

Islington College



Islington college

Programming

CS4001NI

Coursework 1

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Proposal:

This proposal is written to address the first individual coursework given out on Programming Module. The project involves detailed documentation and development of a java program to demonstrate how java can be used to handle problems using object oriented programming method. The coursework was handed out at 8th week and was to be submitted in 12th week.

Purpose:

The purpose of this project is to develop a code in object oriented manner by using classes which are linked to each other in a hierarchy. The program should be aided by class diagram, pseudocode and research for a better result.

Mission:

The Task is to simply to create 3 classes: course, professional and certification in which the latter two are extended from the super class course. These classes must have all the constructor, accessor and setter methods coded according to the question.

Table of Contents:

1. Introduction:	1
2. Class Diagram:	3
3. Pseudocode:	6
4. Method Description	13
4.1. Course (Super Class) :	13
4.2. Professional (secondary class):	14
4.3. Certification (secondary class):	16
5. Tests:	18
5.1. Test 1:	18
5.2. Test 2:	21
5.3. Test 3:	24
5.4. Test 4:	27
6. Error Detection:	28
7. Conclusion:	32
References	33

Table of figures:

Figure 1: Overall Class Diagram	3
Figure 2: Inspecting object	19
Figure 3: enrolling a student	19
Figure 4: Reinspection of object	20
Figure 5: enrolling a student	21
Figure 6: Inspecting the object	22
Figure 7: Setting the object as completed	22
Figure 8: Reinspection of the object	23
Figure 9: Creating a object	24
Figure 10: Inspecting the object	25
Figure 11: enrolling a student	25
Figure 12: Reinspection of the object	26
Figure 14: display of professional class	27
Figure 13: display of certification class	27
Figure 15: Error indicating missing return statement	28
Figure 16: Error due to missing braces	29
Figure 17: Error due to missing semi colon	30
Figure 18: Error due to missing braces	30
Figure 19: Declaring a class named String	31
Figure 20: Multiple error caused due to the conflicting keyword	31

Table of tables:

Table 1: Class diagram for Course which is super class	4
Table 2: Class diagram for Professional class	4
Table 3: Class diagram for Certification class	5
Table 4: Test 1	18
Table 5: Test 2	21
Table 6: Test 3	24
Table 7: Test 4	27

1. Introduction:

The main objective of this project is to develop codes on three classes: course, professional and certification. The classes professional and certification are inherits attributes from course class so they have the common attributes: Course name, Instructor name, total hours and student name which is initialized to “ “. Simply put Inheritance is ability of a subclass to take general properties of super class (Poo, et al., 2007). The other classes have their own attributes. All the classes consist of accessor methods for each variable and setter method for some specified variables. The display method on the super class is called on both the sub classes with the same signature to display details on each class. There are also specific methods in professional and certification class as instructed in the paper. To develop the program a class diagram is prepared to simplify the process.

This project documents the development of the program which involves working with java so for understand this project one must first understand these essential keywords included in this project. The keywords are Class, Method, Variables, Super, Datatypes, and Various other java keywords.

While working on the project these are tools were used:

1. Notepad

Text editor software for editing codes and texts

2. Microsoft Word 2016

Word processing tool to create the report

3. BlueJ

IDE for java to prepare the code

Objective and Approach:

To complete the given task planning will greatly help the progression of the project so to complete the project the following tasks were done:

1. Gathering information about the project and keywords used in it.
2. Constructing some simple models to aid the development of the project (like class diagram and pseudocode).
3. Coding the program.
4. Testing the program to find errors and fix them.
5. Documenting the process

Scope:

This project will be useful for future reference on developing any java program based on the object-oriented format for any scholars, programmers or associations as it utilizes the object-oriented programming method in java. The object-oriented method focuses more on the objects than actions to be executed (Rouse, 2014).

2. Class Diagram:

UML Class diagram is a simple way of representing the hierarchy of java classes in pictorial form. Class diagram is a simply the interpretation of the model of code in a pictorial and easier form (Knoernschild, 2002). UML stands for Unified Modeling Language, it is like a graphical language and was created to model various types of codes to simplify them (Jacobson, et al., 2000). The use of UML class diagram will make the process of writing the code very easier so using it is highly recommended. The simplified version of the overall class diagram is as following:

