LAB EXERCISE-9

```
lab9(1).py X
               lab9(2).py
                                lab9(3).py
                                                lab9(4).py
                                                                lab9(5).py
dab9(1).py > ...
       import numpy as np
       arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
  2
  3
       index = 2
  4
       # Accessing a single element using an integer index
       element = arr[index]
  5
       print("Element at index", index, ":", element)
       # Slicing to get a subarray
  7
       subarray = arr[1:4]
  8
       print("Subarray:", subarray)
  9
      print("-----
 10
 11
       import numpy as np
       arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
 12
 13
       indices = np.array([0, 2, 4])
       # Accessing elements using an array of integer indices
 14
 15
       selected elements = arr[indices]
       print("Selected elements:", selected_elements)
       # Creating a boolean mask to select elements
 17
       mask = arr > 2
 18
       selected by mask = arr[mask]
 19
       print("Selected by mask:", selected by mask)
 20
 21
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                   DEBUG CONSOLE
                                  TERMINAL
                                            PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(1).py"
Element at index 2 : 3
Subarray: [2 3 4]
Selected elements: [1 3 5]
Selected by mask: [3 4 5]
PS C:\python>
```

```
lab9(2).py X
                  lab9(3).py
                                     lab9(4).py
                                                       lab9(5).py
lab9(2).py > ...
        import numpy as np
        # Creating a 2D array (matrix)
   2
   3
        matrix = np.array([[1, 2, 3],
       # Slicing to get specific elements or submatrices
   4
   5
   6
        row_1 = matrix[0]
  8
        column_2 = matrix[:, 1]
        submatrix = matrix[1:3, 0:2]
   9
        print("Original Matrix:")
 10
        print(matrix)
print("\nRow 1:")
 11
 12
        print(row_1)
 13
        print("\nColumn 2:")
 14
        print(column_2)
print("\nSubmatrix (Rows 1 to 2, Columns 0 to 1):")
 15
        print(submatrix)
 17
PROBLEMS
            OUTPUT
                      DEBUG CONSOLE
                                        TERMINAL
                                                   PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(2).py"
Original Matrix:
[[1 2 3]
[4 5 6]
[7 8 9]]
Row 1:
[1 2 3]
Column 2:
[2 5 8]
Submatrix (Rows 1 to 2, Columns 0 to 1):
[[4 5]
[7 8]]
PS C:\python>
```

```
lab9(3).py X
                                                                 lab9
                lab9(4).py
                                lab9(5).py
                                                 lab9(6).py
lab9(3).py > ...
       import numpy as np
       # Create a 5-dimensional array with ndmin=5
  2
       array 5d = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5], ndmin=5)
       # Display the array and its shape
  4
  5
       print("5-Dimensional Array:")
  6
       print(array_5d)
  7
       print("Shape of the 5-Dimensional Array:", array_5d.shape)
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                    DEBUG CONSOLE
                                   TERMINAL
                                             PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(3).py"
5-Dimensional Array:
[[[[[1 2 3 4 5]]]]]
Shape of the 5-Dimensional Array: (1, 1, 1, 1, 5)
PS C:\python>
```

```
lab9(4).py X
                lab9(5).py
                                lab9(6).py
                                                 ş
lab9(4).py > ...
       import numpy as np
  1
       # Create a 1-D array
  2
       array_1d = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
  3
       # Reshape it into a 2-D array
  4
       array_2d = np.reshape(array_1d, (2, 3))
  5
       # Display the 2-D array
  6
       print("2-D Array:")
  7
       print(array 2d)
  8
  9
                                   TERMINAL
PROBLEMS
           OUTPUT
                   DEBUG CONSOLE
                                             PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(4).py"
2-D Array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]
PS C:\python>
```

```
lab9(5).py
           ×
                lab9(6).py
                                                 lab9(8).py
                                 lab9(7).py
lab9(5).py > ...
