

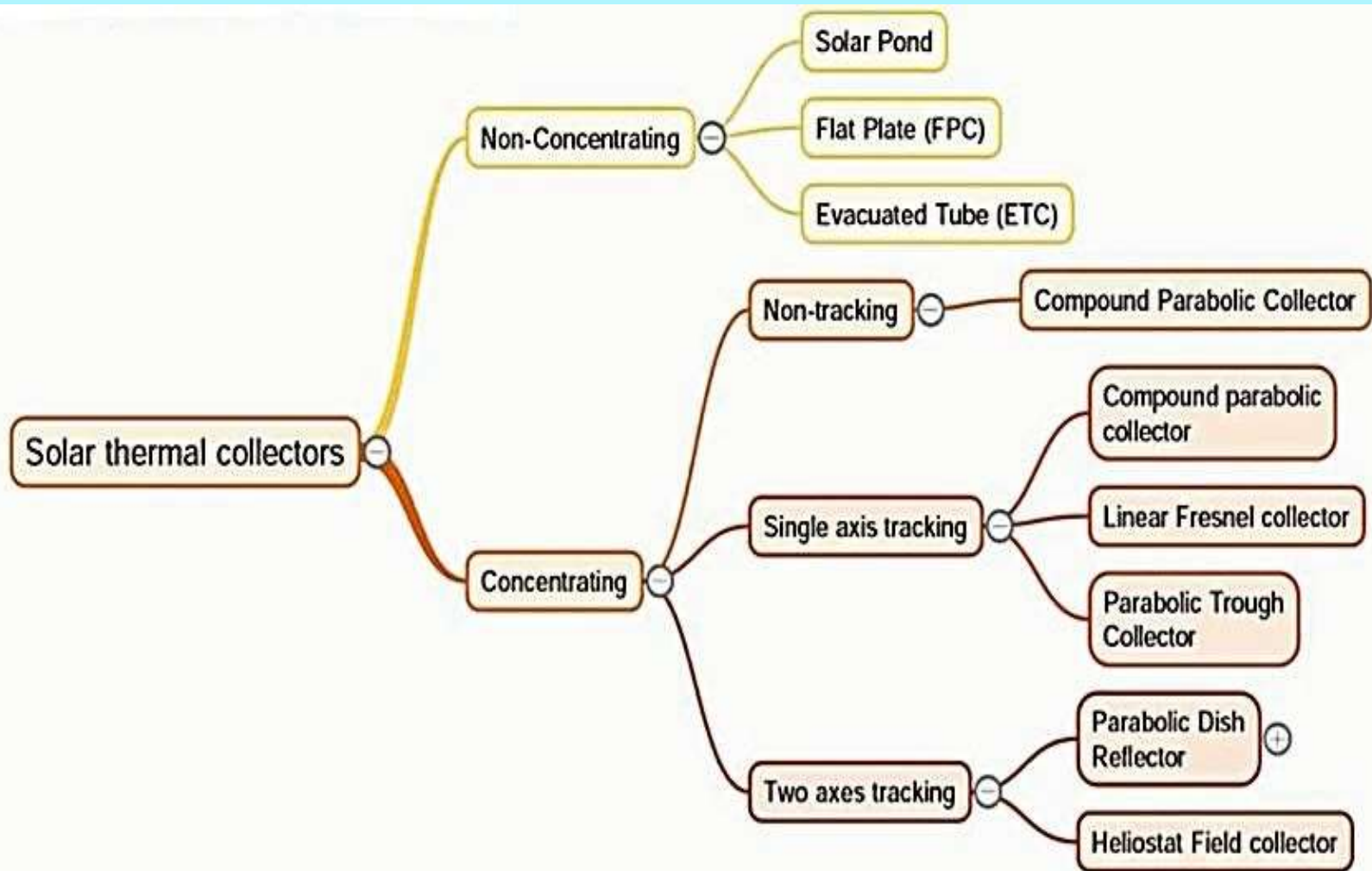
# Unit 2:- Solar Energy



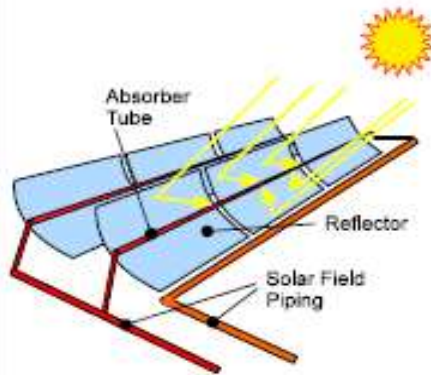
# Lecture 6

- Solar Thermal Power
- Concentrated Solar Power
- Solar Thermal Flat Panels
- Parabolic Trough Solar Power Plant
- Linear Fresnel Reflector
- Single and Two Axis Solar Tracking
- Two Axis Solar Tracking
- Parabolic Dish Sterling Engine
- Solar Wind Energy Down Draft Tower
- Concentrated Solar Power Tower
- Evacuated Tube for Hot Water & Electricity
- Photo Voltaic with Thermal
- Energy calculations.

