Plan Description does not necessarily mean you are insured. You are insured only if you meet the requirements set out in this Certificate and Summary Plan Description.

"You" and "your" mean the Member. "We", "us" and "our" mean Standard Insurance Company. Other defined terms appear with the initial letters capitalized. Section headings, and references to them, appear in boldface type.

President and CEO

GC190-LTD/S399

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# **COVERAGE FEATURES**

This section contains many of the features of your long term disability (LTD) insurance. Other provisions, including exclusions, limitations, and Deductible Income, appear in other sections. Please refer to the text of each section for full details. The Table of Contents and the Index of Defined Terms help locate sections and definitions.

#### GENERAL POLICY INFORMATION

Group Policy Number: 163724-B

Policyholder: ArentFox Schiff LLP
Employer(s): ArentFox Schiff LLP
Group Policy Effective Date: January 1, 2018
Policy Issued in: District of Columbia

Member means a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada who is Actively At Work at least 28 hours each week and one of the following:

- 1. A regular Partner as defined by the current partnership agreement with the Policyholder; or
- 2. A regular Phase-out Partner as defined by the current partnership agreement with the Policyholder within the first year as Phase-out Partner; or
- 3. A regular employee of the Employer, other than those classified as Counsel II as defined by sole discretion of employer.

For purposes of the Member definition, Actively At Work will include regularly scheduled days off, holidays, or vacation days, so long as the person is capable of Active Work on those days.

Member does not include a temporary or seasonal employee, a full-time member of the armed forces of any country, a leased employee, or an independent contractor.

## Class Definition:

Class 1: Partners

Class 2: Phase-out Partners
Class 3: All other Members

# SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE

Eligibility Waiting Period: You are eligible on one of the following dates:

If you are a Member on the Group Policy Effective Date, you

are eligible on that date.

If you become a Member after the Group Policy Effective Date, you are eligible on the date you become a Member.

Eligibility Waiting Period means the period you must be a Member before you become eligible for insurance.

| Own Occupation Period:     | From the end of the Benefit Waiting Period to the end of the Maximum Benefit Period.   |
|----------------------------|--|
| LTD Benefit:               | Class 1 and 2: No Benefit will be paid for the first \$16,667 of your Predisability Earnings. Then, 60% of the next \$33,333 of your Predisability Earnings, reduced by Deductible Income.   |
|                            | Class 3: 60% of the first \$25,000 of your Predisability Earnings, reduced by Deductible Income.   |
| Maximum:                   | Class 1 and 2: \$20,000 per month before reduction by Deductible Income.   |
|                            | Class 3: \$15,000 per month before reduction by Deductible Income.   |
| Minimum:                   | \$100 or 10% of your LTD Benefit before reduction by Deductible Income, whichever is greater.  |
| Assisted Living Benefit:   |  |
| Class 1 and 2:             | An additional 20% of the first \$33,333 after the first \$16,667 of your Predisability Earnings, but not to exceed \$5,000. The Assisted Living Benefit is not reduced by Deductible Income.   |
| Class 3:                   | An additional 20% of the first \$25,000 of your Predisability Earnings, but not to exceed \$5,000. The Assisted Living Benefit is not reduced by Deductible Income.  |
| Lifetime Security Benefit: |  |
| Class 1 and 2:             | Yes  |
| Class 3:                   | Not applicable   |
| Benefit Waiting Period:    | Class 1 and 2: 180 days  |
|                            | Class 3: 90 days   |
| Maximum Benefit Period:    | Determined by your age when Disability begins, as follows:   |
| Age                        | Maximum Benefit Period   |
| 61 or younger              | . To age 65, or to SSNRA, or 3 years 6 months, whichever is longest.   |
| 63                         | <ul> <li>To SSNRA, or 3 years 6 months, whichever is longer.</li> <li>To SSNRA, or 3 years, whichever is longer.</li> <li>To SSNRA, or 2 years 6 months, whichever is longer.</li> <li>2 years</li> <li>1 year 9 months</li> <li>1 year 6 months</li> <li>1 year 3 months</li> </ul> |

Social Security Normal Retirement Age (SSNRA) means your normal retirement age under the Federal Social Security Act, as amended.

# PREMIUM CONTRIBUTIONS

Insurance is: Class 1 and 2: Contributory

Class 3: Noncontributory

# ERISA SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION INFORMATION

Name of Plan: Long Term Disability Insurance

Name, Address of Plan Sponsor: ArentFox Schiff LLP

1717 K STREET NW WASHINGTON DC 20006

Plan Sponsor Tax ID Number: 53-0214923

Plan Number: 501

Type of Plan: Group Insurance Plan

Type of Administration: Contract Administration

Name, Address, Phone

Number of Plan Administrator: Plan Sponsor (202) 857-6000

Name, Address of Registered Agent

for Service of Legal Process: Plan Administrator

If Legal Process Involves Claims For Benefits Under The Group Policy, Additional Notification of

Legal Process Must Be Sent To: Standard Insurance Company

1100 SW 6th Ave

Portland OR 97204-1093

Sources of Contributions: Employer/Member

Funding Medium: Standard Insurance Company - Fully Insured

Plan Fiscal Year End: December 31

## INSURING CLAUSE

If you become Disabled while insured under the Group Policy, we will pay LTD Benefits according to the terms of the Group Policy after we receive Proof Of Loss satisfactory to us.

LT.IC.OT.1

## **BECOMING INSURED**

To become insured you must be a Member, complete your Eligibility Waiting Period, and meet the requirements in **Active Work Provisions** and **When Your Insurance Becomes Effective**.

You are a Member if you are a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada who is Actively At Work at least 28 hours each week and one of the following:

- 1. A regular Partner as defined by the current partnership agreement with the Policyholder; or
- 2. A regular Phase-out Partner as defined by the current partnership agreement with the Policyholder within the first year as Phase-out Partner; or
- 3. A regular employee of the Employer, other than those classified as Counsel II as defined by sole discretion of employer.

For purposes of the Member definition, Actively At Work will include regularly scheduled days off, holidays, or vacation days, so long as the person is capable of Active Work on those days.

Member does not include a temporary or seasonal employee, a full-time member of the armed forces of any country, a leased employee, or an independent contractor.

Eligibility Waiting Period means the period you must be a Member before you become eligible for insurance. Your Eligibility Waiting Period is shown in the **Coverage Features.** 

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## WHEN YOUR INSURANCE BECOMES EFFECTIVE

A. When Insurance Becomes Effective

Subject to the **Active Work Provisions**, your insurance becomes effective as follows:

- 1. Insurance Subject To Evidence Of Insurability
  - Insurance subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on the date we approve your Evidence Of Insurability.
- 2. Insurance Not Subject To Evidence of Insurability

The **Coverage Features** states whether insurance is Contributory or Noncontributory.

a. Noncontributory Insurance

Noncontributory insurance not subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on the date you become eligible.

b. Contributory Insurance

You must apply in writing for Contributory insurance and agree to pay premiums. Contributory insurance not subject to Evidence Of Insurability becomes effective on:

- i. The date you become eligible if you apply on or before that date; or
- ii. The date you apply if you apply within 31 days after you become eligible.

Late application: Evidence Of Insurability is required if you apply more than 31 days after you become eligible.

#### B. Takeover Provisions

- 1. If you were insured under the Prior Plan on the day before the effective date of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy, your Eligibility Waiting Period is waived on the effective date of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy.
- 2. You must submit satisfactory Evidence Of Insurability to become insured if you were eligible for insurance under the Prior Plan for more than 31 days but were not insured.

# C. Evidence Of Insurability Requirement

Evidence Of Insurability satisfactory to us is required:

- a. For late application for Contributory insurance.
- b. For Members eligible but not insured under the Prior Plan.
- c. For reinstatements if required.

