Microprocessors Instruction Set Architecture

Virendra Singh

Computer Architecture and Dependable Systems Lab
Department of Electrical Engineering
Indian Institute of Technology Bombay

http://www.ee.iitb.ac.in/~viren/

E-mail: viren@ee.iitb.ac.in

FE-309: Microprocessors





What Are the Components of an ISA?

- Sometimes known as The Programmer's Model of the machine
- Storage cells
 - General and special purpose registers in the CPU
- The machine instruction set
 - The instruction set is the entire repertoire of machine operations
- The instruction format
 - Size and meaning of fields within the instruction





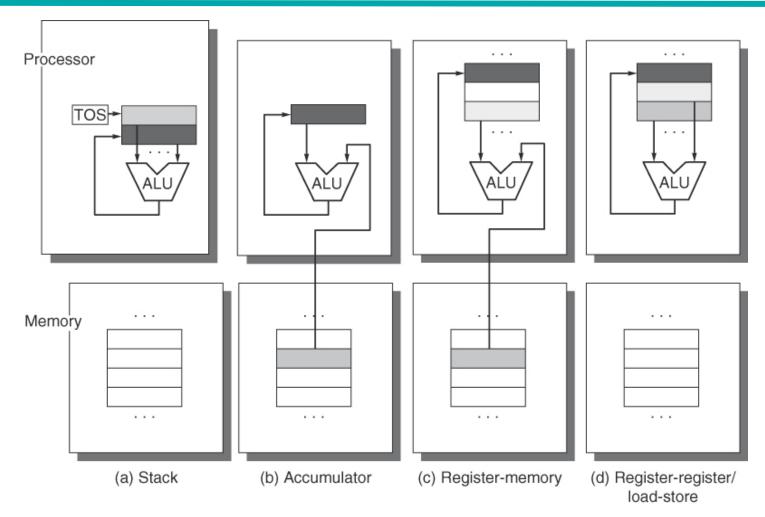
ISA Classification

- Type of internal storage in a processor is the most basic differentiator
 - Stack Architecture
 - > Accumulator Architecture
 - General Purpose Register Architecture
 - Memory-Memory Architecture





Basic Machine Organizations



Source: CA: A quantitative approach



Stack Architectures

Instruction set:

```
add, sub, mult, div, . . .
push A, pop A
```

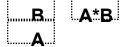
• Example: A*B - (A+C*B)

```
push A
push B
mul
push A
push C
push B
```

mul

add













5



result



Stacks: Pros and Cons

Pros

- Good code density (implicit operand addressing > top of stack)
- Low hardware requirements
- Easy to write a simpler compiler for stack architectures

Cons

- Stack becomes the bottleneck
- Data is not always at the top of stack when need, so additional instructions like TOP and SWAP are needed
- Difficult to write an optimizing compiler for stack architectures





Accumulator Architectures

```
Instruction set:
   add A, sub A, mult A, div A, . . .
   load A, store A

    Example: A*B - (A+C*B)

   load B
   mul C
                   B B*C A+B*C A A*B result
   add A
   store D
   load A
   mul B
   sub D
```





Accumulators: Pros and Cons

Pros

- -Very low hardware requirements
- Easy to design and understand

Cons

- Accumulator becomes the bottleneck
- High memory traffic





Addressing Modes

- Register
- Immediate
- Register Indirect
- Base + Displacement
- Direct Absolute
- Memory Indirect
- Auto Increment
- Auto decrement