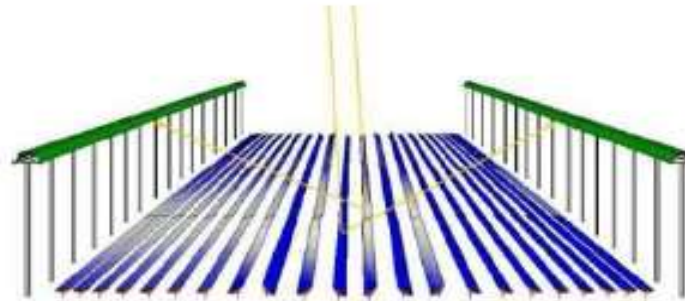
# Solar Thermal Power



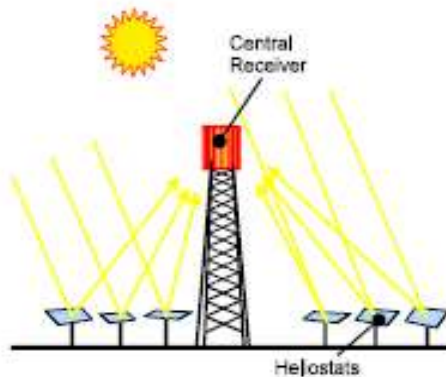
# Concentrated Solar Power



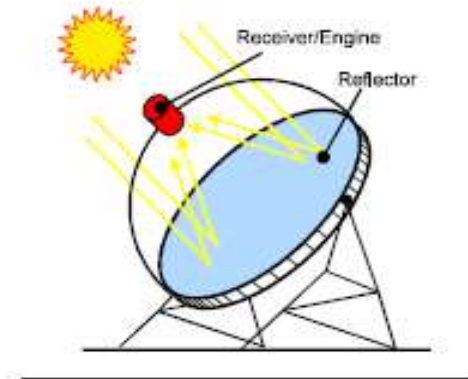
Parabolic troughs



