Artificial Intelligence Practical 3

18BCE259: Shrey Viradiya

AIM: Implement the 8 puzzle problem using DFS

8 puzzle problem is about reaching the final state from any intermediary state. Final State is defined as below:

```
1 | 2 | 3
   -----
    4 | 5 | 6
   _____
    7 | 8 |
In [20]:
import numpy as np
In [21]:
class Node:
   def init (self, data, parent, act, depth):
       self.data = data
       self.parent = parent
        self.act = act
        self.depth = depth
    def str (self):
        return self.data.__repr__()
In [22]:
initial node = Node(np.array([[1,2,3],[4,0,6],[7,5,8]]), None, None, 0)
In [23]:
def whereEmpty(node):
    return np.argwhere(node.data == 0)[0]
whereEmpty(initial node)
Out[23]:
array([1, 1], dtype=int64)
In [24]:
print(initial node)
array([[1, 2, 3],
      [4, 0, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
In [25]:
def canMoveLeft(node):
   return whereEmpty(node)[1] != 0
def moveLeft(node):
   pointer = whereEmpty(node)
    new Node = Node(np.copy(node.data), node, 'left', node.depth + 1)
```

```
temp = new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1] - 1]
    new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1] - 1] = new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]]
    new_Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]] = temp
    return new Node
print(canMoveLeft(initial node))
print(moveLeft(initial node))
True
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [0, 4, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
In [26]:
def canMoveRight(node):
    return whereEmpty(node)[1] != 2
def moveRight(node):
    pointer = whereEmpty(node)
    new_Node = Node(np.copy(node.data), node, 'right', node.depth + 1)
    temp = new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1] + 1]
    new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1] + 1] = new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]]
    new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]] = temp
    return new Node
print(canMoveRight(initial node))
print(moveRight(initial node))
True
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 6, 0],
       [7, 5, 8]])
In [27]:
def canMoveUp(node):
   return whereEmpty(node)[0] != 0
def moveUp(node):
    pointer = whereEmpty(node)
    new Node = Node(np.copy(node.data), node, 'up', node.depth + 1)
    temp = new Node.data[pointer[0] - 1, pointer[1]]
    new Node.data[pointer[0] - 1, pointer[1]] = new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]]
    new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]] = temp
    return new Node
print(canMoveUp(initial node))
print(moveUp(initial_node))
True
array([[1, 0, 3],
       [4, 2, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
In [28]:
def canMoveDown(node):
   return whereEmpty(node)[0] != 2
def moveDown(node):
    pointer = whereEmpty(node)
    new Node = Node(np.copy(node.data), node, 'down', node.depth + 1)
```

```
new_Node.data[pointer[0] + 1, pointer[1]] = new_Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]]
    new Node.data[pointer[0], pointer[1]] = temp
    return new Node
print(canMoveDown(initial node))
print(moveDown(initial node))
True
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6],
       [7, 0, 8]])
In [29]:
def CheckIfFinal(node):
    return np.all(node.data == np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,0]]))
CheckIfFinal(initial_node)
Out[29]:
False
In [30]:
# Python3 program to check if a given
# instance of 8 puzzle is solvable or not
# A utility function to count
# inversions in given array 'arr[]'
def getInvCount(arr) :
    inv count = 0
    for i in range (0, 2):
        for j in range (i + 1, 3):
            # Value 0 is used for empty space
            if (arr[j][i] > 0 and arr[j][i] > arr[i][j]) :
                inv count += 1
    return inv_count
# This function returns true
# if given 8 puzzle is solvable.
def isSolvable(puzzle) :
    # Count inversions in given 8 puzzle
    invCount = getInvCount(puzzle)
    # return true if inversion count is even.
    return (invCount % 2 == 0)
    # Driver code
puzzle = [[1,2,0],[4,3,8],[7,5,6]]
if (isSolvable(puzzle)) :
   print("Solvable")
else :
    print("Not Solvable")
Solvable
In [31]:
def DFS(initial node, max depth = 10):
    if (not isSolvable(initial node.data)):
        print("Puzzle Not Solvable")
        return
    passed node = []
    Stack = [initial node]
```

temp = new_Node.data[pointer[0] + 1, pointer[1]]

```
node = None
    while True:
       node = Stack.pop()
       if (CheckIfFinal (node)):
           print("Final State Obtained")
       if (node.depth == max depth):
           continue
       if canMoveLeft(node) and node.act != "right":
           Stack.append(moveLeft(node))
       if canMoveRight(node) and node.act != "left":
           Stack.append(moveRight(node))
       if canMoveUp(node) and node.act != "down":
           Stack.append(moveUp(node))
       if canMoveDown(node) and node.act != "up":
           Stack.append(moveDown(node))
    moves = []
   while (node != None):
       moves.insert(0, node.act)
       node = node.parent
   print("Solution: ")
   print("=======")
   print("Initial Node: ")
    node = initial node
    for move in moves:
       print(move)
       if move == 'left':
           node = moveLeft(node)
       elif move == 'right':
           node = moveRight(node)
       elif move == 'up':
           node = moveUp(node)
       elif move == 'down':
           node = moveDown(node)
       print(node)
In [32]:
DFS (initial node)
Final State Obtained
Solution:
```

DFS(initial node)

Solution:

Final State Obtained

```
Initial Node:
None
array([[0, 1, 3],
       [4, 2, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
right
array([[1, 0, 3],
       [4, 2, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
down
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 0, 6],
       [7, 5, 8]])
down
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6],
       [7, 0, 8]])
right
array([[1, 2, 3],
       [4, 5, 6],
       [7, 8, 0]])
In [34]:
initial node = Node(np.array([[1,2,3],[4,0,5],[6,7,8]]), None, None, 0)
DFS (initial node, 15)
Puzzle Not Solvable
In [35]:
initial_node = Node(np.array([[1,2,3],[4,0,5],[7,6,8]]), None, None, 0)
DFS (initial node, 40)
Puzzle Not Solvable
In [36]:
initial_node = Node(np.array([[1,2,3],[4,6,5],[7,0,8]]), None, None, 0)
DFS(initial node, 50)
```