

Logistic Regression

<u>Hrs (studied)</u>	<u>Outcome (y)</u>
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	1
5	1
6	1

$$P(y=1|x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(a_0 + a_1 x)}}$$

$$a_1 = 0.7212, a_0 = -3.0254$$

[using gradient descent tech]

$$P(y=1|x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(-3.0254 + 0.7212x)}}$$

when $x=1$, $P(y=1|1)$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(-3.0254 + 0.7212 \cdot 1)}}$$

$$\approx 0.090$$

(Fail)

$$x=2,$$

$$P(y=1|2) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(-3.0254 + 0.7212 \cdot 2)}} \\ = 0.170 \quad (\text{Fail})$$

$$x=3, \quad -0.297 \quad (\text{Fail})$$

$$x=4, \quad P(y=1|4) = 0.297 \quad (\text{Fail})$$

$$x=5, \quad P(y=1|5) = 0.641 \quad (\text{Pass})$$

$$x=6, \quad P(y=1|6) = 0.780 \quad (\text{Pass})$$

$$P(y=1|x) \geq 0.5 \Rightarrow P \quad \text{prediction}$$

$$P(y=1|x) < 0.5 \Rightarrow F$$

Polynomial Regression

x

1

2

3

y

2

4

6

\Rightarrow

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2$$

co-efficients

Note: $A^{-1} = \frac{1}{|A|} * \text{adj}(A)$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} \quad |A| = ad - bc$$

$\text{adj}(A) = \text{swap } a \text{ \& } d, \text{ negative } b \text{ \& } c$

$$\text{adj}(A) = \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad - bc} * \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$$

<u>x</u>	<u>y</u>
1	2
2	3
3	5
4	4
5	6

2-nd degree polynomial

$$y = a_0 + a_1 x + a_2 x^2$$

create design matrix

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x_1 & x_1^2 \\ 1 & x_2 & x_2^2 \\ 1 & x_3 & x_3^2 \\ 1 & x_4 & x_4^2 \\ 1 & x_5 & x_5^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{dataset} = \{x = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]\}$$

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & 4 & 16 \\ 1 & 5 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$$

Target vector $y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$

solve for coefficient

$$a = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y$$

$$\Rightarrow X^T X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 9 \\ 1 & 4 & 16 \\ 1 & 5 & 25 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 15 & 55 \\ 15 & 55 & 225 \\ 55 & 225 & 979 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2) X^T y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \\ 1 & 4 & 9 & 16 & 25 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 70 \\ 273 \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 50 \\ 240 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 11.5 & -3.25 & 0.5 \\ -3.25 & 1.25 & -0.25 \\ 0.5 & -0.25 & 0.0625 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T y \Rightarrow \downarrow * \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 50 \\ 240 \end{bmatrix} =$$

$$\theta = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.8 \\ 1.32857143 \\ -0.07142857 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{\underline{\lambda = 5}}$$

$$y = 0.8 + 1.3857143 \cdot 5 -$$

$$[-0.07142857 \cdot 5]$$

$$y = 5.65714286$$

$$\boxed{y = 5.66}$$

Decision Tree

<u>Study hrs</u>		<u>Attendance</u>		<u>P/F</u>
High	→	High	→	Pass
Low	→	High	→	Pass
Medium	→	High	→	Pass
Low	→	Low	→	Fail
Medium	→	Low	→	Fail

Steps

- 1) Calculate entropy for the dataset
- 2) Calculate information gain
- 3) Choose the best feature to split
- 4) Repeat until Tree is complete