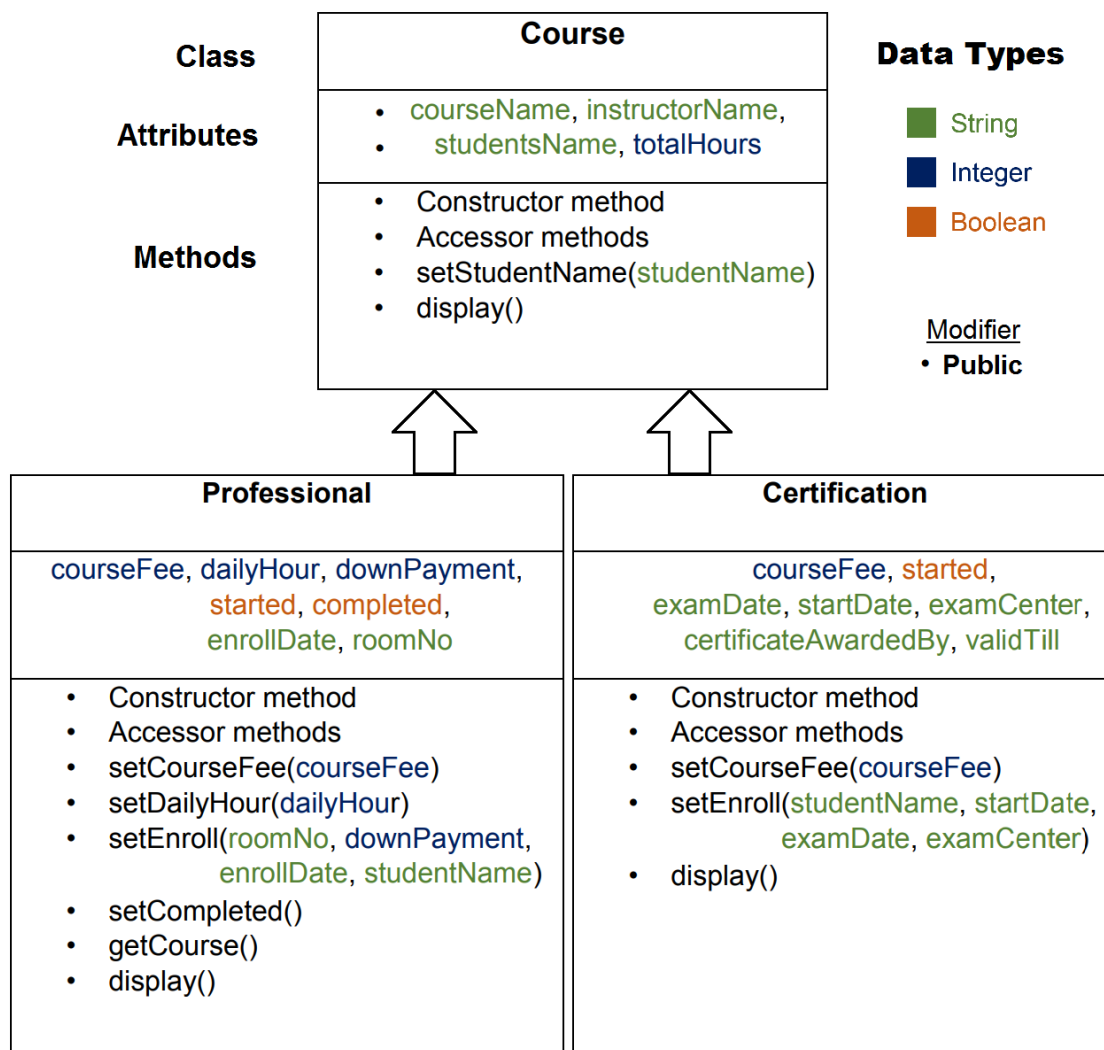


Figure 1: Overall Class Diagram

The more detailed class diagram is as follows which includes all the information in detail

Table 1: Class diagram for Course which is super class

Course (super class)		
	+ courseName	: String
	+ instructorName	: String
	+ studentsName	: String
	+ totalHours	: Integer
	+ getTotalHours()	: Integer
	+ getCoursename()	: String
	+ getInstructorName()	: String
	+ getStudentName()	: String
	+ setStudentName(studentName: String)	: void
	+ display()	: void

Table 2: Class diagram for Professional class

Professional		
	- courseFee	: Integer
	- dailyHour	: Integer
	- downPayment	: Integer
	- started	: Boolean
	- completed	: Boolean
	- enrollDate	: String
	- roomNo	: String
	+ getCourseFee()	: Integer
	+ getDailyHour()	: Integer
	+ getDownPayment()	: Integer
	+ getStarted()	: Boolean
	+ getCompleted()	: Boolean
	+ getEnrollDate()	: String
	+ getRoomNo()	: String
	+ setCourseFee(courseFee : Integer)	: void
	+ setDailyHour(dailyHour : Integer)	: void
	+ setEnroll(roomNo : String, downPayment : Integer, enrollDate : String, studentName: String)	: void
	+ setCompleted()	: void
	+ getCourse()	: void
	+ display()	: void

Table 3: Class diagram for Certification class

Certification		
	– courseFee	: Integer
	– started	: Boolean
	– examDate	: String
	– startDate	: String
	– examCenter	: String
	– certificateAwardedBy	: String
	– validTill	: String
+	getCourseFee	: Integer
+	getStarted	: Boolean
+	getExamDate	: String
+	getStartDate	: String
+	getExamCenter	: String
+	getCertificateAwardedBy	: String
+	getValidTill	: String
+	setCourseFee(courseFee)	: void
+	setEnroll(studentName, startDate, examDate, examCenter)	: void
+	display()	: void

By using the class diagram, we can easily model the code and how it should be written. The primary objective of a class diagram is to model the code so it can be used to find out how a code is written and also how a code can be written if it is not.

3. Pseudocode:

Pseudocode represents an idea in a form of code but is not a real programming code. It is a simple way of describing an algorithm in a false code manner so that it becomes easier for the developer to convert it into a real code (Farrell, 2009). So, to develop the final code, pseudocodes can help a lot in the process. The pseudocodes for the program are as follows:

Course class

```
CALL getCourseName() : String
    DO
        RETURN courseName
    END DO
CALL getInstructorName() : String
    DO
        RETURN instructorName
    END DO
CALL getTotalHours() : Integer
    DO
        RETURN totalHours
    END DO
CALL getStudentName() : String
    DO
        RETURN studentName
    END DO
```

```
CALL setStudentName(String studentName)
```

```
    DO
```

```
        THIS studentName = studentName
```

```
    END DO
```

```
CALL display()
```

```
    IF (studentName != " ")
```

```
        DO
```

```
            DISPLAY(courseName, InstructorName, totalhours)
```

```
        END DO
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DO
```

```
            DISPLAY(studentName)
```

```
        END DO
```

Professional class

```
CALL getCourseFee() : Integer
    DO
        RETURN courseFee
    END DO
CALL getEnrollDate() : String
    DO
        RETURN enrollDate
    END DO
CALL getRoomNo() : String
    DO
        RETURN roomNo
    END DO
CALL getDailyHour() : Integer
    DO
        RETURN dailyHour
    END DO
CALL getDownPayment() : Integer
    DO
        RETURN downPayment
    END DO
CALL getStarted() : Boolean
    DO
        RETURN started
    END DO
CALL getCompleted() : Boolean
    DO
        RETURN completed
    END DO
```

```
CALL setCourseFee(courseFee)
```

```
    DO
```

```
        THIS.courseFee = courseFee
```

```
    END D
```

```
CALL setDailyHour(dailyHour)
```

```
    DO
```

```
        THIS.dailyHour = dailyHour
```

```
    END DO
```

```
setEnroll(roomNo, downPayment, enrollDate, studentName)
```

```
    IF (started = true)
```

```
        DO
```

```
            Display("Course started" + instructorName + roomNo)
```

```
        END DO
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DO
```

```
            THIS.studentName = studentName
```

```
            THIS.enrollDate = enrollDate
```

```
            THIS.studentName = StudentName
```

```
            THIS.downPayment = downPayment
```

```
            started = false
```

```
        END DO
```

```
CALL setCompleted()
```

```
    IF (completed = true)
```

```
        DO
```

```
            DISPLAY("course is already completed")
```

```
        END DO
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DO
```

```
            setStudentName(" ")
```

```
            THIS.completed = completed
```

```
            THIS.downPayment = 0
```

```
            THIS.enrollDate = " "
```

```
            THIS.roomNo = " "
```

```
            THIS.started = false
```

```
        END DO
```

```
CALL getCourse()
```

```
    DO
```

```
        DISPLAY(CourseName, InstructorName, CourseName)
```

```
    END DO
```

```
CALL display()
```

```
    DO
```

```
        SUPER.Display()
```

```
        IF (started = true)
```

```
            DO
```

```
                DISPLAY("studentName, downPayment, enrollDate, competed")
```

```
            END DO
```

```
    END DO
```

