

ASSIGNMENT-2 REPORT

Name: Shrey Amin

Student ID: B00822245

Course: CSCI-5708

Overview

The main objective of this assignment is to create a weather application to display weather information of a city. The application uses “openweathermap” API to collect real time weather data. A HTTP GET request is send to an URL by appending a unique API key and city name in it. Here, I have used Volley sending the request to the API. Then, JSON response is obtained based on the name of the city and it is parsed to show the list of results.

The screenshot shows the OpenWeatherMap API overview page. The header includes a Support Center link, a search bar for weather, and links for Sign In and Sign Up. The main navigation bar lists various services: Weather, Maps, Guide, API, Price, Partners, Stations, Widgets, and Blog. The page title is "Weather API". A promotional message encourages users to sign up for free APIs, with links to "monthly subscriptions" and "How to start". Below this, three sections are highlighted: "Current weather data", "5 day / 3 hour forecast", and "16 day / daily forecast". Each section has an "API doc" link and a "Subscribe" button. The "Current weather data" section lists features like access to over 200,000 cities, frequent updates, and data availability in JSON, XML, or HTML format. The "5 day / 3 hour forecast" section mentions a 5-day forecast at any location, updated every 3 hours, available in JSON and XML, and for both free and paid accounts. The "16 day / daily forecast" section mentions a 16-day forecast at any location, including daily weather, available in JSON and XML, and for paid accounts.

Figure 1 openweathermap API

The screenshot shows the OpenWeatherMap API key management page. The header includes a Support Center link, a search bar for weather, and a user profile for "Hello Shrey Amin". The main navigation bar lists various services: Weather, Maps, API, Price, Partners, Stations, Widgets, News, and About. Below the navigation bar, there are links for New Products, Setup, API keys (highlighted), Services, Payments, Billing plans, Block logs, and History bulk. A "Logout" button is also present. A light blue banner states: "You can generate as many API keys as needed for your subscription. We accumulate the total load from all of them." Below this, there is a table with two columns: "Key" and "Name". The table contains two rows: one with a long alphanumeric key and the name "shrey", and another with a shorter alphanumeric key and the name "Default". To the right of the table, there is a "Create key" section with a "Name" input field and a "Generate" button.

Figure 2 API Key

The call to API is made by passing city name (e.g. Halifax) and API key as the parameters. Following figure shows how call the API. Here I have made use of current weather data API which gives response in JSON format.



The screenshot shows the OpenWeatherMap website's API documentation. At the top is a dark navigation bar with the OpenWeatherMap logo and links for Weather, Maps, Guide, and API. Below this is a light orange warning box stating that the examples are just samples and not connected to the real API service. The main section is titled 'By city name' and includes a description of the endpoint, which returns a list of results matching a search word. A light blue box contains a note about receiving a central district of the city/town with its own parameters. Below this, the 'API call' section shows two URLs: one for a city name and one for a city name and country code. The 'Parameters' section explains that 'q' is the city name and country code divided by a comma, using ISO 3166 country codes. Finally, the 'Examples of API calls' section shows two example URLs: one for London and one for London, UK.

OpenWeatherMap Weather Maps ▾ Guide API

Please remember that all Examples of API calls that listed on this page are just samples and do not have any connection to the real API service!

By city name

Description:

You can call by city name or city name and country code. API responds with a list of results that match a searching word.

There is a possibility to receive a central district of the city/town with its own parameters (geographic coordinates/id/name) in API response. [Example](#)

API call:

```
api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city name}
```

```
api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q={city name},{country code}
```

Parameters:

q city name and country code divided by comma, use ISO 3166 country codes

Examples of API calls:

