BASIC SELECT

Revising Select Query 1:

select * from CITY where POPULATION > 100000 and COUNTRYCODE = 'USA';

Revising Select Query 2:

select NAME from CITY where POPULATIO > 120000 and COUNTRYCODE = 'USA';

Select All:

select * from CITY;

Select By ID:

select * from CITY where ID = 1661;

Japanese Cities' Attributes:

select * from CITY where COUNTRYCODE = 'JPN';

Japanese Cities' Names:

select NAME from CITY where COUNTRYCODE = 'JPN';

Weather Observation Station 1:

select CITY, STATE from STATION;

Weather Observation Station 3:

select distinct CITY from STATION where (ID% 2 = 0);

Weather Observation Station 4:

select count(CITY) – count(distinct CITY) from STATION;

Weather Observation Station 5:

select CITY, length(CITY) from STATION

where length(CITY) = (select min(length(CITY)) from STATION) # chose max(length()) order by CITY limit 1;

Weather Observation Station 6:

select distinct CITY from STATION where CITY regexp'^[aeiou]'; select distinct CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,1,1) in ('A','E','I','O','U')

Weather Observation Station 7:

select distinct CITY from STATION where CITY regexp'[aeiou]\$'; select distinct CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,1,1) in ('a','e','i','o','u');

Weather Observation Station 8:

select CITY from STATION where CITY regexp'^[aeiou].*[aeiou]\$'; select CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,1,1) in ('A','E','I','O','U') and substr(CITY,-1,1) in ('a','e','i','o','u');

Weather Observation Station 9:

select CITY from STATION where substr(CITY1,1) not in ('A','E','I','O','U'); select CITY from STATION where CITY not rlike '^[aeiou].*';

Weather Observation Station 10:

select CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,-1,1) not in ('a','e','i','o','u');

Weather Observation Station 11:

select CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,1,1) not in ('A','E','I','O','U') or substr(CITY,-1,1) not in ('a','e','i','o','u');

Weather Observation Station 12:

select distinct CITY from STATION where substr(CITY,1,1) not in ('A','E','I','O','U') and substr(CITY,-1,1) not in ('a','e','i','o','u');

Higher than 75 Marks:

select NAME from STUDENTS where (MARKS>75) order by substr(NAME, -3,3), ID;

Employee Names:

select NAME from EMPLOYEE order by NAME;

Employee Salary:

select NAME from EMPLOYEE where(SALARY>2000) and (MONTHS<10) order by EMPLOYEE ID;