       import numpy as np
       # Create two 1-D arrays
  2
       array1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
  3
       array2 = np.array([4, 5, 6])
  4
       # Stack them vertically along a new axis (axis=0)
  5
  6
       stacked_array = np.stack((array1, array2), axis=0)
       print("Stacked Array:")
  7
  8
       print(stacked_array)
       print("-----
  9
       # Create two 1-D arrays
 10
       array1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
 11
       array2 = np.array([4, 5, 6])
 12
 13
       # Stack them horizontally
       hstacked_array = np.hstack((array1, array2))
 14
       print("Horizontally Stacked Array:")
 15
       print(hstacked array)
 16
       print("-----
 17
       # Create two 1-D arrays
 18
       array1 = np.array([1, 2, 3])
array2 = np.array([4, 5, 6])
 19
 20
       # Stack them vertically
 21
 22
       vstacked_array = np.vstack((array1, array2))
       print("Vertically Stacked Array:")
 23
       print(vstacked_array)
 24
       print("-----
 25
       # Create two 2-D arrays
 26
       array1 = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])
 27
 28
       array2 = np.array([[5, 6], [7, 8]])
       # Stack them along the third axis
 29
       dstacked_array = np.dstack((array1, array2))
 30
       print("Depth-wise Stacked Array:")
 31
 32
       print(dstacked_array)
 33
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS

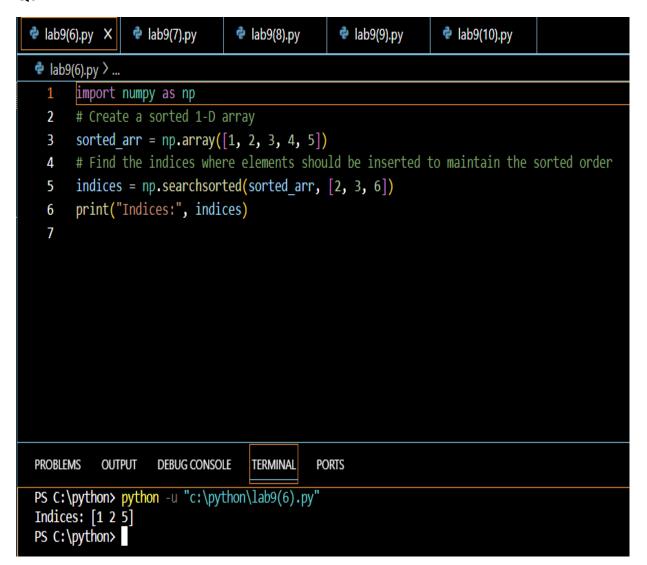
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(5).py"
Stacked Array:
[[1 2 3]
    [4 5 6]]

Horizontally Stacked Array:
[[1 2 3]
    [4 5 6]]

Vertically Stacked Array:
[[1 2 3]
    [4 5 6]]

Depth-wise Stacked Array:
[[[1 5]
    [2 6]]

[[3 7]
    [4 8]]]
PS C:\python>
```



```
lab9(10).py X
lab9(7).py
                lab9(8).py
                                lab9(9).py
dab9(10).py > ...
      import pandas as pd
      import numpy as \overline{np} # Create a job portal DataFrame with hierarchical indexing
      data = {'Job_Title': ['Software Engineer', 'Data Analyst', 'Product Manager', 'UI/UX Designer', 'Marketing Manager']
  5
                'Salary': [90000.0, 75000.0, 110000.0, 80000.0, 95000.0],
               'Location': ['San Francisco', 'New York', 'Seattle', 'Los Angeles', 'Chicago']}
  6
       # Create two levels of index
      index1 = ['Entry Level', 'Entry Level', 'Mid Level', 'Entry Level', 'Mid Level']
  8
      index2 = ['Technology', 'Data', 'Management', 'Design', 'Management']
      # Create a MultiIndex using the two levels
      multi_index = pd.MultiIndex.from_arrays([index1, index2], names=('Level', 'Category'))
      # Create the DataFrame with the MultiIndex
 12
 13
      df = pd.DataFrame(data, index=multi_index)
      # Display the DataFrame with hierarchical indexing
 15
      print("DataFrame with Hierarchical Indexing:")
 16
       print(df)
                                  TERMINAL
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                            PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(10).py"
DataFrame with Hierarchical Indexing:
                               Job_Title
                                            Salary
                                                         Location
Level
            Category
Entry Level Technology Software Engineer
                                           90000.0 San Francisco
            Data
                            Data Analyst
                                           75000.0
                                                         New York
                          Product Manager
Mid Level
           Management
                                          110000.0
                                                          Seattle
Entry Level Design
                          UI/UX Designer
                                           80000.0
                                                      Los Angeles
Mid Level Management Marketing Manager
                                                         Chicago
                                           95000.0
PS C:\python>
```

```
lab9(8).py X
                lab9(9).py
                                lab9(10).py

♣ lab9(8).py > ...

