

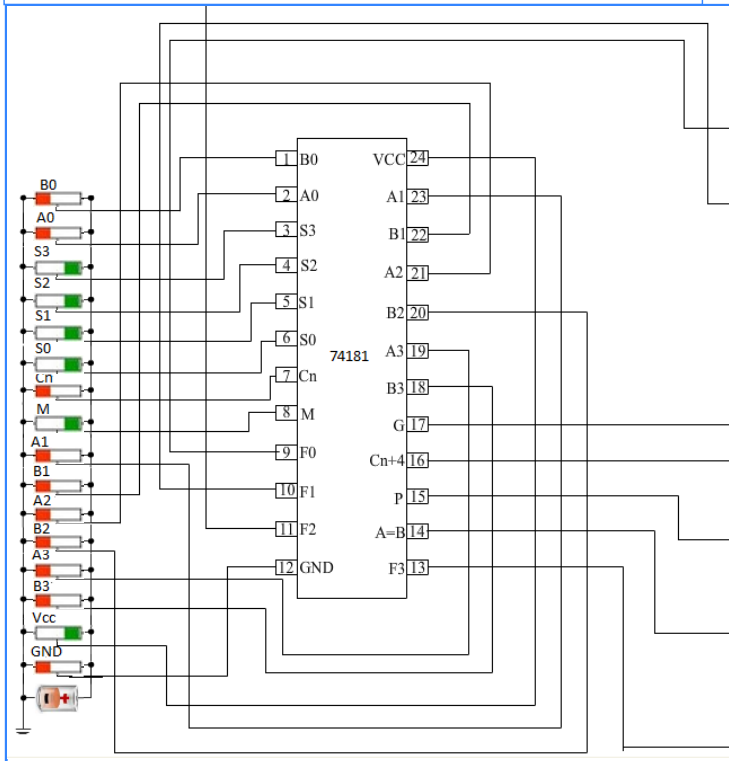


Design of Arithmetic Logic Unit

INSTRUCTION

1. Apply high voltage to M(mode control input) and low voltage to C_n .
2. Apply V_{CC} and low level voltage to ground(GND).
3. Then apply low voltage to all the 4 select inputs ($S_3 S_2 S_1 S_0$). Logical operation will be performed. The output will be inverted A.
4. Next, apply high voltage to S_0 and apply low voltage to all other select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_1$). Logical operation will be performed. The output will be $A + B$.
5. Now apply high voltage to S_1 and low voltage to all other select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_0$). Logical operation will be performed. The output will be AB .
6. To check the outputs for arithmetic operations, apply high voltage to C_n and low voltage to M. Then apply low voltage to all the 4 select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_1 S_0$). Arithmetic operation will be performed. The output will be A
7. Apply high voltage to S_0 and apply low voltage to all other select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_1$). Arithmetic operation will be performed. The output will be $A + B$.
8. For Arithmetic operation $A + \bar{B}$, apply high voltage to S_1 and low voltage to all other select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_0$).
9. Apply all the combinations to all the select inputs($S_3 S_2 S_1$) to check the Logical and Arithmetic operation output.
10. Note: Red symbolize as Low (L), Green symbolize as High(H).

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



TRUTH TABLE

[Add to Table](#)

7	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	$A\bar{B}$
8	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	$\bar{A}+B$
9	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	$\bar{A} \text{ xor } \bar{B}$
10	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	B
11	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	AB
12	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	Logic 1
13	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	$A + \bar{B}$