Providing Evidence Of Insurability means you must:

- 1. Complete and sign our medical history statement;
- 2. Sign our form authorizing us to obtain information about your health;
- 3. Undergo a physical examination, if required by us, which may include blood testing; and
- 4. Provide any additional information about your insurability that we may reasonably require.

(VAR EOI) LT.EF.OT.1

# **ACTIVE WORK PROVISIONS**

## A. Active Work Requirement

You must be capable of Active Work on the day before the scheduled effective date of your insurance or your insurance will not become effective as scheduled. If you are incapable of Active Work because of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder on the day before the scheduled effective date of your insurance, your insurance will not become effective until the day after you complete one full day of Active Work as an eligible Member.

Active Work and Actively At Work mean performing with reasonable continuity the Material Duties of your Own Occupation at your Employer's usual place of business.

# B. Changes In Insurance

This Active Work requirement also applies to any increase in your insurance.

LT.AW.OT.1

# **CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE**

If your Disability is subject to the Preexisting Condition Exclusion, LTD Benefits will be payable if:

- 1. You were insured under the Prior Plan on the day before the effective date of your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy;
- 2. You became insured under the Group Policy when your insurance under the Prior Plan ceased;
- 3. You were continuously insured under the Group Policy from the effective date of your insurance under the Group Policy through the date you became Disabled from the Preexisting Condition; and

4. Benefits would have been payable under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force, taking into account the preexisting condition exclusion, if any, of the Prior Plan.

For such a Disability, the amount of your LTD Benefit will be the lesser of:

- a. The monthly benefit that would have been payable under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force; or
- b. The LTD Benefit payable under the terms of the Group Policy, but without application of the Preexisting Condition Exclusion.

Your LTD Benefits for such a Disability will end on the earlier of the following dates:

- a. The date benefits would have ended under the terms of the Prior Plan if it had remained in force; or
- b. The date LTD Benefits end under the terms of the Group Policy.

(PX) LT.CC.OT.1

## WHEN YOUR INSURANCE ENDS

Your insurance ends automatically on the earliest of:

- 1. The date the last period ends for which a premium contribution was made for your insurance.
- 2. The date the Group Policy terminates.
- 3. The date your employment terminates.
- 4. The date you cease to be a Member. However, your insurance will be continued during the following periods when you are absent from Active Work, unless it ends under any of the above.
  - a. During the first 90 days of a temporary or indefinite administrative or involuntary leave of absence or sick leave, provided your Employer is paying you at least the same Predisability Earnings paid to you immediately before you ceased to be a Member. A period when you are absent from Active Work as part of a severance or other employment termination agreement is not a leave of absence, even if you are receiving the same Predisability Earnings.
  - b. During a leave of absence if continuation of your insurance under the Group Policy is required by a state-mandated family or medical leave act or law.
  - c. During any other temporary leave of absence approved by your Employer in advance and in writing and scheduled to last 30 days or less. A period of Disability is not a leave of absence.
  - d. During the Benefit Waiting Period.

LT.EN.OT.1

# WAIVER OF PREMIUM

We will waive payment of premium for your insurance while LTD Benefits are payable.

LT.WP.OT.1

# REINSTATEMENT OF INSURANCE

If your insurance ends, you may become insured again as a new Member. However, the following will apply:

1. If you cease to be a Member because of a covered Disability following the Benefit Waiting Period, your insurance will end; however, if you become a Member again immediately after LTD Benefits end, the Eligibility Waiting Period will be waived and, with respect to the condition(s) for which LTD

Revised 01/04/2024 - 7 - 163724-B

Benefits were payable, the Preexisting Condition Exclusion will be applied as if your insurance had remained in effect during that period of Disability.

- 2. If your insurance ends because you cease to be a Member for any reason other than a covered Disability, and if you become a Member again within 90 days, the Eligibility Waiting Period will be waived.
- 3. If your insurance ends because you fail to make a required premium contribution, you must provide Evidence Of Insurability to become insured again.
- 4. If your insurance ends because you are on a federal or state-mandated family or medical leave of absence, and you become a Member again immediately following the period allowed, your insurance will be reinstated pursuant to the federal or state-mandated family or medical leave act or law.
- 5. The Preexisting Conditions Exclusion will be applied as if insurance had remained in effect in the following instances:
  - a. If you become insured again within 90 days.
  - b. If required by federal or state-mandated family or medical leave act or law and you become insured again immediately following the period allowed under the family or medical leave act or law
- 6. In no event will insurance be retroactive.

LT.RE.OT.2

## **DEFINITION OF DISABILITY**

You are Disabled if you meet one of the following definitions during the period it applies:

- A. Own Occupation Definition Of Disability; or
- B. Partial Disability Definition.
- A. Own Occupation Definition Of Disability

During the Benefit Waiting Period and the Own Occupation Period you are required to be Disabled only from your Own Occupation.

You are Disabled from your Own Occupation if, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the Material Duties of your Own Occupation.

Note: You are not Disabled merely because your right to perform your Own Occupation is restricted, including a restriction or loss of license.

During the Own Occupation Period you may work in another occupation while you meet the Own Occupation Definition Of Disability. However, unless otherwise stated, you will no longer be Disabled when your Work Earnings from another occupation meet or exceed 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings. Your Work Earnings may be Deductible Income. See **Return To Work Provisions** and **Deductible Income**.

Own Occupation means any employment, business, trade, profession, calling or vocation that involves Material Duties of the same general character as the occupation you are regularly performing for your Employer when Disability begins. In determining your Own Occupation, we are not limited to looking at the way you perform your job for your Employer, but we may also look at the way the occupation is generally performed in the national economy. If your Own Occupation involves the rendering of professional services and you are required to have a professional or occupational license in order to work, your Own Occupation is as broad as the scope of your license.

However, if your Own Occupation is attorney at law and you have practiced law for at least 3 years, during the Benefit Waiting Period and the Own Occupation Period, we will consider your Own

Occupation to be the one legal subject matter area or type of legal practice in which you specialize, provided you have earned at least 85% of your gross professional service fee income in that area or type of practice during the 24 months immediately before you become Disabled. If your Own Occupation is your own specialty of legal practice, you will no longer be Disabled when your Work Earnings from another occupation exceed 100% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

Trial attorney or trial practice will not be considered the legal subject matter area or type of legal practice in which you specialize, unless you personally appear and actively participate in legal proceedings on behalf of clients, at least 4 hours per day an average of at least 50 days per year during the 24 months immediately before you become Disabled. Time you spend preparing to actively participate in legal proceedings can be counted in meeting up to one-half of the hours-perday and days-per-year requirement. Legal proceedings include civil or criminal trials, administrative rule making or contested case hearings, workers compensation hearings, arbitration and mediation hearings, and the taking or defending of depositions.

We may require billable hour or other time and earnings records as proof that you meet the requirements in this provision.

Material Duties means the essential tasks, functions and operations, and the skills, abilities, knowledge, training and experience, generally required by employers from those engaged in a particular occupation that cannot be reasonably modified or omitted.

## B. Partial Disability Definition

During the Benefit Waiting Period and the Own Occupation Period, you are Partially Disabled when you work in your Own Occupation but, as a result of Physical Disease, Injury, Pregnancy or Mental Disorder, you are unable to earn 80% or more of your Indexed Predisability Earnings, in that occupation.

Your Work Earnings may be Deductible Income. See **Return To Work Provisions** and **Deductible Income**.

Your Own Occupation Period are shown in the **Coverage Features**.

(OR DEF\_OWN\_LEG SPEC TO  $65\_NO~40\_100\%$  OWN SPEC) LT.DD.OT.1X

# RETURN TO WORK PROVISIONS

#### A. Return To Work Incentive

You may serve your Benefit Waiting Period while working if you meet the Own Occupation Definition Of Disability.

