## Problem 2

$$g(t) = \cos(2\pi(f_c + f_m)t) \tag{1}$$

where,  $f_c >> f_m$ 

(a) Expanding g(t) in terms of  $cos(2\pi f_c t)$  and  $sin(2\pi f_c t)$  we get:

$$g(t) = \cos(2\pi f_c t)\cos(2\pi f_m t) - \sin(2\pi f_c t)\sin(2\pi f_m t) \tag{2}$$

Now recall the complex baseband representation

$$g(t) = g_I(t)\cos(2\pi f_c t) - g_Q(t)\sin(2\pi f_c t)$$
(3)

In our case,  $g_I = cos(2\pi f_m t)$  and  $g_Q = sin(2\pi f_m t)$ 

The complex baseband representation is given by

$$\tilde{g}(t) = g_I(t) + jg_Q(t) \tag{4}$$

$$\tilde{g}(t) = \cos(2\pi f_m t) + j\sin(2\pi f_m t) = e^{2\pi j f_m t} \tag{5}$$

(b) Fourier transform of  $\tilde{g}(t)$  is:

$$\tilde{G}(f) = \delta(f - f_m) \tag{6}$$

Also:

$$G(f) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \tilde{G}(f - f_c) + \tilde{G}^*(-f - f_c) \right]. \tag{7}$$

So:

$$G(f) = \frac{\delta(f - (f_c + f_m)) + \delta(f + (f_c + f_m))}{2}$$
 (8)

## Problem 3

$$g(t) = e^{-a|t|}cos(2\pi f_c t) \tag{9}$$

where, a > 0 and  $f_c$  is large enough

$$H(f) = \begin{cases} e^{-j2\pi|f|t_0}, & \text{if } f_c - B \le |f| \le f_c + B\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (10)

where,  $t_0, B > 0$ . Complex envelope of g(t) is  $\tilde{g}(t) = e^{-a|t|}$ . The fourier transform  $\tilde{H}(f)$  of complex envelope  $\tilde{h}(t)$  comes out to be:

$$\tilde{H}(f) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-j2\pi(f+f_c)t_0}, & \text{if } -B \le f \le B\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (11)

We get  $\tilde{h}(t) = 4Be^{-j2\pi f_c t_0} sinc(2B(t-t_0))$ . Use  $\tilde{y}(t) = \frac{1}{2}(\tilde{h}(t)*\tilde{g}(t))$  and  $y(t) = Re[\tilde{y}(t)exp(j2\pi f_c t)]$ .