Certification class

CALL getStarted() : Boolean

DO

RETURN started

END DO

CALL getCourseFee() : Integer

DO

RETURN courseFee

END DO

CALL getExamDate() : String

DO

RETURN examDate

END DO

CALL getStartDate() : String

DO

RETURN startDate

END DO

CALL getExamCenter() : String

DO

RETURN examCenter

END DO

CALL getCertificateAwardedBy() : String

DO

RETURN certificateAwardedBy

END DO

CALL getValidTill() : String

DO

RETURN validTill

END DO


```
CALL setCourseFee(courseFee)
```

```
    IF (started = true)
```

```
        DO
```

```
            DISPLAY("The course has already started")
```

```
        END DO
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DO
```

```
            THIS.started = true
```

```
        END DO
```

```
CALL setEnroll(studentName, startDate, examDate, examCenter)
```

```
    IF (started = true)
```

```
        DO
```

```
            DISPLAY("The course has already started from" + startDate)
```

```
        END DO
```

```
    ELSE
```

```
        DO
```

```
            THIS.studentName = studentName
```

```
            THIS.startDate = startDate
```

```
            THIS.examDate = examDate
```

```
            THIS.examCenter = examCenter
```

```
            started = true
```

```
        END DO
```

```
CALL display()
```

```
    DO
```

```
        SUPER.Display()
```

```
        IF (started = true)
```

```
            DISPLAY(studentName, startDate, examDate, examCenter,  
certificationAwardedBy, validTill")
```

```
    END DO
```

4. Method Description

A Java method contains statements that are put together to perform an operation in a java code (Jenkov, 2015). It helps to make the code modular and reuse the code. As there are there classes their methods are described below:

4.1. Course (Super Class) :

There are 7 methods in total for course class which includes:

Course

It is the constructor method for class Course. It takes course name, instructor's name and total hours to complete course as parameter and assigns them. It initializes students name to “ ”.

getTotalHours

Accessor method which returns Total Hours variable in integer form.

getCoursename

Accessor method which returns Course name in string form.

getInstructorName

Accessor method which returns Instructor name in string form.

getStudentName

Accessor method which returns student name string form.

setStudentName

Setter method to overwrite the student name

display

The display method displays the course name, total hours and instructor's name. If the student's name is not an empty string, it will display student's name too.

4.2. Professional (secondary class):

Professional

Constructor method for Professional class which takes course name, instructor's name, course fee, total hours and course hours per day as parameter. Constructor from super class are also called from the super class in this method with three parameters and remaining parameters are assigned to global variables.

getCourseFee

Accessor method which returns Course fee in integer form.

getDailyHour

Accessor method which returns hours per day in integer form.

getDownPayment

Accessor method which returns down payment in integer form.

getStarted

Accessor method which returns Course status in Boolean form.

getCompleted

Accessor method which returns Course completion status in Boolean form.

getEnrollDate

Accessor method which returns enroll date in string form.

getRoomNo

Accessor method which returns room detail in string form.

setCourseFee

Setter method to set the global course fee variable by taking new course fee as parameter

setDailyHour

Setter method to set the global daily hours for course variable by taking new daily hour data as parameter

setEnroll

Setter method to enroll a student to a course by taking new student's name, enroll date, amount the student paid at the time of enrollment, room number assigned for particular class if the course is not started. Else this method will display a message including the instructor's name and room number indicating the class had already started.

setCompleted

Setter method to set completed as true if it is false. It also set the student's name is called with " " as a parameter to the setStudentName method in super class, the room no and enroll Date are set to " ", down payment is set to 0, the started status is set to false. Else it will display that the course has already been completed.

getCourse

Method to print the course name, instructor's name and course fee by calling through super class

display

The display method from the super class displays the course name, total hours and instructor's name. If the student's name is not an empty string, it will display student's name too. The overridden display method from the professional class will display completed Status, enroll Date, down Payment and student's name if course has already started.

4.3. Certification (secondary class):

Certification

Constructor method for Certification class which takes course name, instructor's name, total hours to complete course, course fee, certificate awarding body and valid till as parameter. Constructor from super class are also called from the super class in this method with three parameters and remaining parameters are assigned to their corresponding global variables. The variables for start date, exam date, exam center are set to “ ” and course started to false.

getExamDate

Accessor method which returns the exam date in string form

getStartDate

Accessor method which returns start date in string form

getExamCenter

Accessor method which returns exam center in string form

getValidTill

Accessor method which returns validity period in string form

getCourseFee

Accessor method which returns Course fee in integer form.

getStarted

Accessor method which returns started information in Boolean value

getCertificateAwardedBy

Accessor method which returns certificate awarding body in string form

setCourseFee

The method to set new course fee if the course is not started. Else it will display that the fee cannot be changed.

setEnroll

The method to enroll a new student to a course. If the course hasn't started s, the student's name, start date, exam date, exam center is taken as parameters and assigned to their corresponding global variables. Else displays that the course has already been started.

display

The display method from the super class displays the course name, total hours and instructor's name. If the student's name is not an empty string, it will display student's name too. The overridden display method from the certification class will display start date, student's name, exam date, exam center name of the certificate awarding body and certification validity duration if course has already started.

5. Tests:

To ensure that the if program works we need to ensure it by testing it. For doing so several tests were done to find out problems and solve them. Testing ensures the functionality of the code so it is an important part of any development project. There are various different types of testing like black box, grey box and white box testing (Khan & Khan, 2012). So, for to know if the program works following tests were done.