You are eligible for the Return To Work Incentive on the first day you work after the Benefit Waiting Period if LTD Benefits are payable on that date. The Return To Work Incentive changes 12 months after that date, as follows:

- 1. During the first 12 months, your Work Earnings will be Deductible Income as determined in a., b. and c:
  - a. Determine the amount of your LTD Benefit as if there were no Deductible Income, and add your Work Earnings to that amount.
  - b. Determine 100% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.
  - c. If a. is greater than b., the difference will be Deductible Income.
- 2. After those first 12 months, your LTD benefit will be determined by the greater of a. or b. below:
  - a. You will remain eligible for LTD Benefits while you are working if you meet one of the definitions of Disability. Your Work Earnings will not be deducted from your LTD Benefit.

Instead, they will be used to calculate your LTD Proportionate Benefit. It is determined as follows:

- i. Determine your LTD Benefit.
- ii Multiply it by your Loss Of Earnings, and
- iii. Divide the result by your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

The LTD Proportionate Benefit is paid in lieu of your LTD Benefit.

Loss Of Earnings means your Indexed Predisability Earnings minus your Work Earnings.

b. Your LTD benefit reduced by 50% of your Work Earnings.

# B. Work Earnings Definition

Work Earnings means your gross monthly earnings from work you perform while Disabled.

Work Earnings includes earnings from your Employer, any other employer, or self-employment, and any sick pay, vacation pay, annual or personal leave pay or other salary continuation earned or accrued while working.

Earnings from work you perform will be included in Work Earnings when you have the right to receive them. If you are paid in a lump sum or on a basis other than monthly, we will prorate your Work Earnings over the period of time to which they apply. If no period of time is stated, we will use a reasonable one.

In determining your Work Earnings we:

- 1. Will use the financial accounting method you use for income tax purposes, if you use that method on a consistent basis.
- 2. Will not be limited to the taxable income you report to the Internal Revenue Service.
- 3. May ignore expenses under section 179 of the IRC as a deduction from your gross earnings.
- 4. May ignore depreciation as a deduction from your gross earnings.
- 5. May adjust the financial information you give us in order to clearly reflect your Work Earnings.

If we determine that your earnings vary substantially from month to month, we may determine your Work Earnings by averaging your earnings over the most recent three-month period. During the Own Occupation Period you will no longer be Disabled when your average Work Earnings over the last three months exceed 80% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.

# C. Family Care Expenses Adjustment

If you must pay Family Care Expenses in order to work, we will reduce the amount of the Work Earnings used in determining your Deductible Income, subject to the following:

- 1. Your Work Earnings will be reduced by the first \$250 per Family Member of the monthly Family Care Expenses you pay, but not to exceed a total of \$500 for all Family Members.
- 2. The Work Earnings and the Family Care Expenses must be for the same period.
- 3. You must give us satisfactory proof of the Family Care Expenses you pay.
- 4. The Work Earnings reduction by Family Care Expenses will end 12 months after it begins.

Family Care Expenses means the amount you pay to a licensed care provider for the care of your Family which is necessary in order for you to work.

Family Member means:

1. Your Child; or

- 2. Your Spouse, parent, grandparent, sibling, or other close family member residing in your home who is:
  - a. Continuously incapable of self-sustaining employment because of mental retardation or physical handicap; and
  - b. Chiefly dependent upon you for support and maintenance.

# Child means:

- 1. Your child residing in your home (including your stepchild, the child of your Spouse and an adopted child), from live birth through age 11; or
- 2. Your child, age 12 or older, residing in your home (including your stepchild, the child of your Spouse and an adopted child) who is:
  - a. Continuously incapable of self-sustaining employment because of mental retardation or physical handicap; and
  - b. Chiefly dependent upon you for support and maintenance.

(PROP\_NO RESP\_FAMILY CR\_DOMP) LT.RW.OT.1X

#### REASONABLE ACCOMMODATION EXPENSE BENEFIT

If you return to work in any occupation for any employer, not including self-employment, as a result of a reasonable accommodation made by such employer, we will pay that employer a Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit of up to \$25,000, but not to exceed the expenses incurred.

The Reasonable Accommodation Expense Benefit is payable only if the reasonable accommodation is approved by us in writing prior to its implementation.

LT.RA.OT.1

# REHABILITATION PLAN PROVISION

While you are Disabled you may qualify to participate in a Rehabilitation Plan. Rehabilitation Plan means a written plan, program or course of vocational training or education that is intended to prepare you to return to work.

To participate in a Rehabilitation Plan you must apply on our forms or in a letter to us. The terms, conditions and objectives of the plan must be accepted by you and approved by us in advance. We have the sole discretion to approve your Rehabilitation Plan.

While you are participating in an approved Rehabilitation Plan, your LTD Benefit will be increased by 10% of your Predisability Earnings. Your LTD Benefit may not exceed the Maximum LTD Benefit shown in the **Coverage Features** as a result of this increase.

An approved Rehabilitation Plan may include our payment of some or all of the expenses you incur in connection with the plan, including:

- a. Training and education expenses.
- b. Family care expenses.
- c. Job-related expenses.
- d. Job search expenses.

(WITH REHAB INC BFT) LT.RH.OT.1

## TEMPORARY RECOVERY

You may temporarily recover from your Disability and then become Disabled again from the same cause or causes without having to serve a new Benefit Waiting Period. Temporary Recovery means you cease to be Disabled for no longer than the applicable Allowable Period. See **Definition Of Disability**.

## A. Allowable Periods

- 1. During the Benefit Waiting Period: a total of 90 days of recovery.
- 2. During the Maximum Benefit Period: 180 days for each period of recovery.
- B. Effect Of Temporary Recovery

If your Temporary Recovery does not exceed the Allowable Periods, the following will apply.

- 1. The Predisability Earnings used to determine your LTD Benefit will not change.
- 2. The period of Temporary Recovery will not count toward your Benefit Waiting Period, your Maximum Benefit Period or your Own Occupation Period.
- 3. No LTD Benefits will be payable for the period of Temporary Recovery.
- 4. No LTD Benefits will be payable after benefits become payable to you under any other disability insurance plan under which you become insured during your period of Temporary Recovery.
- 5. Except as stated above, the provisions of the Group Policy will be applied as if there had been no interruption of your Disability.

(NEW TR PERIOD) LT.TR.OT.1

## WHEN LTD BENEFITS END

Your LTD Benefits end automatically on the earliest of:

- 1. The date you are no longer Disabled.
- 2. The date your Maximum Benefit Period ends unless LTD Benefits are continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit. See **Additional Benefits For The Severely Disabled**.
- 3. The date you die.
- 4. The date benefits become payable under any other LTD plan under which you become insured through employment during a period of Temporary Recovery.
- 5. The date you fail to provide proof of continued Disability and entitlement to LTD Benefits.

(LSB REF) LT.BE.OT.1

# PREDISABILITY EARNINGS

Your Predisability Earnings will be based on your earnings in effect on your last full day of Active Work. However, if you are a Partner, L.L.P. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder, your Predisability Earnings will be based on your Employer's prior tax year or the Policyholder's prior tax year if you are a P.C. Partner. Any subsequent change in your earnings after that last day of Active Work will not affect your Predisability Earnings.