Linear Fresnel Reflectors

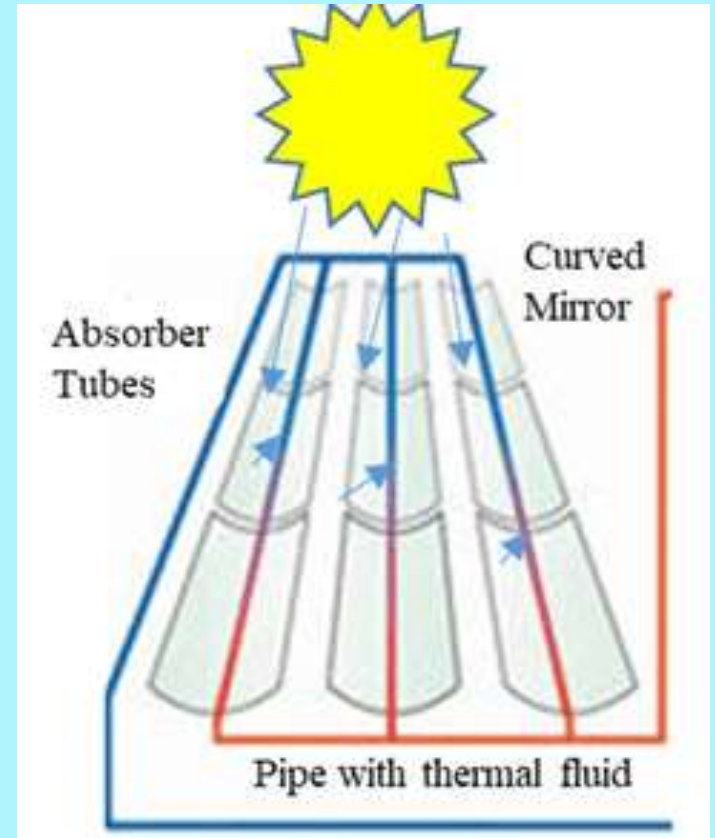


Central Receiver / Heliostats



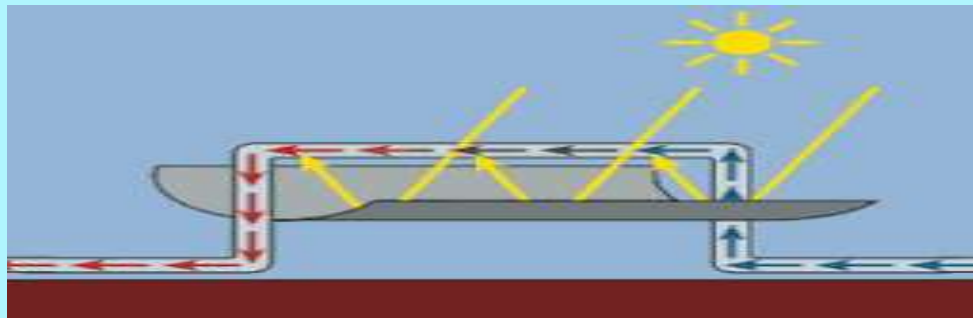
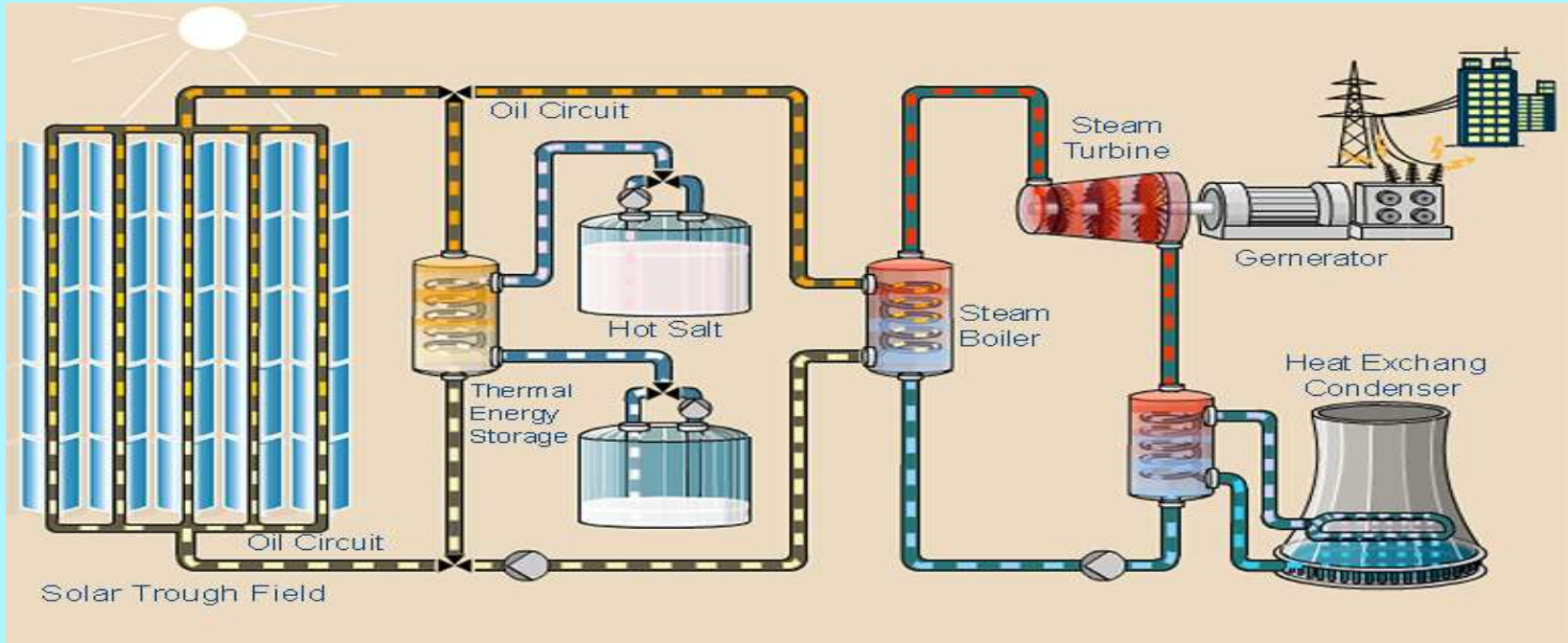
Parabolic dishes