5.1. Test 1:

Table 4: Test 1

Objective	To Inspect an object of Professional Class, enroll student for that particular course, and re-inspect the object.
Action	Constructor is called; CourseName = "Computer" instructorName = "Alan" totalHours = 84 dailyHour = 4 courseFee = 15000 The object is inspected setEnroll is called roomNo = "11B" downPayment = 4000 enrollDate = "4 jan" studentName = "Ron" The object is reinspected
Expected Result	The input value to be assigned to the corresponding variables of the object.
Actual Result	The input value was assigned to the object as shown by the inspection.
Conclusion	Test successful

professi2 : Professional

int courseFee	15000
String enrollDate	" "
String roomNo	" "
int dailyHour	4
int downPayment	0
boolean started	false
boolean completed	false
public String courseName	"Computer"
public String instructorName	"Alan"
public String studentName	" "
public int totalHours	84

Figure 2: Inspecting object

BlueJ: Method Call

void setEnroll(String roomNo, int downPayment, String enrollDate, String studentName)

professi2.setEnroll("11B" ,
4000 ,
"4 jan" ,
"Ron")

OK Cancel

Figure 3: enrolling a student

professi2 : Professional

int courseFee	15000	Inspect
String enrollDate	"4 jan"	
String roomNo	"11B"	Get
int dailyHour	4	
int downPayment	4000	
boolean started	true	
boolean completed	false	
public String courseName	"Computer"	
public String instructorName	"Alan"	
public String studentName	"Ron"	
public int totalHours	84	

Show static fields Close

Figure 4: Reinspection of object

5.2. Test 2:

Table 5: Test 2

Objective	To Inspect Professional, change the status of course to complete, and re-inspect the Professional Class
Action	A student is enrolled The object is inspected called setCompleted The object is reinspected
Expected Result	The values to be reset for room
Actual Result	The values of enrollDate, studentName, downPayment and roomNo was reset.
Conclusion	Test successful

BlueJ: Method Call

void setEnroll(String roomNo, int downPayment, String enrollDate, String studentName)

professi1.setEnroll("11" ,
2000 ,
"2 Jan" ,
"Jack")

OK Cancel

Figure 5: enrolling a student

professi1 : Professional

int courseFee	3500
String enrollDate	"2 Jan"
String roomNo	"11"
int dailyHour	1
int downPayment	2000
boolean started	true
boolean completed	false
public String courseName	"Java"
public String instructorName	"Luna"
public String studentName	"Jack"
public int totalHours	30

Figure 6: Inspecting the object

inherited from Object	▶
inherited from Course	▶
void Display()	
boolean getCompleted()	
void getCourse()	
int getCourseFee()	
int getDailyHour()	
int getDownPayment()	
String getEnrollDate()	
String getRoomNo()	
boolean getStarted()	
void setCompleted()	
void setCourseFee(int courseFee)	
void setDailyHour(int dailyHour)	
void setEnroll(String roomNo, int downPayment, String enrollDate, String studentName)	
Inspect	
Remove	

professi1 : Professional

Figure 7: Setting the object as completed

professi1 : Professional	
int courseFee	3500
String enrollDate	" "
String roomNo	" "
int dailyHour	1
int downPayment	0
boolean started	false
boolean completed	true
public String courseName	"Java"
public String instructorName	"Luna"
public String studentName	" "
public int totalHours	30

Figure 8: Reinspection of the object

5.3. Test 3:

To Inspect Certification, enroll student, and re-inspect.

Table 6: Test 3

Objective	To Inspect an object of Certification Class, enroll student for that particular course, and re-inspect the object.
Action	<p>Constructor is called; CourseName = "Nepali" instructorName = "Ananda" totalHours = 134 courseFee = 17000 CertificateAwardedBy = "HSEB"</p> <p>The object is inspected setEnroll is called studentName = "Ronny" startDate = "Feb 23" examDate = "March 23" examCenter = "Oxford"</p> <p>The object is reinspected</p>
Expected Result	The input value to be assigned to the corresponding variables of the object.
Actual Result	The input value was assigned to the object as shown by the inspection.
Conclusion	Test successful

BlueJ: Create Object

Certification(String courseName, int totalHours, String instructorName, String validTill, int courseFee, String certificateAwardedBy)

Name of Instance:

...

)

Figure 9: Creating a object

certific1 : Certification

boolean started	false
int courseFee	17000
String examDate	" "
String startDate	" "
String examCenter	" "
String certificateAwardedBy	"HSEB"
String validTill	"December"
public String courseName	"Nepali"
public String instructorName	"Ananda"
public String studentName	" "
public int totalHours	134

Figure 10: Inspecting the object

BlueJ: Method Call

void setEnroll(String studentName, String startDate, String examDate, String examCenter)

certific1.setEnroll("Ronny" ,
"Feb 23" ,
"March 23" ,
"Oxford")

OK Cancel

Figure 11: enrolling a student

certific1 : Certification	
boolean started	true
int courseFee	17000
String examDate	"March 23"
String startDate	"Feb 23"
String examCenter	"Oxford"
String certificateAwardedBy	"HSEB"
String validTill	"December"
public String courseName	"Nepali"
public String instructorName	"Ananda"
public String studentName	"Ronny"
public int totalHours	134

Figure 12: Reinspection of the object

5.4. Test 4:

Table 7: Test 4

Objective	To display the detail of Professional and Certification Class
Action	Enrol a student in professional class To show output of display method of professional class Enrol a student in certification class To show output of display method of certification class
Expected Result	The display method should display available information
Actual Result	The display method displayed available information
Conclusion	Test successful