A. Partners, P.C. Partners, L.L.P. Owner-Employees, Sole Proprietors and S-Corporation Shareholders

If you are a Partner, L.L.P. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder, Predisability Earnings means your average monthly compensation from your Employer during the Employer's prior tax year. If you are a P.C. Partner, Predisability Earnings means the average monthly compensation received by your professional corporation from the Policyholder during the

Policyholder's prior tax year. Your average monthly compensation is determined by adding the following amounts as reported on the applicable Schedule K-1, Schedule C, Form W-2 or S-Corporation federal income tax return, and dividing by 12 (or by the number of months you were a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.P. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder if less than 12):

- 1. Your ordinary income (loss) from trade or business activity(ies).
- 2. Your guaranteed payments, if you are a Partner.
- 3. Your net profit (loss) from business.
- 4. Your compensation (as an officer), salary, or wages, if you are an S-Corporation Shareholder.

If you were not a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.P. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder during the entire prior tax year, your Predisability Earnings will be your average monthly compensation for your period as a Partner, P.C. Partner, L.L.P. Owner-Employee, Sole Proprietor or S-Corporation Shareholder.

#### B. All Other Members

Predisability Earnings means your monthly rate of earnings from your Employer.

Predisability Earnings does not include:

- 1. Commissions averaged over the preceding 12 months or over the period of your employment if less than 12 months.
- 2. Shift differential pay.
- 3. Bonuses.
- 4. Overtime pay.
- 5. Any other extra compensation.

If you are paid on an annual contract basis, your monthly rate of earnings is one-twelfth (1/12th) of your annual contract salary.

If you are paid hourly, your monthly rate of earnings is based on your hourly pay rate multiplied by the number of hours you are regularly scheduled to work per month, but not more than 173 hours. If you do not have regular work hours, your monthly rate of earnings is based on the average number of hours you worked per month during the preceding 12 calendar months (or during your period of employment if less than 12 months), but not more than 173 hours.

## C. All Members

Predisability Earnings includes:

- 1. Contributions you make through a salary reduction agreement with your Employer to:
  - a. An Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 401(k), 403(b), 408(k), 408(p), or 457 deferred compensation arrangement; or
  - b. An executive nonqualified deferred compensation arrangement.
- 2. Amounts contributed to your fringe benefits according to a salary reduction agreement under an IRC Section 125 plan.

Predisability Earnings does not include:

1. Your Employer's contributions on your behalf to any deferred compensation arrangement or pension plan; or

#### DEDUCTIBLE INCOME

## Subject to Exceptions To Deductible Income, Deductible Income means:

- 1. Sick pay, annual or personal leave pay, severance pay, or other salary continuation, including donated amounts, (but not vacation pay) paid to you by your Employer, if it exceeds the amount found in a., b., and c.
  - a. Determine the amount of your LTD Benefit as if there were no Deductible Income, and add your sick pay or other salary continuation to that amount.
  - b. Determine 100% of your Indexed Predisability Earnings.
  - c. If a. is greater than b., the difference will be Deductible Income.
- 2. Your Work Earnings, as described in the **Return To Work Provisions**.
- 3. Any amount you receive or are eligible to receive because of your disability, including amounts for partial or total disability, whether permanent, temporary, or vocational, under any of the following:
  - a. A workers' compensation law;
  - b. The Jones Act;
  - c. Maritime Doctrine of Maintenance, Wages, or Cure;
  - d. Longshoremen's and Harbor Worker's Act; or
  - e. Any similar act or law.
- 4. Any amount you, your Spouse, or your child under age 18 receive or are eligible to receive because of your disability or retirement under:
  - a. The Federal Social Security Act;
  - b. The Canada Pension Plan;
  - c. The Quebec Pension Plan;
  - d. The Railroad Retirement Act; or
  - e. Any similar plan or act.

Class 1 and 2 Members

Primary offset only: Primary benefits (the benefit awarded to you) are Deductible Income, but dependents benefits are not.

Class 3 Members

Full offset: Both the primary benefit (the benefit awarded to you) and dependents benefit are Deductible Income.

- 5. Any amount you receive or are eligible to receive because of your disability under any state disability income benefit law or similar law.
- 6. Any amount you receive or are eligible to receive because of your disability under another group insurance coverage.
- 7. Any disability or retirement benefits you receive under your Employer's retirement plan.

- 8. Any earnings or compensation included in Predisability Earnings which you receive or are eligible to receive while LTD Benefits are payable.
- 9. Any amount you receive or are eligible to receive under any unemployment compensation law or similar act or law.
- 10. Any amount you receive or are eligible to receive from or on behalf of a third party because of your disability, whether by judgment, settlement or other method. If you notify us before filing suit or settling your claim against such third party, the amount used as Deductible Income will be reduced by a pro rata share of your costs of recovery, including reasonable attorney fees.
- 11. Any amount you receive by compromise, settlement, or other method as a result of a claim for any of the above, whether disputed or undisputed.

(CA DOM\_PRIM\_NO OTHR OFFST\_PRIV\_WITH 3RD) LT.DI.OT.1X

#### **EXCEPTIONS TO DEDUCTIBLE INCOME**

Deductible Income does not include:

- 1. Any cost of living increase in any Deductible Income other than Work Earnings, if the increase becomes effective while you are Disabled and while you are eligible for the Deductible Income.
- 2. Reimbursement for hospital, medical, or surgical expense.
- 3. Reasonable attorneys fees incurred in connection with a claim for Deductible Income.
- 4. Benefits from any individual disability insurance policy.
- 5. Early retirement benefits under the Federal Social Security Act which are not actually received.
- 6. Group credit or mortgage disability insurance benefits.
- 7. Accelerated death benefits paid under a life insurance policy.
- 8. Benefits from group insurance available through your professional association.
- 9. Benefits from the following:
  - a. Profit sharing plan.
  - b. Thrift or savings plan.
  - c. Deferred compensation plan.
  - d. Plan under IRC Section 401(k), 408(k), 408(p), or 457.
  - e. Individual Retirement Account (IRA).
  - f. Tax Sheltered Annuity (TSA) under IRC Section 403(b).
  - g. Stock ownership plan.
  - h. Keogh (HR-10) plan.
  - i. Retirement plan under a professional service corporation with respect to principals.
- 10. The following amounts under your Employer's retirement plan:
  - a. A lump sum distribution of your entire interest in the plan.
  - b. Any amount which is attributable to your contributions to the plan.
  - c. Any amount you could have received upon termination of employment without being disabled or retired.

(PRIV\_PROF\_NO OTHR OFFST) LT.ED.OT.1

## RULES FOR DEDUCTIBLE INCOME

## A. Monthly Equivalents

Each month we will determine your LTD Benefit using the Deductible Income for the same monthly period, even if you actually receive the Deductible Income in another month.

If you are paid Deductible Income in a lump sum or by a method other than monthly, we will determine your LTD Benefit using a prorated amount. We will use the period of time to which the Deductible Income applies. If no period of time is stated, we will use a reasonable one.

## B. Your Duty To Pursue Deductible Income

You must pursue Deductible Income for which you may be eligible. We may ask for written documentation of your pursuit of Deductible Income. You must provide it within 60 days after we mail you our request. Otherwise, we may reduce your LTD Benefits by the amount we estimate you would be eligible to receive upon proper pursuit of the Deductible Income.

## C. Pending Deductible Income

We will not deduct pending Deductible Income until it becomes payable. You must notify us of the amount of the Deductible Income when it is approved. You must repay us for the resulting overpayment of your claim.

# D. Overpayment Of Claim

We will notify you of the amount of any overpayment of your claim under any group disability insurance policy issued by us. You must immediately repay us. You will not receive any LTD Benefits until we have been repaid in full. In the meantime, any LTD Benefits paid, including the Minimum LTD Benefit, will be applied to reduce the amount of the overpayment. We may charge you interest at the legal rate for any overpayment which is not repaid within 30 days after we first mail you notice of the amount of the overpayment.

LT.RU.OT.1

# **SUBROGATION**

If LTD Benefits are paid or payable to you under the Group Policy as the result of any act or omission of a third party, we will be subrogated to all rights of recovery you may have in respect to such act or omission. You must execute and deliver to us such instruments and papers as may be required and do whatever else is needed to secure such rights. You must avoid doing anything that would prejudice our rights of subrogation.