Step 1 The dataset has 3-P, 2-F

Formula, Entropy $H = - \sum p_i \times \log_2(p_i)$

$$P_{\text{pass}} = 3/5 = 0.6$$

$$P_{\text{Fail}} = 2/5 = 0.4$$

$$H = - [0.6 \cdot \log_2(0.6) + 0.4 \cdot \log_2(0.4)]$$

$$H = - [0.6 \cdot -0.737 + 0.4 \cdot -1.322]$$

$$= - [-0.4422 - 0.522]$$

$$= - (-0.971) = \underline{\underline{0.971}}$$

$$\text{Dataset Entropy} = 0.971$$

2) Calculate information gain

① Study Hours $-\sum p_i \log_2(p_i)$

Study hrs)	P	F	Total	H
High	1	0	1	0
Medium	1	1	2	1
Low	1	1	2	1

$$\text{weighted entropy} = \frac{1}{5}(0) + \frac{2}{5}(1) + \frac{2}{5}(1)$$

$$= 0.8$$

$$\text{Info gain} = H_{\text{Dataset}} - H_{\text{Feature}}$$

$$= 0.971 - 0.8 = 0.171$$

27 Attendance

<u>Attendance</u>	<u>P</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>H</u>
High	3	0	3	0
Low	0	2	2	0

$$\text{weighted entropy} = (3/5)0 + (2/5)0 = 0$$

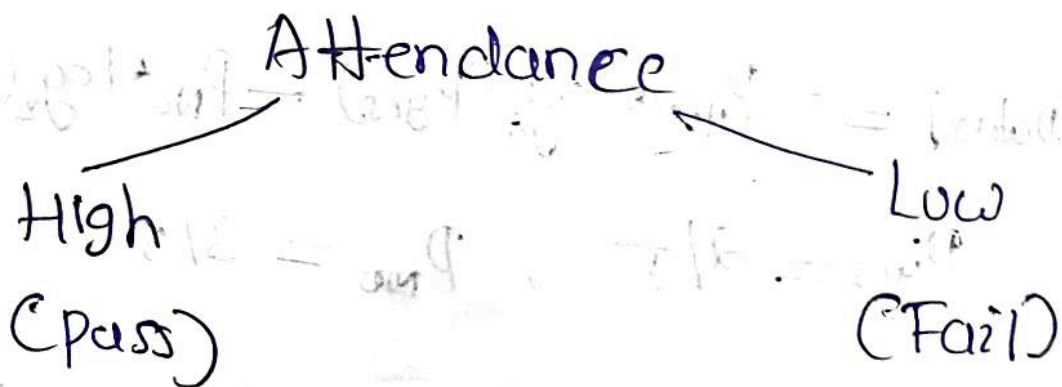
$$\text{gain} = 0.971 - 0 = 0.971$$

choose the best Feature

Highest inf gain \rightarrow Attendance

\therefore root node of tree \Rightarrow Attendance

Final Decision Tree



Study hrs = Low, Attendance = High \rightarrow Pass

Study hrs = Medium, Attendance = Low \rightarrow Fail

Example 2

<u>Weather</u>	<u>Play</u>
Sunny	No
Sunny	No
Overcast	Yes
Rain	Yes
Rain	No

Classify weather play based on weather

1) Calculate Dataset Entropy

Yes $\Rightarrow 2$, No $\Rightarrow 3$

$$H_{\text{Dataset}} = -P_{\text{Yes}} \log_2(P_{\text{Yes}}) - P_{\text{No}} \log_2(P_{\text{No}})$$

$$P_{\text{Yes}} = 2/5 , P_{\text{No}} = 3/5$$

$$\begin{aligned} H_{\text{Dataset}} &= -(2/5 \log_2(2/5)) - (3/5 \log_2(3/5)) \\ &= -(0.4 \log_2(0.4)) - (0.6 \log_2(0.6)) \\ &= 0.971 \end{aligned}$$

<u>weather</u>	<u>y</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Δ</u>
Sunny	0	2	2	0
Overcast	1	0	1	0
Rain	1	1	2	1.0

weighted entropy

$$H_{\text{weather}} = (2/5) \cdot 0 + (1/5) \cdot 0 + (2/5) \cdot 1$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.4}}$$

Info gain

$$\text{Gain} = H_{\text{Data red}} - H_{\text{weather}}$$

$$= 0.971 - 0.4$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.571}}$$

