# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



## NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20 Marks Obtained : 19

Section 1: MCQ

1. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
   if (top == -1) {
      printf("Stack is empty\n");
   } else {
      printf("Stack elements: ");
      for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
            printf("%d ", stack[i]);
      }
      printf("\n");
   }
}
```

```
void push(int value) {
  if (top == MAX_SIZE -1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  } else {
    stack[++top] = value;
int main() {
  display();
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
display();
  push(40);
  push(50);
  push(60);
  display();
  return 0;
}
Answer
Stack is emptyStack elements: 10 20 30Stack elements: 30 20 10
Status: Wrong
                                                                    Marks: 0/1
```

2. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

3. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

### Answer

All of the mentioned options

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct of the Stack 4. Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ Answer Top Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 5. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it? Answer Peek Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 6. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack? Answer Linked lists can dynamically resize Status: Correct 7. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack. Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack? Answer First node Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 8. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow? a Stack underflow?

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
  return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
void push(int item) {
  if (isFull())
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
  else
    stack[++top] = item;
int main() {
printf("%d\n", isEmpty())
  push(10);
  push(20);
  push(30);
  printf("%d\n", isFull());
  return 0;
}
Answer
10
```

Status: Correct

10. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a

Marks: 1/1

fixed size?

Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

13. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

15. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

### Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

#### Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

17. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
```

```
pop();
   push(5);
   Answer
    1
    Status: Correct
                                                                      Marks: 1/1
   18. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then
   which of the following is correct statement for Stack?
   push(1);
   pop();
   push(2);
push(3);
   pop();
   push(2);
   pop();
   pop();
   push(4);
   pop();
   pop();
   push(5);
   Answer
    Underflow Occurs
Status : Correct
                                                                      Marks:
   19. What will be the output of the following code?
    #include <stdio.h>
   #define MAX_SIZE 5
   void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
      if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
return;

stack[++(*top)] = item;
```

```
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
  if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
     return -1;
  return stack[(*top)--];
}
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
  return 0:
}
Answer
302010Stack Underflow-1
                                                                    Marks : 1/1
Status: Correct
20. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is
Answer
142
```

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Status: Correct

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Marks: 1/1