If you notify us before filing suit or settling your claim against such third party, the amount to which we are subrogated will be reduced by a pro rata share of your costs of recovery, including reasonable attorney fees. If suit or action is filed, we may record a notice of payments of LTD Benefits, and such notice shall constitute a lien on any judgment recovered.

If you or your legal representative fail to bring suit or action promptly against such third party, we may institute such suit or action in our name or in your name. We are entitled to retain from any judgment recovered the amount of LTD Benefits paid or to be paid to you or on your behalf, together with our costs of recovery, including attorney fees. The remainder of such recovery, if any, shall be paid to you or as the court may direct.

LT.SG.OT.1

# ADDITIONAL BENEFITS FOR THE SEVERELY DISABLED

# A. Lifetime Security Benefit

If you meet the requirements below on the date your Maximum Benefit Period ends, we will pay LTD Benefits beyond the end of your Maximum Benefit Period, according to the terms of the Group Policy

after we receive Proof Of Loss satisfactory to us.

Requirements For Lifetime Security Benefit

- 1. LTD Benefits are scheduled to end solely because your Maximum Benefit Period is ending.
- 2. You are Disabled and in addition:
  - a. You are unable to safely and completely perform two or more Activities Of Daily Living without Hands-on Assistance or Standby Assistance due to loss of functional capacity as a result of Physical Disease or Injury; or
  - b. You require Substantial Supervision for your health or safety due to Severe Cognitive Impairment as a result of Physical Disease or Injury.
- 3. The condition in 2.a or 2.b above is expected to last 90 days or more as certified by a Physician in the appropriate specialty as determined by us.
- B. Effect Of Lifetime Security Benefit On Other Provisions Of The Group Policy

If your LTD Benefits are continued beyond the end of the Maximum Benefit Period by the Lifetime Security Benefit no Survivors Benefit will be paid if you die.

Except as provided above, the terms of the Group Policy will continue to apply to your Disability as before.

C. When LTD Benefits End Under The Lifetime Security Benefit

LTD Benefits continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit will end automatically on the earlier of:

- 1. The date you no longer meet the requirements in item A. above.
- 2. The date LTD Benefits end under the terms of the Group Policy for any reason other than reaching the end of the Maximum Benefit Period.

# D. Assisted Living Benefit

If you meet the requirements in 1 through 3 below, we will pay Assisted Living Benefits according to the terms of the Group Policy after we receive Proof Of Loss satisfactory to us.

Requirements for Assisted Living Benefit

- 1. You are Disabled and LTD Benefits are payable to you.
- 2. While you are Disabled:
  - a. You, due to loss of functional capacity as a result of Physical Disease or Injury, become unable to safely and completely perform two or more Activities Of Daily Living without Handson Assistance or Standby Assistance; or
  - b. You require Substantial Supervision for your health or safety due to Severe Cognitive Impairment as a result of Physical Disease or Injury.
- 3. The condition in 2.a or 2.b above is expected to last 90 days or more as certified by a Physician in the appropriate specialty as determined by us.
- E. Amount Of The Assisted Living Benefit

See the **Coverage Features** for the amount of the Assisted Living Benefit.

F. Becoming Insured For Assisted Living Benefits

You are eligible for Assisted Living Benefit coverage if you are insured for LTD insurance. Subject to the **Active Work Provision**, your Assisted Living Benefit coverage becomes effective on the date your LTD insurance becomes effective.

## G. Payment Of Assisted Living Benefits

We will pay Assisted Living Benefits within 60 days after Proof Of Loss is satisfied. Your Assisted Living Benefits will be paid to you at the same time LTD Benefits are payable.

# H. When Assisted Living Benefits End

Assisted Living Benefit end automatically on the earliest of:

- 1. The date you no longer meet the requirements in item D. above.
- 2. The date your LTD Benefits end.

## I. When Assisted Living Benefits Coverage Ends

Assisted Living Benefit coverage ends automatically on the earliest of:

- 1. The date your LTD insurance ends.
- 2. The date Assisted Living Benefit coverage terminates under the Group Policy.

## J. Assisted Living Benefits After Insurance Ends Or Is Changed

Your right to receive Assisted Living Benefits will not be affected by the occurrence of the events described in 1 or 2 below that become effective after you become Disabled.

- 1. Termination or amendment of the Group Policy or your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy.
- 2. Termination of Assisted Living Benefit coverage while the Group Policy or your Employer's coverage under the Group Policy remains in force.

# K. Time Limits On Filing Proof Of Loss

Proof Of Loss for the Assisted Living Benefit must be provided within 90 days after the date the inability to perform Activities Of Daily Living or the Severe Cognitive Impairment begins. If that is not possible, it must be provided as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than one year after that 90-day period.

Proof Of Loss for the Lifetime Security Benefit must be provided within 90 days after the date the Maximum Benefit Period ends. If that is not possible, it must be provided as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than one year after that 90-day period.

If Proof Of Loss is filed outside these time limits, the claim will be denied. These limits will not apply while the claimant lacks legal capacity.

#### L. Conversion

Neither the Assisted Living Benefit nor the Lifetime Security Benefit coverage may be converted under the **Conversion Of Insurance** provision.

## M. Assisted Living Benefit And Lifetime Security Benefit Exclusions and Limitations

No Assisted Living Benefit will be paid and LTD Benefits will not be continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit for any period when you are confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution.

No Assisted Living Benefit will be paid and LTD Benefits will not be continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit if you are unable to perform Activities Of Daily Living or the Severe Cognitive Impairment is caused or contributed to by:

- 1. War or any act of War. War means declared or undeclared war, whether civil or international, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature.
- 2. Any intentionally self-inflicted Injury, while sane or insane.
- 3. A Mental Disorder.

- 4. Use of alcohol, alcoholism, use of any drug, including hallucinogens, or drug addiction.
- 5. A Preexisting Condition.
  - a. Definition: For purposes of the Lifetime Security Benefit and Assisted Living Benefit, Preexisting Condition means a mental or physical condition for which you have done any of the following:
    - i. consulted a physician or other licensed medical professional,
    - ii. received medical treatment or services or advice,
    - iii. undergone diagnostic procedures, including self-administered procedures, or
    - iv. taken prescribed drugs or medication

with respect to your Lifetime Security Benefit, during the 3 months just before your Lifetime Security Benefit coverage is effective;

with respect to your Assisted Living Benefit, during the 3 months just before your Assisted Living Benefit coverage is effective.

#### b. Period Of Exclusion:

With respect to Lifetime Security Benefit, this exclusion will not apply after the Lifetime Security Benefit coverage has been continuously in effect for a period of 12 months, if after that period you have been Actively At Work for at least one full day.

With respect to Assisted Living Benefit, this exclusion will not apply after the Assisted Living Benefit coverage has been continuously in effect for a period of 12 months, if after that period you have been Actively At Work for at least one full day.

6. Committing or attempting to commit an assault or felony, or active participation in a violent disorder or riot. (Active participation does not include being at the scene of a violent disorder or riot while performing official duties.)

