## **INT250:DIGITAL EVIDENCE ANALYSIS**

L:2 T:0 P:2 Credits:3

Course Outcomes: Through this course students should be able to

CO1:: describe the fundamentals of computer forensics and incident response handling process.

CO2:: discuss storage systems and file systems

CO3 :: examine windows forensics, data acquisition and duplication

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{CO4}}\xspace$  :: interpret the knowledge of linux tools and network forensics

CO5 :: analyze web attacks, dark web and explore email crime

CO6:: analyze malware behavior on system properties and identify indicators of compromise.

#### Unit I

**Understand computer forensics**: Understand the Fundamentals of Computer Forensics, Understand Cybercrimes and their Investigation Procedures, Understand Digital Evidence, Understand Forensic Readiness, Incident Response, and the Role of SOC (Security Operations Center) in Computer Forensics, Identify the Roles and Responsibilities of a Forensic Investigator

**Computer Forensics Investigation Process**: Understand the Forensic Investigation Process and Its Importance, Understand the Pre-investigation Phase, Understand First Response, Understand the Investigation Phase.

#### **Unit II**

**Understanding Hard Disks and File Systems**: Describe Different Types of Disk Drives, Explain the Logical Structure of a Disk, Understand Booting Process of Windows and Linux, Understand Various File Systems of Windows and Linux, Examine File System Using Autopsy, Understand Storage Systems, Understand Encoding Standards and Hex Editors

## **Unit III**

**Data Acquisition and Duplication**: Understand Data Acquisition Fundamentals, Understand Data Acquisition Methodology, Prepare an Image for Examination

**Windows Forensics**: Collect Volatile and Non-volatile Information, Perform Windows Memory and Registry Analysis, Examine the Cache, Cookie and History Recorded in Web Browsers, Examine Windows Files and Metadata, Understand Text- based Logs and Windows Event Logs

## **Unit IV**

**Linux**: Understand Volatile and Non-volatile Data in Linux, Analyze File system Image, Demonstrate Memory Forensics.

**Network Forensics**: Understand Network Forensics, Explain Logging Fundamentals and Network Forensic Readiness, Summarize Event Correlation Concepts, Identify Indicators of Compromise (IoCs) from Network Logs, Investigate Network Traffic.

# Unit V

Dark Web Forensics: Understand the Dark Web

**Investigating Email Crimes**: Understand Email Basics, Understand Email Crime Investigation and its Steps.

**Investigating the web attacks**: intrusion detection system, intrusion prevention system, web application firewall, attacks on web applications

# Unit VI

**Analysis of Malware**: Define Malware and Identify the Common Techniques Attackers Use to Spread Malware, Understand Malware Forensics Fundamentals and Recognize Types of Malware Analysis, Understand and Perform Static Analysis of Malware, Analyze Suspicious Word and PDF Documents, Understand Dynamic Malware Analysis Fundamentals and Approaches, Analyze Malware Behavior on System Properties in Real-time, Analyze Malware Behavior on Network in Real-time, Describe Fileless Malware Attacks and How they Happen

#### List of Practicals / Experiments:

# **Network Evidence Collection**

- Network evidence collection and analysis of captured packet with the help of tcpdump
- nmap

wireshark

## **Understanding Forensic Imaging**

• Demonstration of Dead Imaging and Live Imaging with help of FTK Imager .

# **Network-Evidence Analysis**

• Analysis of packet information and gaining overall sense of traffic contained within a packet capture with the help of Wireshark

## **Network Log Analysis**

Analyzing network log files with help of DNS Blacklists

#### **Analyzing System Memory**

• Reviewing the images of memory with the help of Mandiant Redline.

#### **Analyzing System Storage**

- · Demonstration of timeline analysis
- keyword searching
- and web and email artifacts and to filter results on known bad file hashes using Autopsy.

## **Integrity Check**

- MD5 Sum Utility
- Simple Hasher Tool

#### **Acquiring Host Based Evidences**

· Local volatile and non-volatile acquisition and memory acquisition with the help FTK imager

#### Window Investigation

Demonstration of window investigation using OS Forensics

Text Books:

1. DIGITAL FORENSICS AND INCIDENT RESPONSE by GERARD JOHANSEN, PACKT

**PUBLISHING** 

References: 1. INCIDENT RESPONSE & COMPUTER FORENSICS by JASON LUTTGENS, MATTHEW PEPE

AND KEVIN MANDIA, Mc Graw Hill Education