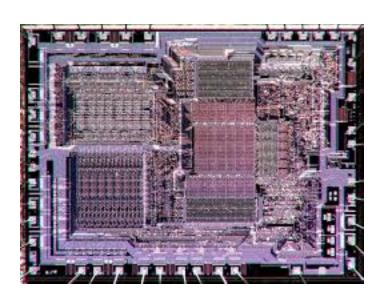
MICROPROCESSOR

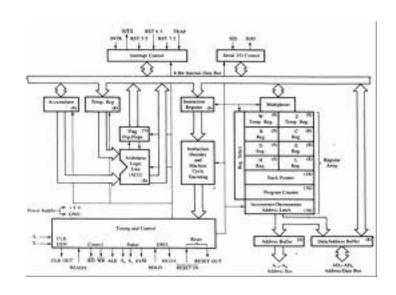




Microprocessor: 8085

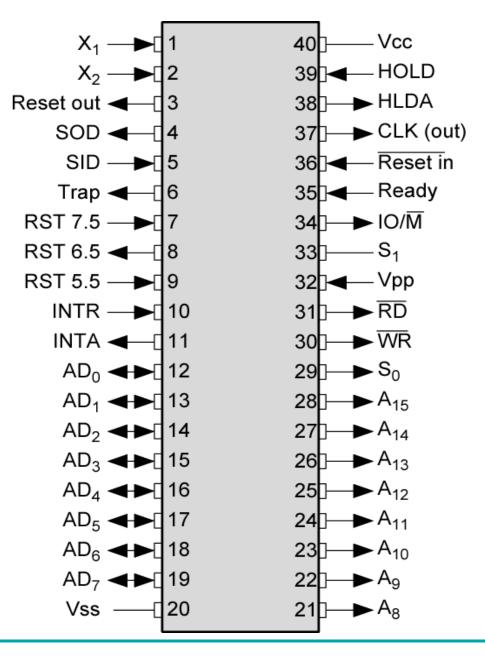




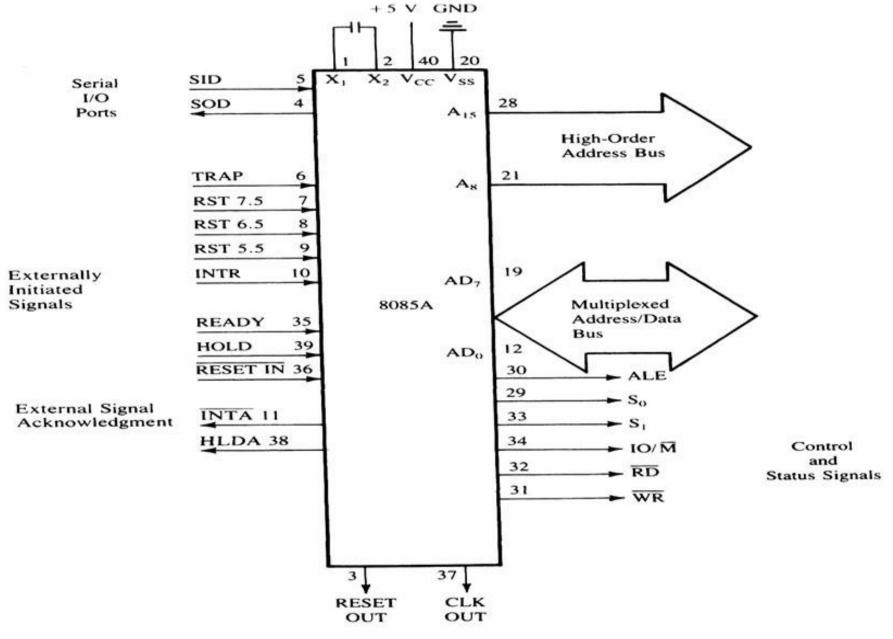




Intel 8085 Pin Configuration





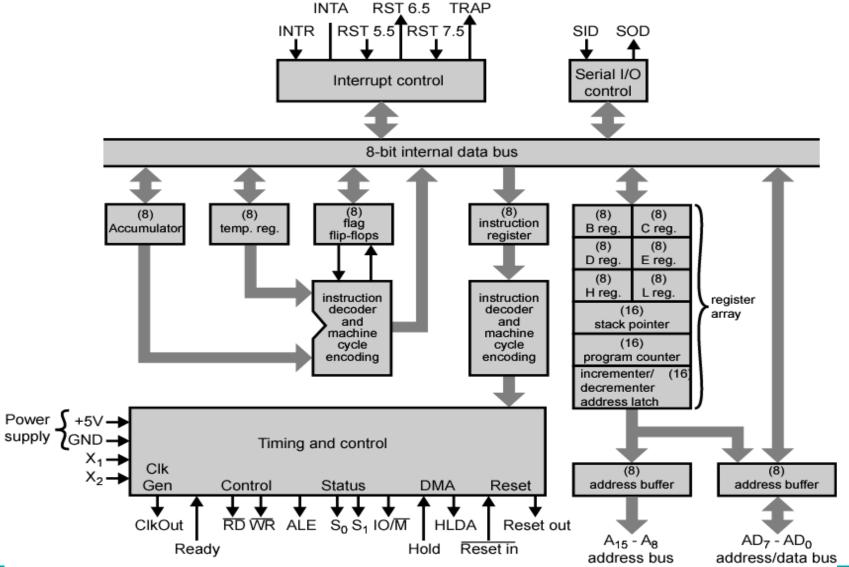




Signals and I/O Pins

EE-309@IITB

Intel 8085 CPU Block Diagram





Thank You