## N. Definitions

- 1. Activities Of Daily Living means Bathing, Continence, Dressing, Eating, Toileting, or Transferring.
- 2. Bathing means washing oneself, whether in the tub or shower or by sponge bath, with or without the help of adaptive devices.
- 3. Continence means voluntarily controlling bowel and bladder function, or, if incontinent, maintaining a reasonable level of personal hygiene.
- 4. Dressing means putting on and removing all items of clothing, footwear, and medically necessary braces and artificial limbs.
- 5. Eating means getting food and fluid into the body, whether manually, intravenously, or by feeding tube.
- 6. Toileting means getting to and from and on and off the toilet, and performing related personal hygiene.
- 7. Transferring means moving into or out of a bed, chair or wheelchair, with or without adaptive devices.
- 8. Hands-on Assistance means the physical assistance of another person without which the insured would be unable to perform the Activity Of Daily Living.
- 9. Standby Assistance means the presence of another person within arm's reach of the insured that is necessary to prevent, by physical intervention, injury to the insured while the insured is performing the Activity Of Daily Living (such as being ready to catch the insured if the insured

- falls while getting into or out of the bathtub or shower as part of Bathing, or being ready to remove food from the insured's throat if the insured chokes while Eating).
- 10. Severe Cognitive Impairment means a loss or deterioration in intellectual capacity that is (a) comparable to (and includes) Alzheimer's disease and similar forms of irreversible dementia, and (b) is measured by clinical evidence and standardized tests approved by us that reliably measure impairment in (i) short-term or long-term memory, (ii) orientation as to people, places, or time, and (iii) deductive or abstract reasoning. Severe Cognitive Impairment does not include loss or deterioration as a result of a Mental Disorder.
- 11. Substantial Supervision means continual supervision (which may include cueing by verbal prompting, gestures, or other demonstrations) by another person that is necessary to protect you from threats to your health or safety (such as may result from wandering).

(WITH NEW ALB\_WITH LSB\_CONV REF\_WITH FULL EX/LIM\_NO PRUDNT) LT.XB.DC.1

### SURVIVORS BENEFIT

If you die while LTD Benefits are payable, and on the date you die you have been continuously Disabled for at least 180 days, we will pay a Survivors Benefit according to 1 through 4 below.

- 1. The Survivors Benefit is a lump sum equal to 3 times your LTD Benefit without reduction by Deductible Income.
- 2. The Survivors Benefit will first be applied to reduce any overpayment of your claim.
- 3. The Survivors Benefit will be paid at our option to any one or more of the following:
  - a. Your surviving Spouse;
  - b. Your surviving unmarried children, including adopted children, under age 25;
  - c. Your surviving Spouse's unmarried children, including adopted children, under age 25; or
  - d. Any person providing the care and support of any person listed in a., b., or c. above.
- 4. No Survivors Benefit will be paid if you are not survived by any person listed in a., b., or c. above.

 $({\tt MULTPL\_DOM}) \quad {\tt LT.SB.OT.1}$ 

# **CONVERSION OF INSURANCE**

Conversion Of Insurance Benefit

When your insurance ends, you may buy LTD conversion insurance if you meet 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Your insurance ends for a reason other than:
  - a. Termination or amendment of the Group Policy;
  - b. Your failure to make a required premium contribution; or
  - c. Your retirement.
- 2. You were continuously insured under your Employer's long term disability insurance plan for at least one year as of the date your insurance ended.
- 3. You are not Disabled on the date your insurance ends.
- 4. You are a citizen or resident of the United States or Canada.
- 5. You must apply in writing and pay the first premium to us within 60 days after your insurance ends.

The maximum LTD conversion insurance benefit you may select is the smallest of:

- 1. \$4,000 (however, if you provide satisfactory Evidence Of Insurability, this upper limit is \$8,000);
- 2. 60% of your insured Predisability Earnings on the date your insurance ended; and
- 3. The LTD Benefit payable if you had become Disabled on the day before your insurance ended and you had no Deductible Income.

The maximum LTD conversion insurance benefit is reduced by deductible income. The certificate we will issue to you when your LTD conversion insurance becomes effective will contain other provisions which will also differ from the Group Policy.

LT.CV.OT.2X

## BENEFITS AFTER INSURANCE ENDS OR IS CHANGED

During each period of continuous Disability, we will pay LTD Benefits according to the terms of the Group Policy in effect on the date you become Disabled. Your right to receive LTD Benefits will not be affected by:

- 1. Any amendment to the Group Policy that is effective after you become Disabled.
- 2. Termination of the Group Policy after you become Disabled.

LT.BA.OT.1

# **EFFECT OF NEW DISABILITY**

If a period of Disability is extended by a new cause while LTD Benefits are payable, LTD Benefits will continue while you remain Disabled. However, 1 and 2 apply.

- 1. LTD Benefits will not continue beyond the end of the original Maximum Benefit Period unless LTD Benefits are continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit. See **Additional Benefits For The Severely Disabled**.
- 2. The **Disabilities Excluded From Coverage, Disabilities Subject To Limited Pay Periods,** and **Limitations** sections will apply to the new cause of Disability.

(LSB REF) LT.ND.OT.1

# DISABILITIES EXCLUDED FROM COVERAGE

## A. War

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by War or any act of War. War means declared or undeclared war, whether civil or international, and any substantial armed conflict between organized forces of a military nature.

B. Intentionally Self-Inflicted Injury

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by an intentionally self-inflicted Injury, while sane or insane.

- C. Preexisting Condition
  - 1. Definition

Preexisting Condition means a mental or physical condition whether or not diagnosed or misdiagnosed:

- a. For which you have done any of the following:
  - i. Consulted a physician or other licensed medical professional;

- ii. Received medical treatment, services or advice;
- iii. Undergone diagnostic procedures, including self-administered procedures;
- iv. Taken prescribed drugs or medications;
- b. Which, as a result of any medical examination, including routine examination, was discovered or suspected;

at any time during the 90-day period just before your insurance becomes effective.

#### 2. Exclusion

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by a Preexisting Condition or medical or surgical treatment of a Preexisting Condition unless, on the date you become Disabled, you:

- a. Have been continuously insured under the Group Policy for 12 months; and
- b. Have been Actively At Work for at least one full day after the end of that 12 months.

## D. Loss Of License Or Certification

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by the loss of your professional license, occupational license or certification.

## E. Violent Or Criminal Conduct

You are not covered for a Disability caused or contributed to by your committing or attempting to commit an assault or felony, or actively participating in a violent disorder or riot. Actively participating does not include being at the scene of a violent disorder or riot while performing your official duties.

(NO PRUDNT) LT.XD.OT.1

# DISABILITIES SUBJECT TO LIMITED PAY PERIODS

#### A. Mental Disorders and Substance Abuse

Payment of LTD Benefits is limited to 24 months for each period of continuous Disability caused or contributed to by any one or more of the following, or medical or surgical treatment of one or more of the following:

- 1. Mental Disorders; or
- 2. Substance Abuse.

However, if you are confined in a Hospital solely because of a Mental Disorder at the end of the 24 months, this limitation will not apply while you are continuously confined.

Mental Disorder means any mental, emotional, behavioral, psychological, personality, cognitive, mood or stress-related abnormality, disorder, disturbance, dysfunction or syndrome, regardless of cause (including any biological or biochemical disorder or imbalance of the brain) or the presence of physical symptoms. Mental Disorder includes, but is not limited to, bipolar affective disorder, organic brain syndrome, schizophrenia, psychotic illness, manic depressive illness, depression and depressive disorders, anxiety and anxiety disorders.

Substance Abuse means use of alcohol, alcoholism, use of any drug, including hallucinogens, or drug addiction.

Hospital means a legally operated hospital providing full-time medical care and treatment under the direction of a full-time staff of licensed physicians. Rest homes, nursing homes, convalescent homes, homes for the aged, and facilities primarily affording custodial, educational, or rehabilitative care are not Hospitals.

## B. Rules For Disabilities Subject To Limited Pay Periods

- 1. If you are Disabled as a result of a Mental Disorder or any Physical Disease or Injury for which payment of LTD Benefits is subject to a limited pay period, and at the same time are Disabled as a result of a Physical Disease, Injury, or Pregnancy that is not subject to such limitation, LTD Benefits will be payable first for conditions that are subject to the limitation.
- 2. No LTD Benefits will be payable after the end of the limited pay period, unless on that date you continue to be Disabled as a result of a Physical Disease, Injury, or Pregnancy for which payment of LTD Benefits is not limited.