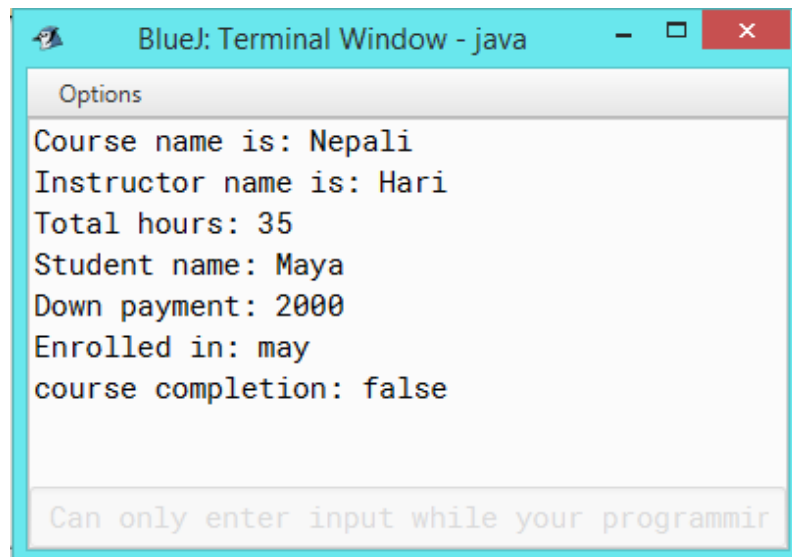


Figure 14: display of professional class

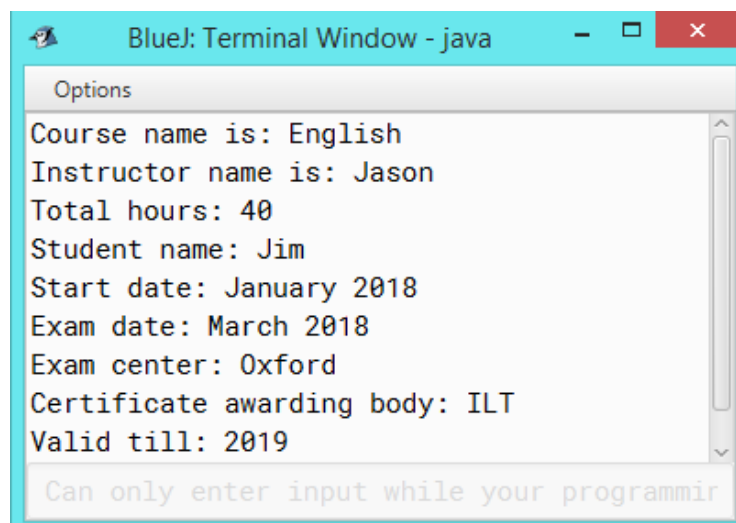


Figure 13: display of certification class

6. Error Detection:

Compiler error messages are created when the Java software code is run through the compiler. Compiler may throw many error messages for one error. So, fixing the first error and recompiling might solve many problems (Stringfellow, 2017). While creating the code following errors were found while compiling the code.

Incompatible types: Missing Return Value

You'll get the "missing return value" message when the return statement includes an incorrect type. It can be solved easily by putting the right return statement.

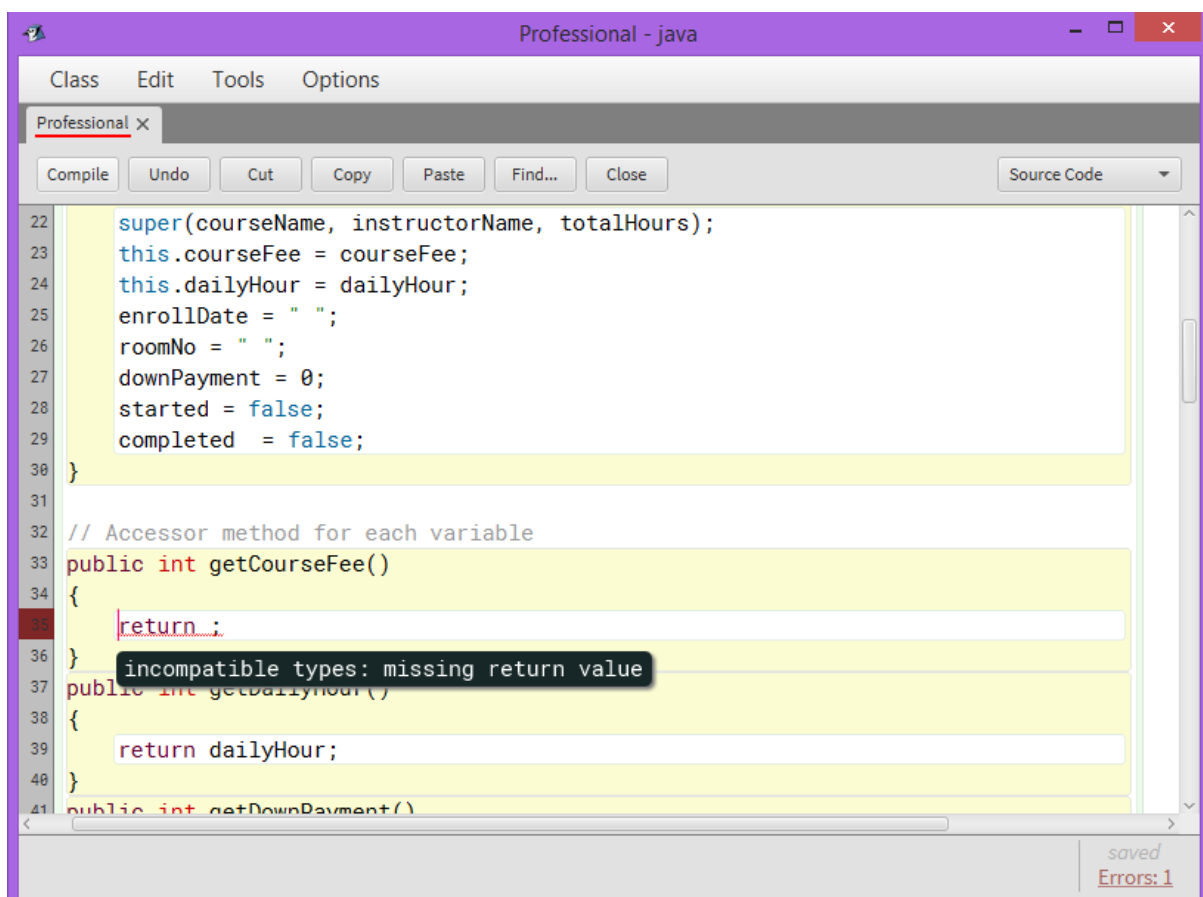


Figure 15: Error indicating missing return statement

Reached End of File While Parsing

This error message usually occurs in Java when the program is missing the closing curly brace “}”. This error indicates that the class or method is missing a curly brace and the compiler cannot determine which brace closes what. So if this error occurs it is very easy to find as the alignment of code indicates here the brace is missing.