       import pandas as pd
  2
       # Create data using lists
       data = {'Name': ['John', 'Anna', 'Peter', 'Linda', 'James'],
  4
                'Age': [28, 24, 22, 32, 29],
                'City': ['New York', 'San Francisco', 'Chicago', 'Los Angeles', 'Boston']}
      # Create a DataFrame using the data
  6
       df = pd.DataFrame(data)
  8
       # Print the DataFrame
  9
       print(df)
 10
PROBLEMS
          OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                  TERMINAL
                                             PORTS
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(8).py"
    Name Age
John 28
                        City
                    New York
          24 San Francisco
    Anna
2
   Peter
           22
                     Chicago
3
           32
   Linda
                 Los Angeles
   James
           29
                      Boston
PS C:\python>
```

Q9

```
lab9(9).py X
              lab9(10).py
de lab9(9).py > ...
     import pandas as pd
      import numpy as np
     # Create a job portal DataFrame with missing values
      data = {'Job_Title': ['Software Engineer', 'Data Analyst', 'Product Manager', 'UI/UX Designer', 'Marketing Manager'],
              'Salary': [90000.0, np.nan, 110000.0, 80000.0, np.nan],
  5
              'Location': ['San Francisco', 'New York', np.nan, 'Los Angeles', 'Chicago']}
     df = pd.DataFrame(data)
      # Display the DataFrame with missing values
      print("DataFrame with Missing Values:")
 10
      print(df)
 # Check for missing values
 12 print("\nCheck for Missing Values (isnull()):")
     print(df.isnull())
 # Check for non-missing values
     print("\nCheck for Non-Missing Values (notnull()):")
 15
     print(df.notnull())
 17 # Drop rows with missing values
 18 df dropped = df.dropna()
     print("\nDataFrame after Dropping Rows with Missing Values:")
 19
 20
      print(df_dropped)
     # Fill missing values with a specified value (e.g., 0)
     df filled = df.fillna(0)
 22
 23
      print("\nDataFrame after Filling Missing Values with 0:")
 24
      print(df filled)
     # Replace missing values with a specific value (e.g., 'Not Available')
 26
      df_replaced = df.replace(np.nan, 'Not Available')
      print("\nDataFrame after Replacing Missing Values with 'Not Available':")
 27
 28
      print(df replaced)
      # Interpolate missing values using a linear method
      df interpolated = df.interpolate()
      print("\nDataFrame after Interpolating Missing Values:")
 31
      print(df_interpolated)
 32
```

Outputs: -

```
lab9(9).py ×
                     lab9(10).py
 🕏 lab9(9).py >
          import pandas as pd
 PROBLEMS
               OUTPUT
                            DEBUG CONSOLE
                                                 TERMINAL
                                                               PORTS
 DataFrame after Replacing Missing Values with 'Not Available': PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(9).py"
 PS C:\python> python -u "c:\pythonDataFrame with Missing Values:
Job_Title Salary
                                Salary
90000.0
                                                   Location
     Software Engineer
                                            San Francisco
 0
        Data Analyst
Product Manager
                                                   New York
 1
                                     NaN
 2
                              110000.0
                                                          NaN
        UI/UX Designer
 3
                               80000.0
                                               Los Angeles
 4
     Marketing Manager
                                     NaN
                                                     Chicago
 Check for Missing Values (isnull()):
Job_Title Salary Location
0 False False False
 1
          False
                       True
                                   False
                                   True
 2
          False
                     False
 3
                     False
                                   False
          False
 4
          False
                       True
                                   False
 Check for Non-Missing Values (notnull()):
Job_Title Salary Location
O True True True
                                   True
           True
 1
                     False
                      True
True
 2
            True
                                   False
 3
                                    True
            True
                     False
 4
            True
                                    True
 DataFrame after Dropping Rows with Missing Values:

Job_Title Salary Location

Ø Software Engineer 90000.0 San Francisco
         UI/UX Designer
                              80000.0
                                             Los Angeles
 DataFrame after Filling Missing Values with 0:
               Job Title
                                 Salary
                                                   Location
     Software Engineer
 Ø
                                90000.0
                                            San Francisco
            Data Analyst
 1
                                     0.0
                                                   New York
 2
        Product Manager
                               110000.0
                                                             Ø
 3
         UI/UX Designer
                                80000.0
                                               Los Angeles
                                                     Chicago
 4
     Marketing Manager
                                     0.0
 DataFrame after Replacing Missing Values with 'Not Available':

Job_Title Salary Location
          Job_Title Salary
ware Engineer 90000.0
Data Analyst Not Available
     Software Engineer
                                                   San Francisco
 0
 1
                                                          New York
```

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                 TERMINAL
                                            PORTS
DataFrame after Replacing Missing Values with 'Not Available':
          Job Title
                           Salary
                                        Location
0 Software Engineer
                           90000.0 San Francisco
       Data Analyst Not Available
                                        New York
                          110000.0 Not Available
    Product Manager
     UI/UX Designer
                           80000.0
                                     Los Angeles
4 Marketing Manager Not Available
                                          Chicago
c:\python\lab9(9).py:30: FutureWarning: DataFrame.interpolate with object dtype is deprecated and will raise in a future version. Call obj.infer obj
ects(copy=False) before interpolating instead.
 df interpolated = df.interpolate()
DataFrame after Interpolating Missing Values:
          Job Title
                       Salary
                                    Location
0 Software Engineer 90000.0 San Francisco
1
       Data Analyst 100000.0
                                    New York
    Product Manager 110000.0
                                         NaN
     UI/UX Designer 80000.0
                                 Los Angeles
4 Marketing Manager 80000.0
                                     Chicago
PS C:\python> |
```

```
🕏 lab9(10).py 🗙
 🕏 lab9(10).py > ...
         import pandas as pd
        import numpy as \overline{np} # Create a job portal DataFrame with hierarchical indexing
        data = {'Job_Title': ['Software Engineer', 'Data Analyst', 'Product Manager', 'UI/UX Designer', 'Marketing Manager'], 'Salary': [90000.0, 75000.0, 110000.0, 80000.0, 95000.0],
                   'Location': ['San Francisco', 'New York', 'Seattle', 'Los Angeles', 'Chicago']}
        index1 = ['Entry Level', 'Entry Level', 'Mid Level', 'Entry Level', 'Mid Level']
index2 = ['Technology', 'Data', 'Management', 'Design', 'Management']
# Create a MultiIndex using the two levels
  8
        multi_index = pd.MultiIndex.from_arrays([index1, index2], names=('Level', 'Category'))
 11
        df = pd.DataFrame(data, index=multi_index)
  13
        # Display the DataFrame with hierarchical indexing
 14
        print("DataFrame with Hierarchical Indexing:")
        print(df)
  16
PROBLEMS OUTPUT
                        DEBUG CONSOLE
                                           TERMINAL
PS C:\python> python -u "c:\python\lab9(10).py"
DataFrame with Hierarchical Indexing:
                                        Job Title
                                                       Salary
                                                                       Location
Level Category
Entry Level Technology
                             Software Engineer
                                                      90000.0 San Francisco
                                                      75000.0
               Data
                                   Data Analyst
                                                                       New York
                                Product Manager
Mid Level
               Management
                                                     110000.0
                                                                         Seattle
Entry Level Design
Mid Level Management
                                 UI/UX Designer
                                                      80000.0
                                                                    Los Angeles
                             Marketing Manager
                                                      95000.0
                                                                         Chicago
PS C:\python>
```