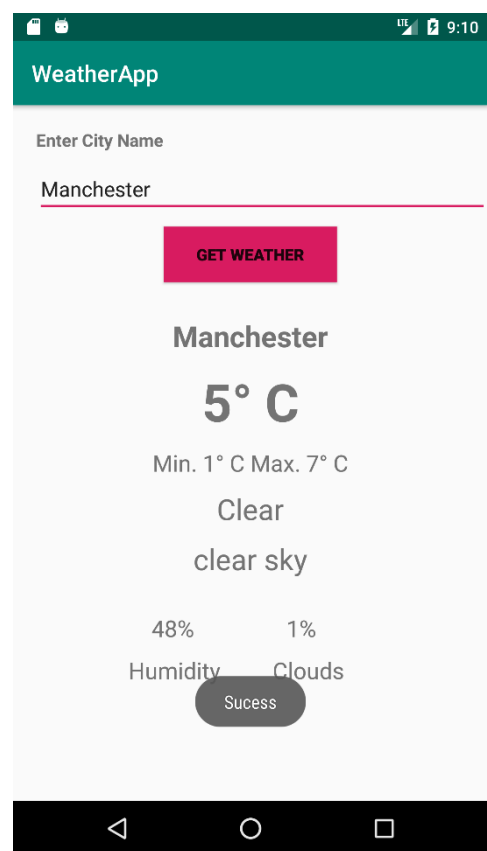
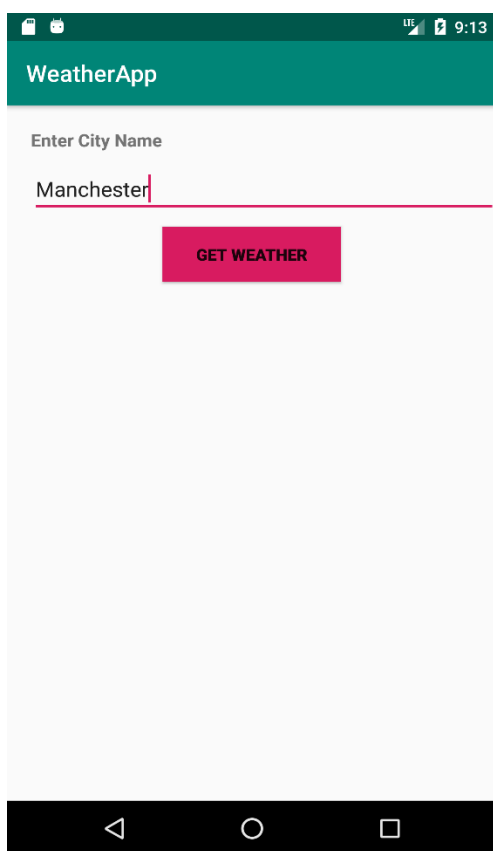
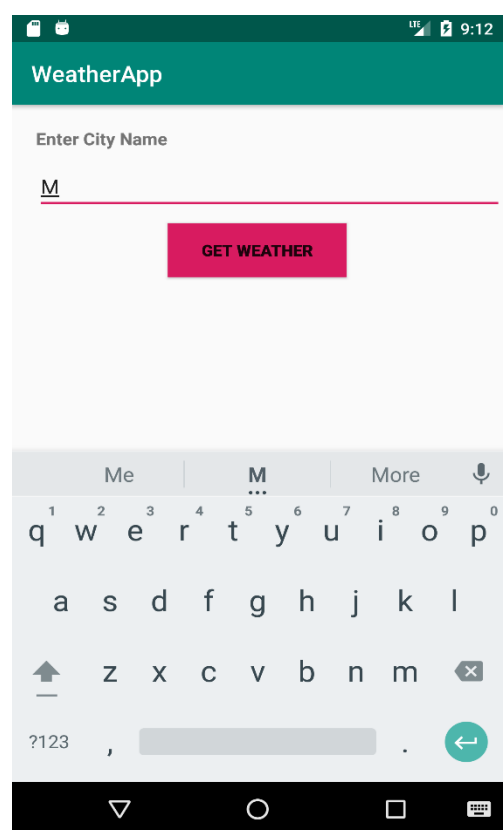
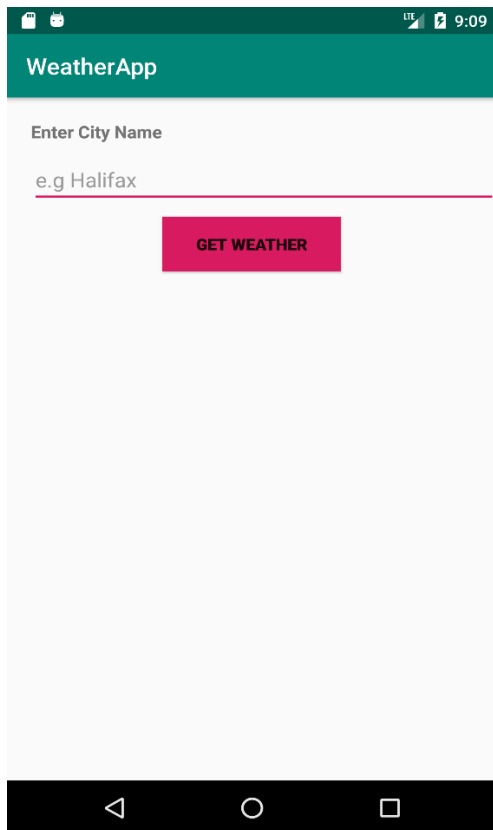
```
api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q=London
```

```
api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/weather?q=London,uk
```