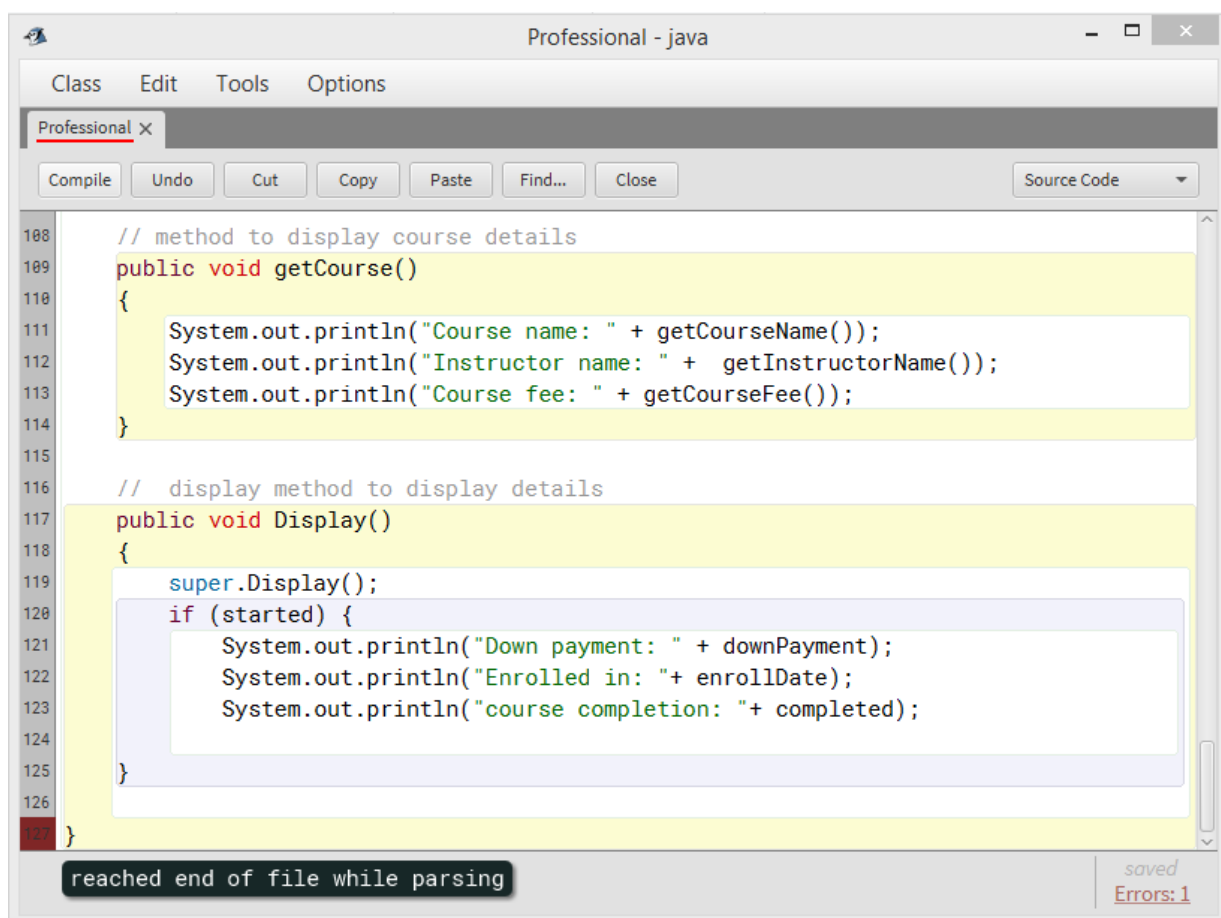


Figure 16: Error due to missing braces

“;” Expected

This error message usually occurs in Java when the program is missing the closing semi-colon “;”. This error also occurred when a bracket was missing after declaring a method.