# Solar Thermal flat Panels

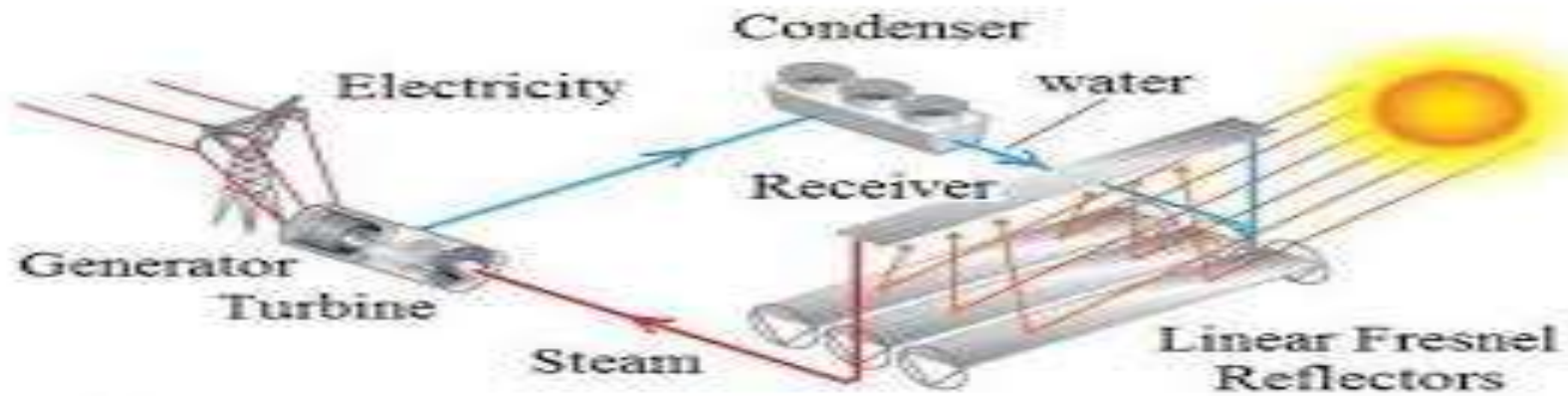




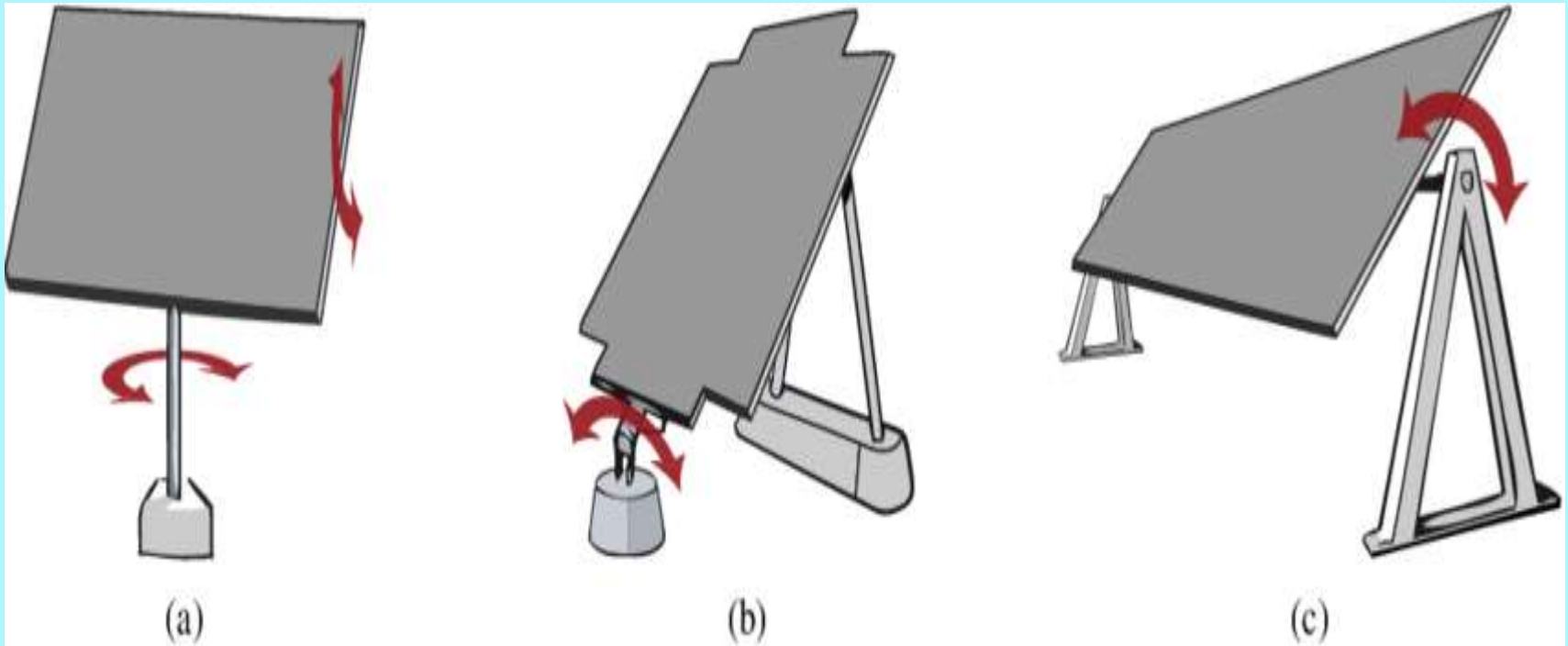
# Parabolic Trough Solar Power Plant



# Linear Fresnel Reflectors



# Single and Two Axis Solar Tracking



Shown are different solar trackers used in both PV and CPV; (a) dual-axis tracker, (b) polar aligned single-axis tracker, and (c) horizontal single-axis tracker.



