

Swi prolog code for wumpus world:

```
/* -----  
Wumpus World in SWI-Prolog  
----- */  
  
% --- World Representation ---  
% world(Size, Wumpus, PitList, Gold)  
world(4, (2,3), [(3,1),(4,4)], (2,2)).  
  
% --- Adjacency Helper ---  
adjacent((X,Y),(X1,Y)) :- X1 is X+1.  
adjacent((X,Y),(X1,Y)) :- X1 is X-1, X1 > 0.  
adjacent((X,Y),(X,Y1)) :- Y1 is Y+1.  
adjacent((X,Y),(X,Y1)) :- Y1 is Y-1, Y1 > 0.  
  
% --- Percepts ---  
stench(Pos) :-  
    world(_, Wumpus, _, _),  
    adjacent(Pos,Wumpus).  
  
breeze(Pos) :-  
    world(_, _, Pits, _),  
    member(Pit,Pits),  
    adjacent(Pos,Pit).  
  
glitter(Pos) :-  
    world(_, _, _, Gold),  
    Pos = Gold.  
  
% --- Safety ---  
safe(Pos) :-
```

```

\+ stench(Pos),
\+ breeze(Pos).

% --- Moves (stay within world bounds) ---
move((X,Y), right, (X1,Y)) :-
    world(Size, _, _, _),
    X1 is X+1,
    X1 <= Size.
move((X,Y), left, (X1,Y)) :-
    X1 is X-1,
    X1 > 0.
move((X,Y), up, (X,Y1)) :-
    world(Size, _, _, _),
    Y1 is Y+1,
    Y1 <= Size.
move((X,Y), down, (X,Y1)) :-
    Y1 is Y-1,
    Y1 > 0.

% --- Safe or goal (allow moving to gold even if near danger) ---
safe_or_goal(Pos) :-
    safe(Pos);
    glitter(Pos).

% --- Planning with visited cells to avoid cycles ---
plan(Start, Plan) :-
    plan(Start, [Start], Plan).

% If gold is here, grab it
plan(Pos, _, [grab]) :-
    glitter(Pos), !.

```

% Explore safe neighbors

plan(Pos, Visited, [Move|Rest]) :-

 move(Pos, Move, Next),

 safe_or_goal(Next),

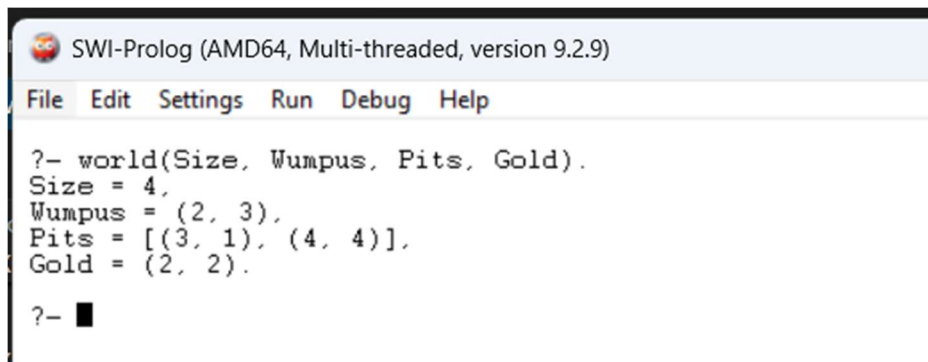
 \+ member(Next, Visited), % avoid revisiting

 plan(Next, [Next|Visited], Rest).

Output:

1. Check the World Setup

We can inspect the world:

A screenshot of the SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 9.2.9) window. The window has a menu bar with 'File', 'Edit', 'Settings', 'Run', 'Debug', and 'Help'. The main text area shows the following Prolog code and its output:

```
?- world(Size, Wumpus, Pits, Gold).  
Size = 4,  
Wumpus = (2, 3),  
Pits = [(3, 1), (4, 4)],  
Gold = (2, 2).  
?-
```

2. Test Percepts

These tell you what the agent would sense in a cell.

```
?- stench((2,2)).  
true.  
?- breeze((1,3)).  
false.  
?- glitter((2,2)).  
true.  
?-
```

3. Check Safety

See whether a cell is safe to enter:

```
?- safe((1,1)).  
true.  
?- safe((3,1)).  
true.
```

4. Generate Possible Moves

To see where we can go from a position:

```
?- move((1,1), Dir, Next).  
Dir = right,  
Next = (2, 1) ;  
Dir = up,  
Next = (1, 2) ;  
false.
```

5. Plan a Route to the Gold

The core feature — find a plan starting from a position:

```
?- plan((1,1), Plan).  
Plan = [up, right, grab] ;  
false.  
  
?- plan((1,1), Plan).  
Plan = [up, right, grab] .
```

6. Test Adjacency

To see if two positions are neighbors:

```
?- adjacent((2,3), (2,2)).  
true.  
  
?- adjacent((2,3), (4,1)).  
false.
```

7. Manual Exploration

We can combine rules manually:

```
?- move((1,1), right, Next), safe(Next).  
false.
```

This will tell “if the right cell is safe to move to.”

Overall Output:

```
SWI-Prolog (AMD64, Multi-threaded, version 9.2.9)
File Edit Settings Run Debug Help

?- world(Size, Wumpus, Pits, Gold).
Size = 4,
Wumpus = (2, 3),
Pits = [(3, 1), (4, 4)],
Gold = (2, 2).

?- stench((2,2)).
true.

?- breeze((1,3)).
false.

?- glitter((2,2)).
true.

?- safe((1,1)).
true.

?- safe((3,1)).
true.

?- move((1,1), Dir, Next).
Dir = right,
Next = (2, 1) ;
Dir = up,
Next = (1, 2) ;
false.

?- plan((1,1), Plan).
Plan = [up, right, grab] ;
false.

?- plan((1,1), Plan).
Plan = [up, right, grab] .

?- adjacent((2,3), (2,2)).
true.

?- adjacent((2,3), (4,1)).
false.

?- move((1,1), right, Next), safe(Next).
false.

?-
```