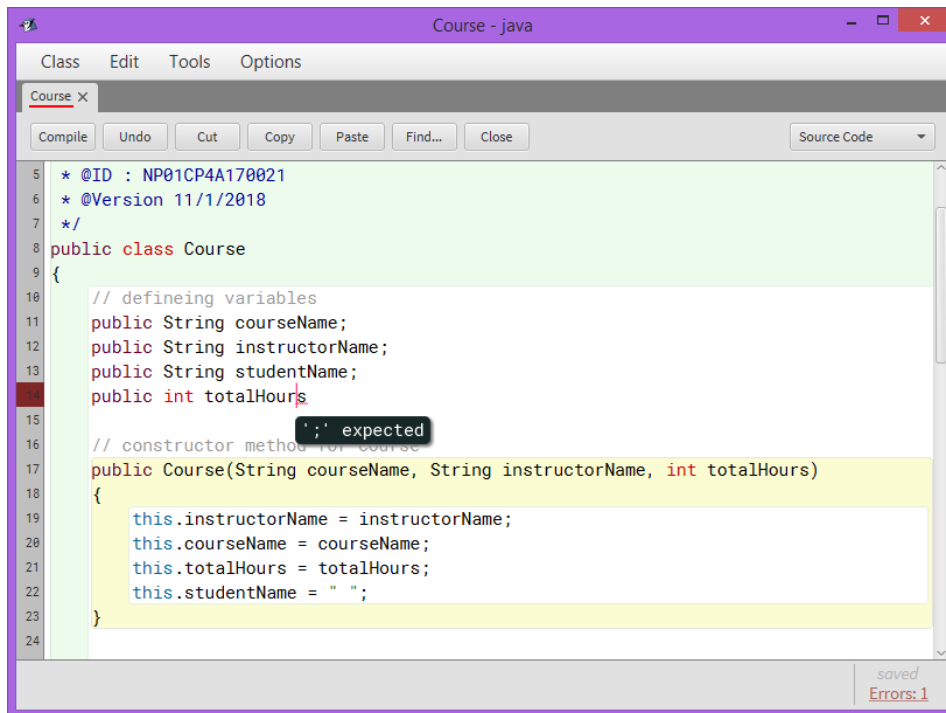


Figure 17: Error due to missing semi colon

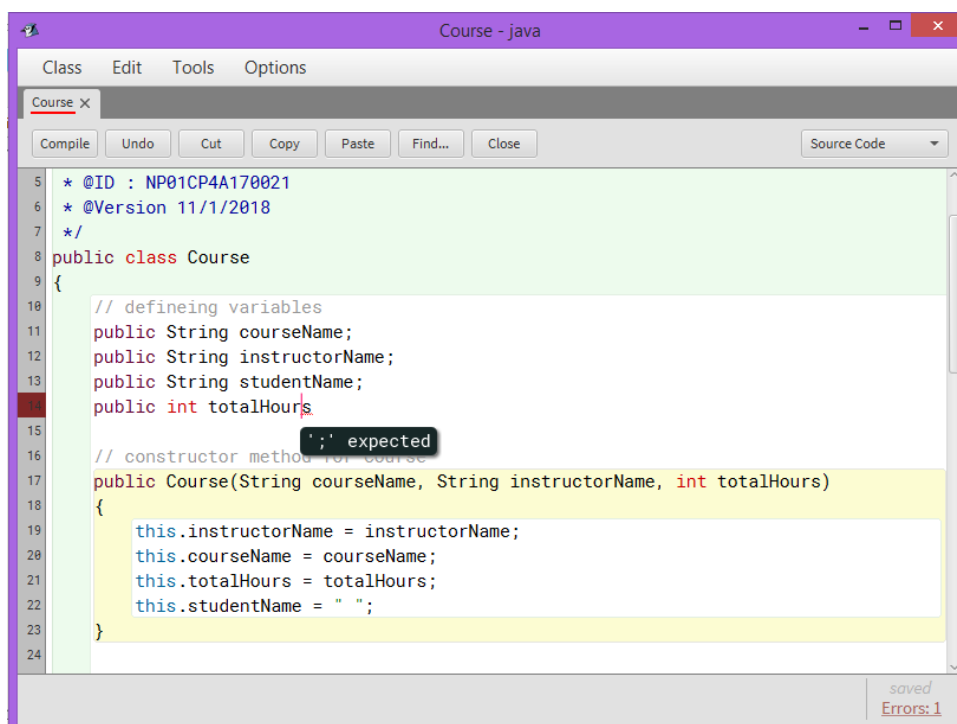


Figure 18: Error due to missing braces

Java.lang.String

This error causes when the default keywords of java is used as a class or method. This causes the keywords to be reassigned and the problem might seem unsolvable. This might cause errors even though the code is perfectly normal and can only be solved by removing the conflicting source saved in the computer.

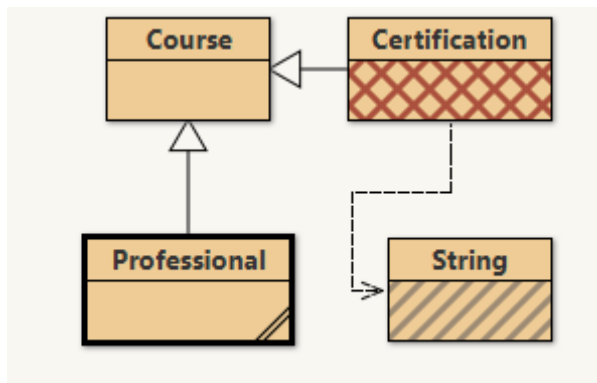


Figure 19: Declaring a class named String

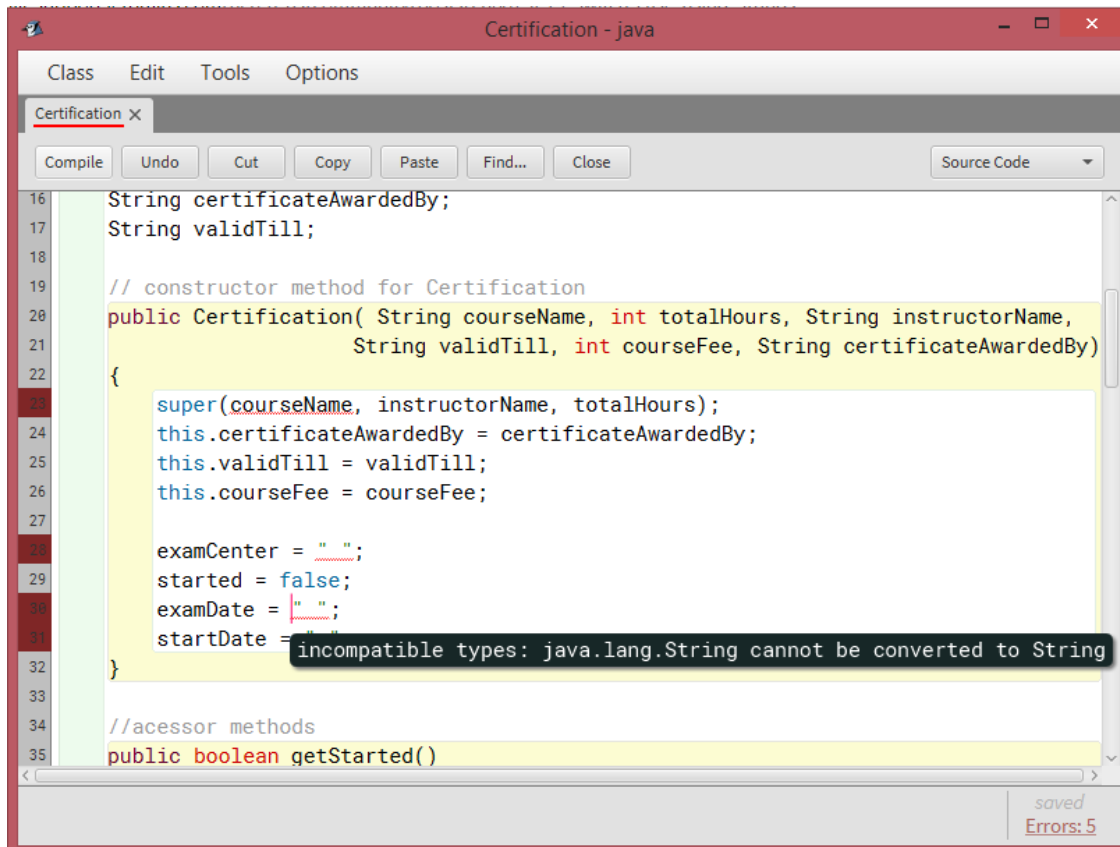


Figure 20: Multiple error caused due to the conflicting keyword

7. Conclusion:

The coursework given could not have been completed without researching in the familiar topics and use of proper tools for documenting and coding. A lot of information on the topics were gathered to complete the following coursework which will be quite useful in future for practicing java. For developing the code, class diagram and pseudocode was first prepared so that the coding will be lot easier. As expected the coding was a lot easier due to the model prepared for the code.

The code was created on the basis of object oriented programming. It involves the hierarchical class system to make the codes in the super class to be reused in the further code. The object-oriented method of creating code involves classes and objects rather than logic and commands. This enables the programmer to code the objects in the programs like real world object with attributes and methods.