(NO OTHR LMS\_NO LIFETM) LT.LP.OT.1

## **LIMITATIONS**

# A. Care Of A Physician

You must be under the ongoing care of a Physician in the appropriate specialty as determined by us during the Benefit Waiting Period. No LTD Benefits will be paid for any period of Disability when you are not under the ongoing care of a Physician in the appropriate specialty as determined by us.

## B. Foreign Residency

Payment of LTD Benefits is limited to 12 months for each period of continuous Disability while you reside outside of the United States or Canada.

## C. Imprisonment

No LTD Benefits will be paid for any period of Disability when you are confined for any reason in a penal or correctional institution.

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## **CLAIMS**

# A. Filing A Claim

Claims should be filed on our forms. If we do not provide our forms within 15 days after they are requested, you may submit your claim in a letter to us. The letter should include the date disability began, and the cause and nature of the disability.

# B. Time Limits On Filing Proof Of Loss

You must give us Proof Of Loss within 90 days after the end of the Benefit Waiting Period. If you cannot do so, you must give it to us as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than one year after that 90-day period. If Proof Of Loss is filed outside these time limits, your claim will be denied. These limits will not apply while you lack legal capacity.

# C. Proof Of Loss

Proof Of Loss means written proof that you are Disabled and entitled to LTD Benefits. Proof Of Loss must be provided at your expense.

For claims of Disability due to conditions other than Mental Disorders, we may require proof of physical impairment that results from anatomical or physiological abnormalities which are demonstrable by medically acceptable clinical and laboratory diagnostic techniques.

# D. Documentation

Completed claims statements, a signed authorization for us to obtain information, and any other items we may reasonably require in support of a claim must be submitted at your expense. If the required documentation is not provided within 45 days after we mail our request, your claim may be denied.

## E. Investigation Of Claim

We may investigate your claim at any time.

At our expense, we may have you examined at reasonable intervals by specialists of our choice. We may deny or suspend LTD Benefits if you fail to attend an examination or cooperate with the examiner.

## F. Time Of Payment

We will pay LTD Benefits within 60 days after you satisfy Proof Of Loss.

LTD Benefits will be paid to you at the end of each month you qualify for them. LTD Benefits remaining unpaid at your death will be paid to the person(s) receiving the Survivors Benefit. If no Survivors Benefit is paid, the unpaid LTD Benefits will be paid to your estate.

## G. Notice Of Decision On Claim

We will evaluate your claim promptly after you file it. Within 45 days after we receive your claim we will send you: (a) a written decision on your claim; or (b) a notice that we are extending the period to decide your claim for 30 days. Before the end of this extension period we will send you: (a) a written decision on your claim; or (b) a notice that we are extending the period to decide your claim for an additional 30 days. If an extension is due to your failure to provide information necessary to decide the claim, the extended time period for deciding your claim will not begin until you provide the information or otherwise respond.

If we extend the period to decide your claim, we will notify you of the following: (a) the reasons for the extension; (b) when we expect to decide your claim; (c) an explanation of the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based; (d) the unresolved issues preventing a decision; and (e) any additional information we need to resolve those issues.

If we request additional information, you will have 45 days to provide the information. If you do not provide the requested information within 45 days, we may decide your claim based on the information we have received.

If we deny any part of your claim, you will receive a written notice of denial containing:

- a. The reasons for our decision.
- b. Reference to the parts of the Group Policy on which our decision is based.
- c. Reference to any internal rule or guideline relied upon in making our decision.
- d. A description of any additional information needed to support your claim.
- e. Information concerning your right to a review of our decision.
- f. Information concerning your right to bring a civil action for benefits under section 502(a) of ERISA if your claim is denied on review.

## H. Review Procedure

If all or part of a claim is denied, you may request a review. You must request a review in writing within 180 days after receiving notice of the denial.

You may send us written comments or other items to support your claim. You may review and receive copies of any non-privileged information that is relevant to your request for review. There will be no charge for such copies. You may request the names of medical or vocational experts who provided advice to us about your claim.

The person conducting the review will be someone other than the person who denied the claim and will not be subordinate to that person. The person conducting the review will not give deference to the initial denial decision. If the denial was based on a medical judgment, the person conducting the review will consult with a qualified health care professional. This health care professional will be

someone other than the person who made the original medical judgment and will not be subordinate to that person. Our review will include any written comments or other items you submit to support your claim.

We will review your claim promptly after we receive your request. Within 45 days after we receive your request for review we will send you: (a) a written decision on review; or (b) a notice that we are extending the review period for 45 days. If the extension is due to your failure to provide information necessary to decide the claim on review, the extended time period for review of your claim will not begin until you provide the information or otherwise respond.

If we extend the review period, we will notify you of the following: (a) the reasons for the extension; (b) when we expect to decide your claim on review; and (c) any additional information we need to decide your claim.

If we request additional information, you will have 45 days to provide the information. If you do not provide the requested information within 45 days, we may conclude our review of your claim based on the information we have received.

If we deny any part of your claim on review, you will receive a written notice of denial containing:

- a. The reasons for our decision.
- b. Reference to the parts of the Group Policy on which our decision is based.
- c. Reference to any internal rule or guideline relied upon in making our decision.
- d. Information concerning your right to receive, free of charge, copies of non-privileged documents and records relevant to your claim.
- e. Information concerning your right to bring a civil action for benefits under section 502(a) of ERISA.

The Group Policy does not provide voluntary alternative dispute resolution options. However, you may contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency for assistance.

#### I. Assignment

The rights and benefits under the Group Policy are not assignable.

(REV PRIV WRDG) LT.CL.OT.2

# ALLOCATION OF AUTHORITY

Except for those functions which the Group Policy specifically reserves to the Policyholder or Employer, we have full and exclusive authority to control and manage the Group Policy, to administer claims, and to interpret the Group Policy and resolve all questions arising in the administration, interpretation, and application of the Group Policy.

Our authority includes, but is not limited to:

- 1. The right to resolve all matters when a review has been requested;
- 2. The right to establish and enforce rules and procedures for the administration of the Group Policy and any claim under it;
- 3. The right to determine:
  - a. Eligibility for insurance;
  - b. Entitlement to benefits;
  - c. The amount of benefits payable; and

d. The sufficiency and the amount of information we may reasonably require to determine a., b., or c., above.

Subject to the review procedures of the Group Policy, any decision we make in the exercise of our authority is conclusive and binding.

LT.AL.OT.1

## TIME LIMITS ON LEGAL ACTIONS

No action at law or in equity may be brought until 60 days after you have given us Proof Of Loss. No such action may be brought more than three years after the earlier of:

- 1. The date we receive Proof Of Loss; and
- 2. The time within which Proof Of Loss is required to be given.

LT.TL.OT.1

## INCONTESTABILITY PROVISIONS

## A. Incontestability Of Insurance

Any statement made to obtain insurance or to increase insurance is a representation and not a warranty.

No misrepresentation will be used to reduce or deny a claim or contest the validity of insurance unless:

- 1. The insurance would not have been approved if we had known the truth; and
- 2. We have given you or any other person claiming benefits a copy of the signed written instrument which contains the misrepresentation.

After insurance has been in effect for two years during the lifetime of the insured, we will not use a misrepresentation to reduce or deny the claim, unless it was a fraudulent misrepresentation.

## B. Incontestability Of The Group Policy

Any statement made by the Policyholder or Employer to obtain the Group Policy is a representation and not a warranty.