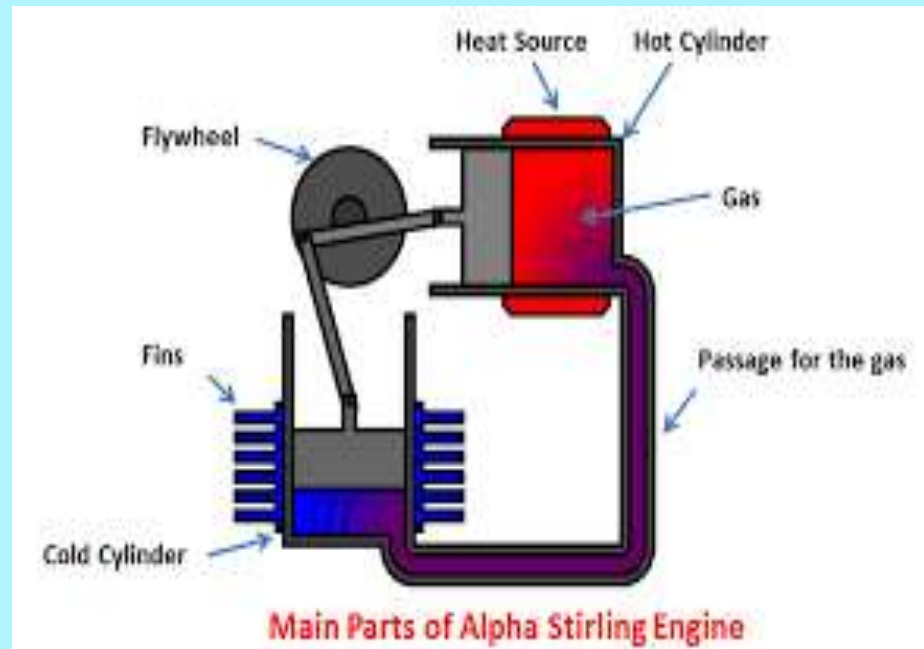
# Two Axis Solar Tracking



Dual-axis Tracker



# Parabolic Dish Sterling Engine

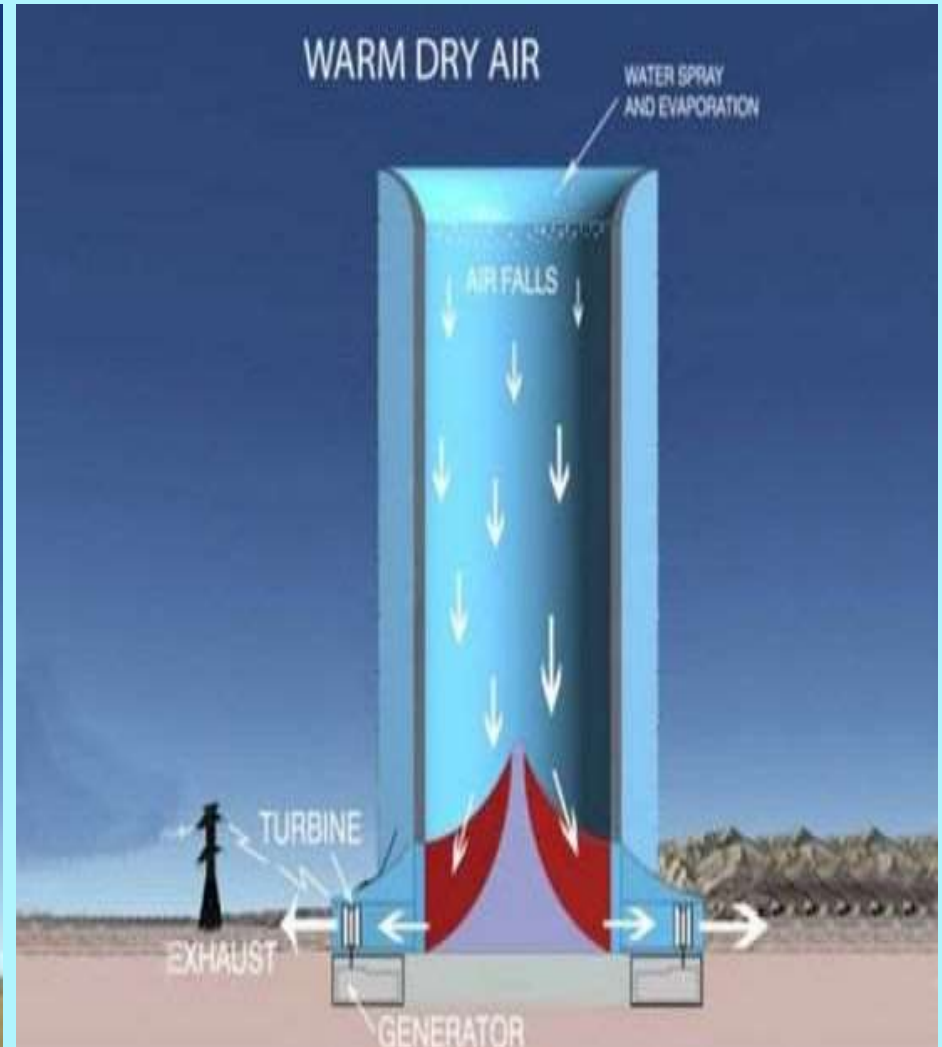


**Sterling Motor Engine**

# Parabolic Dish Sterling Engine

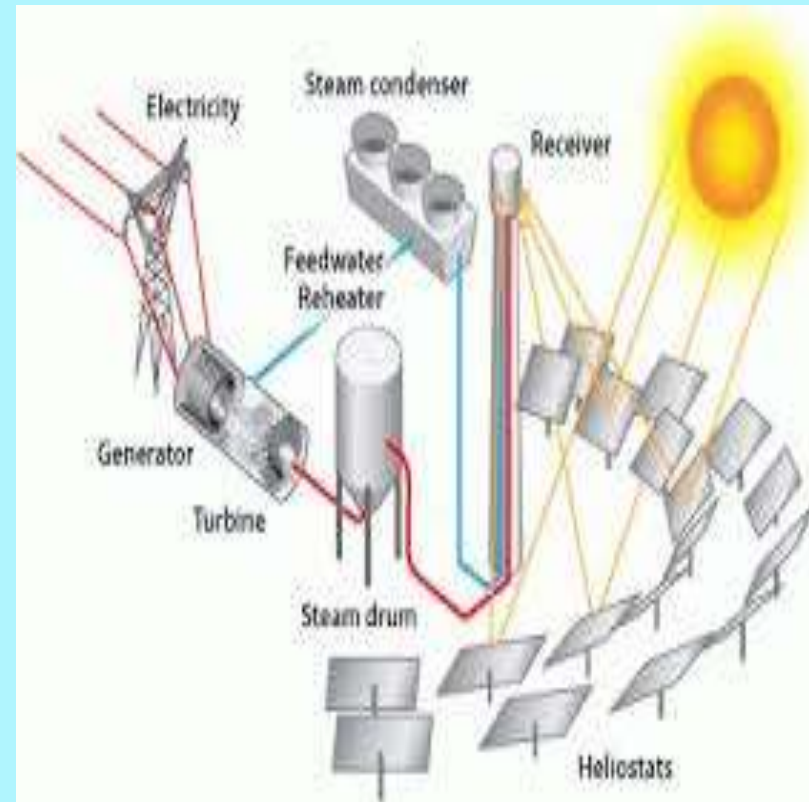


# Solar Wind Energy Down Draft Tower





# Concentrated Solar Power Tower

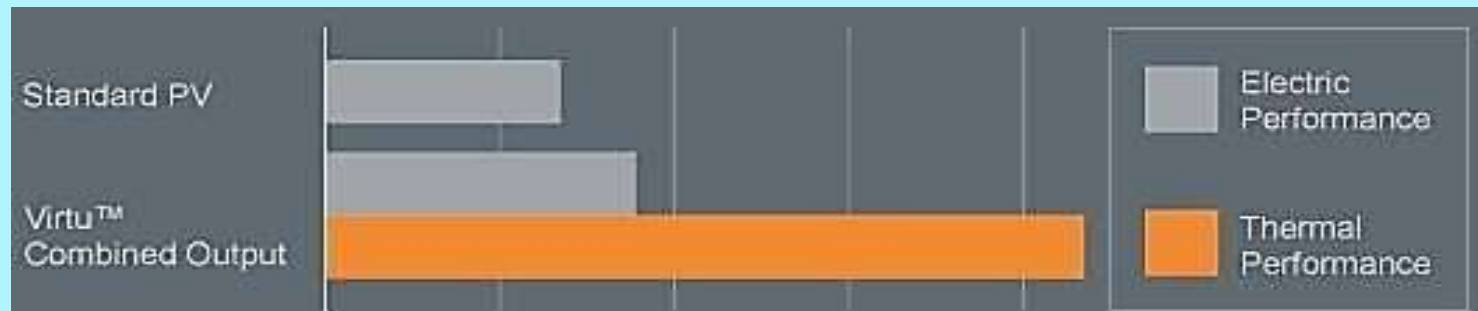




# Concentrated Solar Power Tower

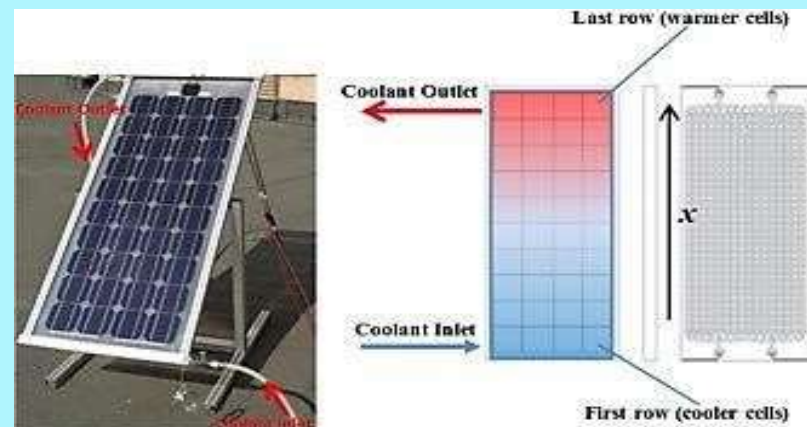
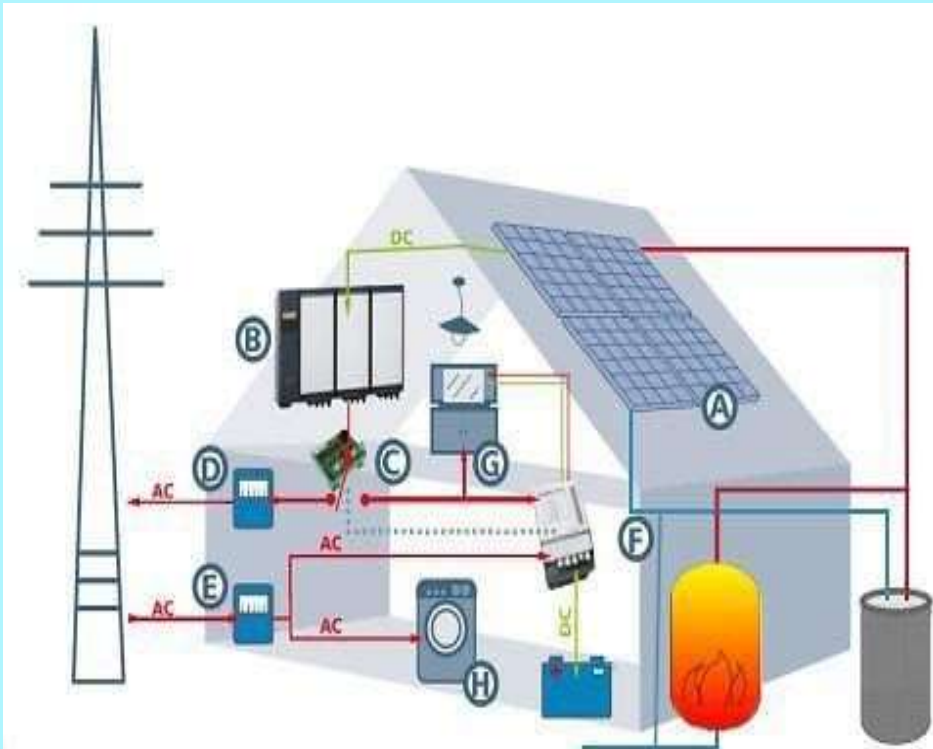


# Evacuated Tube for Hot Water & Electricity





# Photovoltaic with Thermal



## How much of Solar Energy is converted into Electrical Energy in Photovoltaic Cells?

*The energy conversion efficiency* is a measure of how much of the solar energy is converted into electrical energy. The calculation for the energy conversion factor is,

$$\eta = (P_m / (E * A)) * 100$$

Where,

$\eta$  = Energy conversion factor, percent.

$P_m$  = Maximum power output, watts.

$E$  = Solar energy, insolation, watts per square meter.

$A$  = Area of the solar cell, square meters.

For example, what is the energy conversion efficiency of a 175-watt solar panel that measures 0.75 x 1.50 meters, if the solar insolation is 1,000 W/m<sup>2</sup>?

Since the area of the solar cell is  $0.75 * 1.50 = 1.125 \text{ m}^2$ , the efficiency is,

$$\eta = (175 / (1.125 * 1,000)) * 100$$

$$\eta = 15.6\%.$$

This particular unit converts 15.6% of the available solar energy into electrical energy.

**Thank You**