Figure 3 How make API call

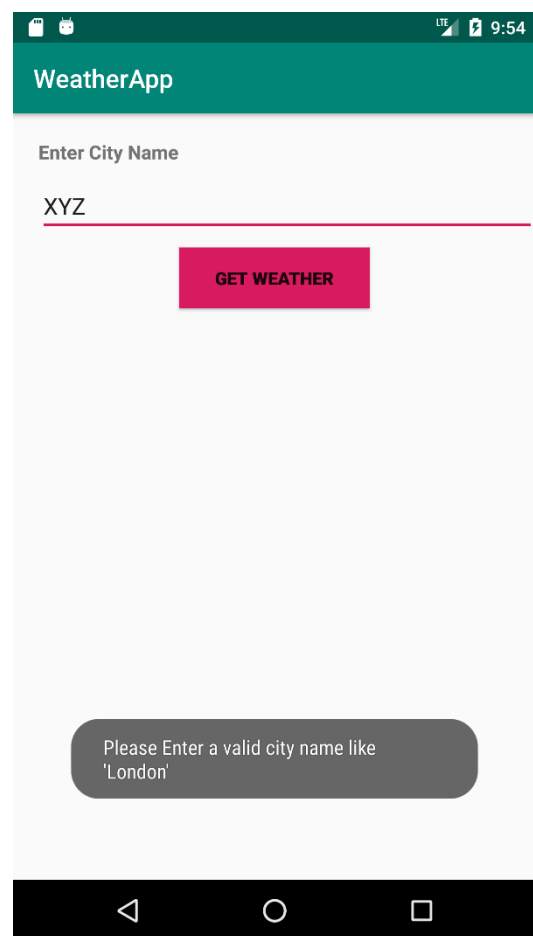
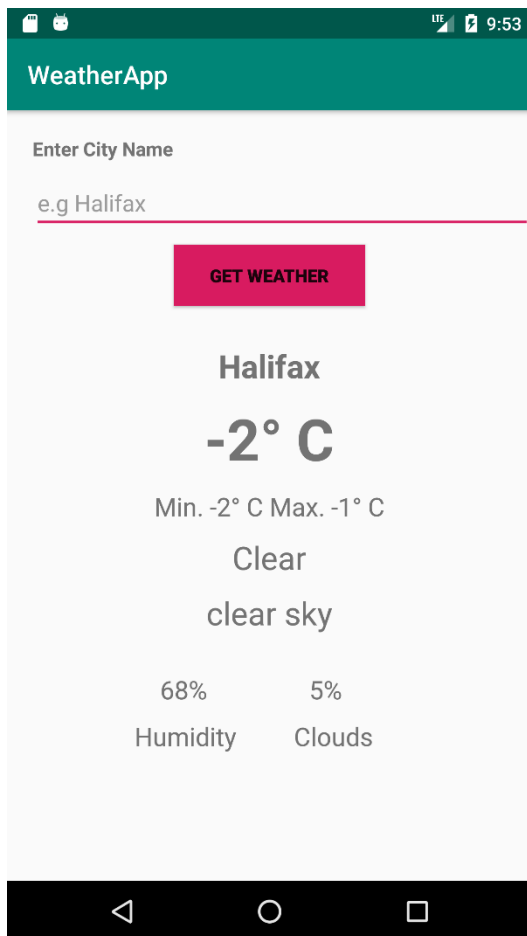
Implementation

User interface is designed based on the wireframe provided in the assignment description. A Function **getWeather()** is called when “GET WEATHER” button is clicked. This function will call the API and return the response in form of JSON object. This object is parsed by creating objects and arrays of “JSONObject” class. Details of different attributes like city name, humidity, clouds etc are collected by parsing the response obtained from API. Further, temperature values obtained in Kelvin are converted into Celsius.



Application Testing

Test cases help in determining the problems and check whether the application is running in the correct manner or not. In my application, if the user clicks the “GET WEATHER” button without entering the city name then by default weather data of Halifax will be displayed. Additionally, if user enters any invalid city name then error message will popup. Moreover, the application is tested on various cities across the world and it generated the correct output.



Heuristic Evaluation

Visibility of system status

As per this principle user should know what is happening in the system by providing an appropriate feedback. In this application, hint of the city name (e.g. Halifax) will notify user about entering a valid city name. Additionally, when user clicks the button then weather data will be displayed on the screen. Moreover, toast message of “Success” will let user know that correct response is received.

Aesthetic and Minimalist Design

User interface and User experience is a vital aspect for every application. The layout of this application is simple that shows all the necessary weather information of any city. The content displayed is easily readable which allows the user to smoothly use the application.

Help users recognize, diagnose, and recover from errors

System should detect errors and display an error message which is easy to understand. Here, if user enters an invalid city name then error message “Please enter a valid city name like London” will be shown. Thus, this application will help users recovering from errors and prevent them from making similar mistakes in future.

References

- [1] "Get Weather data from Weather API using JSON Parsing in Android Studio", *YouTube*, 2017. [Online]. Available: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8-7Ip6xum6E>.
- [2] S. Duggirala, "10 Usability Heuristics with Examples", *Prototypr*, 2016. [Online]. Available: <https://blog.prototypr.io/10-usability-heuristics-with-examples-4a81ada920c>.