

Tutorial-1

Name: Shreerang Mhatre

Roll no: 33

Batch: A2

PRN: 1032211745

$$\text{Q1)} \frac{d^3y}{dx^3} + 6\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 11\frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow A. D^3 + 6D^2 + 11D + 6 = 0$$

so one root is -2

$$\begin{array}{r} D^2 + 4D + 3 \\ D+2 \overline{) D^3 + 6D^2 + 11D + 6} \\ \underline{D^3 + 2D^2} \\ 4D^2 + 11D \\ \underline{4D^2 + 8D} \\ 3D + 6 \\ \underline{3D + 6} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$3D + 6 = 0$$

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$$0 = 0$$

$$\therefore (D+2)(D^2+4D+3) = D^3 + 6D^2 + 11D + 6$$

$$D^2 + 4D + 3 = D^2 + 3D + D + 3$$

$$= D(D+3) + 1(D+3)$$

$$(D+2)(D+1)(D+3) = D^3 + 6D^2 + 11D + 6$$

so the roots are -1, -2, -3

$$y = C_1 e^{-x} + C_2 e^{-2x} + C_3 e^{-3x}$$

Q2) $\frac{d^3y}{dx^3} - \frac{4dy}{dx} = 0$

\rightarrow A.E $- D^3 - 4D = 0$
 $D(D^2 - 4) = 0$

$\therefore D = 0, D^2 - 4 = 0$

$D^2 = 4$

$D = \pm 2, -2$

\therefore Soln: $y = C_1 + C_2 e^{2x} + C_3 e^{-2x}$

Q3) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 5y = 0$

\rightarrow A.E $\Rightarrow D^2 - 5 = 0$

$D^2 = 5$

$D = \pm \sqrt{5}$

Soln: $C_1 e^{\sqrt{5}x} + C_2 e^{-\sqrt{5}x}$

Q4) $(D^4 + 25)y = 0$

A.E $\Rightarrow D^4 + 25 = 0$

$(D^2)^2 + (5)^2 = 0$

$(D^2)^2 + 10D^2 + (5)^2 = 10D^2$

$(D^2 + 5)^2 = 10D^2$

$$\therefore (D^2+5)^2 - 10D^2 = 0$$

$$\therefore (D^2+5+\sqrt{10}D)(D^2+5-\sqrt{10}D) = 0$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{10} \pm \sqrt{10-20}}{2} \quad \& \quad \frac{\sqrt{10} \pm \sqrt{10-20}}{2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{-\sqrt{10} \pm \sqrt{10}i}{2} \quad \& \quad \frac{\sqrt{10} \pm \sqrt{10}i}{2}$$

are the four roots.

$$-\frac{\sqrt{10}}{2} (1 \pm i) \quad \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2} (1 \pm i)$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} (1 \pm i) \quad \& \quad \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} (1 \pm i)$$

$$y = e^{-\sqrt{5}/2 x} \left(C_1 \cos \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} x + C_2 \sin \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} x \right) + e^{\sqrt{5}/2 x} \left(C_3 \cos \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} x + C_4 \sin \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} x \right)$$

~~Ans~~

→

Q5) $y^4 - 9y'' + 20y = 0$

$$y - \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + 20y = 0$$

$$\rightarrow A.E \rightarrow D^4 - 9D^2 + 20 = 0$$

$D-2$ is a factor by trial & error

$$\begin{array}{r} D^3 + 2D^2 - 5D - 10 \\ \therefore D-2 \overline{) D^4 - 9D^2 + 20} \\ \underline{D^4 - 2D^3} \\ 2D^3 - 9D^2 \\ \underline{2D^3 - 4D^2} \\ -5D^2 + 20 \\ \underline{-5D^2 + 10D + 20} \\ 10D + 20 \\ \underline{-10D + 20} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

$$\therefore (D-2)(D^3 + 2D^2 - 5D - 10)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} D^2 - 5 \\ (D+2) \overline{) D^3 + 2D^2 - 5D - 10} \\ \underline{D^3 + 2D^2} \\ -5D - 10 \\ \underline{-5D - 10} \\ 00 \end{array}$$

$$= (D-2)(D+2)(D^2-5)$$

$$= (D-2)(D+2)(D+\sqrt{5})(D-\sqrt{5})$$

$$\therefore \text{Soln} - y = C_1 e^{\sqrt{5}x} + C_2 e^{-\sqrt{5}x} + C_3 e^{2x} + C_4 e^{-2x}$$