No misrepresentation by the Policyholder or your Employer will be used to deny a claim or to deny the validity of the Group Policy unless:

- 1. The Group Policy would not have been issued if we had known the truth; and
- 2. We have given the Policyholder or Employer a copy of a written instrument signed by the Policyholder or Employer which contains the misrepresentation.

The validity of the Group Policy will not be contested after it has been in force for two years, except for nonpayment of premiums or fraudulent misrepresentations.

LT.IN.OT.1

# CLERICAL ERROR, AGENCY, AND MISSTATEMENT

## A. Clerical Error

Clerical error by the Policyholder, your Employer, or their respective employees or representatives will not:

1. Cause a person to become insured.

- 2. Invalidate insurance under the Group Policy otherwise validly in force.
- 3. Continue insurance under the Group Policy otherwise validly terminated.

# B. Agency

The Policyholder and your Employer act on their own behalf as your agent, and not as our agent. The Policyholder and your Employer have no authority to alter, expand or extend our liability or to waive, modify or compromise any defense or right we may have under the Group Policy.

# C. Misstatement Of Age

If a person's age has been misstated, we will make an equitable adjustment of premiums, benefits, or both. The adjustment will be based on:

- 1. The amount of insurance based on the correct age; and
- 2. The difference between the premiums paid and the premiums which would have been paid if the age had been correctly stated.

LT.CE.OT.1

# TERMINATION OR AMENDMENT OF THE GROUP POLICY

The Group Policy may be terminated by us or the Policyholder according to its terms. It will terminate automatically for nonpayment of premium. The Policyholder may terminate the Group Policy in whole, and may terminate insurance for any class or group of Members, at any time by giving us written notice.

Benefits under the Group Policy are limited to its terms, including any valid amendment. No change or amendment will be valid unless it is approved in writing by one of our executive officers and given to the Policyholder for attachment to the Group Policy. If the terms of the certificate differ from the Group Policy, the terms stated in the Group Policy will govern. The Policyholder, your Employer, and their respective employees or representatives have no right or authority to change or amend the Group Policy or to waive any of its terms or provisions without our signed written approval.

We may change the Group Policy in whole or in part when any change or clarification in law or governmental regulation affects our obligations under the Group Policy, or with the Policyholder's consent.

Any such change or amendment of the Group Policy may apply to current or future Members or to any separate classes or groups of Members.

LT.TA.OT.1

# **DEFINITIONS**

Benefit Waiting Period means the period you must be continuously Disabled before LTD Benefits become payable. No LTD Benefits are payable for the Benefit Waiting Period. See **Coverage Features**.

Contributory means insurance is elective and Members pay all or part of the premium for insurance.

CPI-W means the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers published by the United States Department of Labor. If the CPI-W is discontinued or changed, we may use a comparable index. Where required, we will obtain prior state approval of the new index.

Employer means an employer (including approved affiliates and subsidiaries) for which coverage under the Group Policy is approved in writing by us.

Group Policy means the group LTD insurance policy issued by us to the Policyholder and identified by the Group Policy Number.

Indexed Predisability Earnings means your Predisability Earnings adjusted by the rate of increase in the CPI-W. During your first year of Disability, your Indexed Predisability Earnings are the same as your

Predisability Earnings. Thereafter, your Indexed Predisability Earnings are determined on each anniversary of your Disability by increasing the previous year's Indexed Predisability Earnings by the rate of increase in the CPI-W for the prior calendar year. The maximum adjustment in any year is 10%. Your Indexed Predisability Earnings will not decrease, even if the CPI-W decreases.

Injury means an injury to the body.

L.L.P. Owner-Employee means an individual who owns an equity interest in an Employer and is actively employed in the conduct of the Employer's business.

LTD Benefit means the monthly benefit payable to you under the terms of the Group Policy.

Maximum Benefit Period means the longest period for which LTD Benefits are payable for any one period of continuous Disability, whether from one or more causes. It begins at the end of the Benefit Waiting Period. No LTD Benefits are payable after the end of the Maximum Benefit Period, even if you are still Disabled, unless LTD Benefits are continued by the Lifetime Security Benefit. See **Coverage Features** and **Additional Benefits For The Severely Disabled**.

Noncontributory means (a) insurance is nonelective and the Policyholder or Employer pay the entire premium for insurance; or (b) the Policyholder or Employer require all eligible Members to have insurance and to pay all or part of the premium for insurance.

P.C. Partner means the sole active employee and majority shareholder of a professional corporation in partnership with the Policyholder.

Physical Disease means a physical disease entity or process that produces structural or functional changes in the body as diagnosed by a Physician.

Physician means a licensed M.D. or D.O., acting within the scope of the license. Physician does not include you or your Spouse, or the brother, sister, parent, or child of either you or your Spouse.

Pregnancy means your pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions, including complications of pregnancy.

Prior Plan means your Employer's group long term disability insurance plan in effect on the day before the effective date of your Employer's participation under the Group Policy and which is replaced by coverage under the Group Policy.

Spouse means:

- 1. A person to whom you are legally married; or
- 2. Your Domestic Partner. Your Domestic Partner means an individual recognized as such under applicable law.

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#### ERISA INFORMATION AND NOTICE OF RIGHTS

The following information and notice of rights and protections is furnished by the Plan Administrator as required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA)

A. General Plan Information

The General Plan Information required by ERISA is shown in the **Coverage Features**.

- B. Statement Of Your Rights Under ERISA
  - 1. Right To Examine Plan Documents

You have the right to examine all Plan documents, including any insurance contracts or collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed with the U.S. Department of Labor and available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits

Security Administration. These documents may be examined free of charge at the Plan Administrator's office.

# 2. Right To Obtain Copies Of Plan Documents

You have the right to obtain copies of all Plan documents, including any insurance contracts or collective bargaining agreements, a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series), and updated summary plan description upon written request to the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for these copies.

# 3. Right To Receive A Copy Of Annual Report

The Plan Administrator must give you a copy of the Plan's summary annual financial report, if the Plan was required to file an annual report. There will be no charge for the report.

# 4. Right To Review Of Denied Claims

If your claim for a Plan benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have the right: a) to know why this was done; b) to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision, without charge; and c) to have your claim reviewed and reconsidered, all within certain time schedules.

# C. Obligations Of Fiduciaries

In addition to creating rights for plan participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate the Plan, called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the interest of all Plan participants and beneficiaries. No one, including your employer, your union, or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a Plan benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

# D. Enforcing ERISA Rights

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request Plan documents or the latest annual report from the Plan and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees, for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

# E. Additional Procedures For Claims Based on Disability Determinations Filed on or after April 1, 2018

If we deny any part of your claim for a benefit that relies on a disability determination, you will receive a written notice of denial containing a copy of any internal rule or guideline relied upon in making the decision, or a statement that no such rules or guidelines exist. The notice of denial will also include information concerning your right to receive, free of charge, copies of non-privileged documents and records relevant to your claim.

If all or part of a claim is denied, you may request a review. Before we issue a decision on review for a benefit that relies on a disability decision, we will provide you, free of charge, with any new evidence or rationale considered, relied upon, or generated by us in connection with the claim, and we will provide such new evidence or rationale sufficiently in advance of the decision deadline date to give you a reasonable opportunity to respond prior to that date.

If our review results in a denial of any part of your claim for a benefit that relies on a disability decision, your written notice of denial will contain a copy of any internal rule or guideline relied upon

in making the decision, or a statement that no such rules or guidelines exist. The notice of denial will also include information concerning your right to bring a civil action for benefits under section 502(a) of ERISA and a description of any applicable contractual limitations period that applies to your right to bring such an action, including the calendar date on which the contractual limitations period expires for the claim.

# F. Plan And ERISA Questions

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact the Plan Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement or about your rights under ERISA, or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Plan Administrator, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, DC 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

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