The code contained some errors caused by invalid syntax and missing variables but testing the code helped a lot on recognizing the errors and weak points of the code. As a result, the testing made the code more reliant. After knowing and correcting errors, the code was again tested but now as the code is completed the tasks assigned were done and presented in this report to ensure the functions of the program.

References

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Program:

```
/**
 * Description
 *
 * @Rajat Shrestha
 * @ID : 17030954
 * @Version 11/1/2018
 */
public class Course
{
    // defining variables
    public String courseName;
    public String instructorName;
    public String studentName;
    public int totalHours;

    // constructor method for Course
    public Course(String courseName, String instructorName,
                  int totalHours)
    {
        this.instructorName = instructorName;
        this.courseName = courseName;
        this.totalHours = totalHours;
        this.studentName = " ";
    }

    //accessor methods for each variable
    public String getCourseName()
    {
        return courseName;
    }
    public String getInstructorName()
    {
        return instructorName;
    }
    public String getStudentName()
```

```
{
    return studentName;
}
public int getTotalHours()
{
    return totalHours;
}

// method to set student's name
public void setStudentName(String studentName)
{
    this.studentName = studentName;
}

// display method to display details
public void display()
{
    System.out.println("Course name is: "+ courseName);
    System.out.println("Instructor name is: "+ instructorName);
    System.out.println("Total hours: "+ totalHours);

    if (!studentName.equals(" ")) {
        System.out.println("Student name: "+ studentName);
    }
}
}
```



```
/**
 * Description
 *
 * @Rajat Shrestha
 * @ID : 17030954
 * @Version 11/1/2018
 */
public class Professional extends Course
{
    // defining variables
    int courseFee;
    String enrollDate;
    String roomNo;
    int dailyHour;
    int downPayment;
    boolean started;
    boolean completed;

    // Constructor for Professional class
    public Professional(int totalHours, String courseName, String
                        instructorName, int courseFee, int dailyHour)
    {
        super(courseName, instructorName, totalHours);
        this.courseFee = courseFee;
        this.dailyHour = dailyHour;
        enrollDate = " ";
        roomNo = " ";
        downPayment = 0;
        started = false;
        completed = false;
    }

    // Accessor method for each variable
    public int getCourseFee()
    {
        return courseFee;
    }
    public int getDailyHour()
```

```
{
    return dailyHour;
}
public int getDownPayment()
{
    return downPayment;
}
public String getEnrollDate()
{
    return enrollDate;
}
public String getRoomNo()
{
    return roomNo;
}
public boolean getStarted()
{
    return started;
}
public boolean getCompleted()
{
    return completed;
}

// Setting course fee
public void setCourseFee(int courseFee)
{
    this.courseFee = courseFee;
}

// Setting daily hour
public void setDailyHour(int dailyHour)
{
    this.dailyHour = dailyHour;
}

// Method for enrolling student
```

```
public void setEnroll(String roomNo, int downPayment, String
                      enrollDate, String studentName)
{
    if (started) {
        System.out.println("Sorry, course already started");
        System.out.println("By instructor: " + instructorName);
        System.out.println("In the room: " + roomNo);
    }
    else {
        setStudentName(studentName);
        this.enrollDate = enrollDate;
        this.downPayment = downPayment;
        this.roomNo = roomNo;
        started = true;
        completed = false;
    }
}

// Method to set course completion
public void setCompleted()
{
    if (completed){
        System.out.println("The course has already completed");
    }
    else {
        setStudentName("");
        this.enrollDate = " ";
        this.roomNo = " ";
        this.downPayment = 0;
        started = false;
        completed = true;
    }
}

// method to display course details
public void getCourse()
{
    System.out.println("Course name: " + getCourseName());
}
```

```
        System.out.println("Instructor: " + getInstructorName());
        System.out.println("Course fee: " + getCourseFee());
    }

    // display method to display details
    public void display()
    {
        super.Display();
        if (started) {
            System.out.println("Down payment: " + downPayment);
            System.out.println("Enrolled in: "+ enrollDate);
            System.out.println("course completion: "+ completed);
        }
    }
}
```

```
/**
 * Description
 *
 * @Rajat Shrestha
 * @ID : 17030954
 * @Version 11/1/2018
 */
public class Certification extends Course
{
    // defining variables
    boolean started;
    int courseFee;
    String examDate;
    String startDate;
    String examCenter;
    String certificateAwardedBy;
    String validTill;

    // constructor method for Certification
    public Certification(String courseName, int totalHours, String
                        instructorName, String validTill, int courseFee,
                        String certificateAwardedBy)
    {
        super(courseName, instructorName, totalHours);
        this.certificateAwardedBy = certificateAwardedBy;
        this.validTill = validTill;
        this.courseFee = courseFee;

        examCenter = " ";
        started = false;
        examDate = " ";
        startDate = " ";
    }

    //accessor methods for each variables
    public boolean getStarted()
    {
        return started;
    }
}
```

```
}
public int getCourseFee()
{
    return courseFee;
}
public String getExamDate()
{
    return examDate;
}
public String getStartDate()
{
    return startDate;
}
public String getExamCenter()
{
    return examCenter;
}
public String getCertificateAwardedBy()
{
    return certificateAwardedBy;
}
public String getValidTill()
{
    return validTill;
}

// method to set course fee
public void setCourseFee(int courseFee)
{
    if (started) {
        System.out.println("Sorry, the course has already been
                           started ");
    }
    else {
        this.courseFee = courseFee ;
    }
}
```

```
// Method for enrolling student
public void setEnroll(String studentName, String startDate,
                      String examDate, String examCenter)
{
    if (started) {
        System.out.println("Sorry, the course has already
started");
        System.out.println("From: " + startDate);
    }
    else {
        setStudentName(studentName);
        this.startDate = startDate;
        this.examDate = examDate;
        this.examCenter = examCenter;
        started = true;
    }
}

// display method to display details
public void display()
{
    super.Display();
    if (started) {
        System.out.println("Start date: " + startDate);
        System.out.println("Exam date: "+ examDate);
        System.out.println("Exam center: "+ examCenter);
        System.out.println("Certificate awarding body: "+
                           certificateAwardedBy);
        System.out.println("Valid till: "+ validTill);
    }
}
}
```