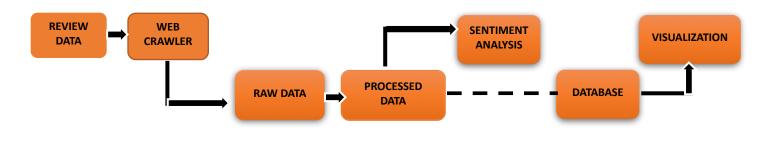
AIRLINES SATISFACTION SYSTEM THROUGH TWITTER REVIEW'S SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

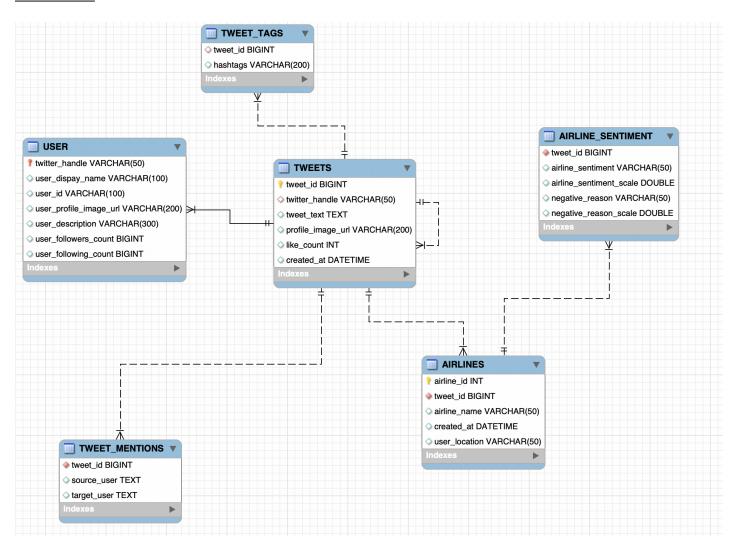
TWITTER BOT PYTHON FILE - JUPYTER

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1nttw2K_weFK2RqZPXC e1pZElZdk_hE/view?usp=sharing

CONCEPTUAL FLOW DIAGRAM



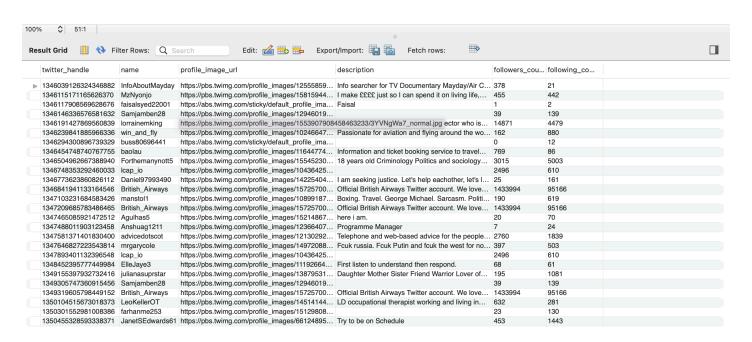
ER DIAGRAM



TABLES POPULATED

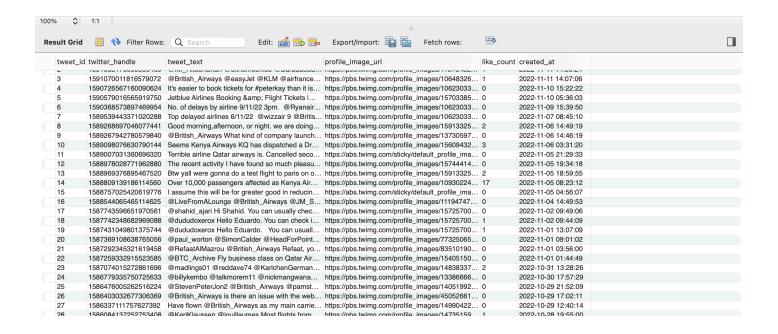
USERS

1 • SELECT * FROM airline_passenger_satisfaction.USER;



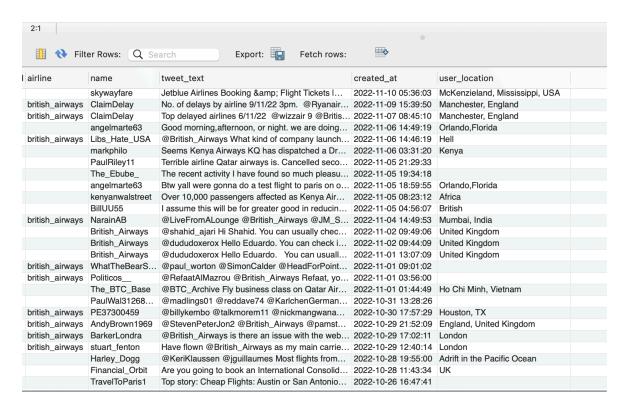
TWEETS

1 • SELECT * FROM airline_passenger_satisfaction.TWEETS;



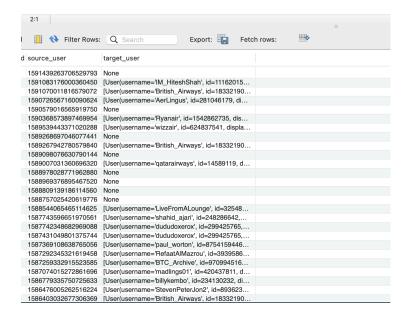
AIRLINES

SELECT * FROM airline_passenger_satisfaction.AIRLINES;



TWEET MENTION

SELECT * FROM airline_passenger_satisfaction.TWEET_MENTIONS;



#SQL Statements for the conceptual model

create database airline passenger satisfaction;

#User Table:

CREATE TABLE USER(
twitter_handle VARCHAR(100),
name VARCHAR(100),
profile_image_url VARCHAR(200),
description VARCHAR(300),
followers_count BIGINT,
following_count BIGINT,
PRIMARY KEY (twitter_handle));

#Tweets Table:

CREATE TABLE TWEETS(
tweet_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
twitter_handle VARCHAR(50),
tweet_text TEXT,
profile_image_url VARCHAR(200),
like_count integer,
created_at DATETIME,
PRIMARY KEY (tweet_id));

#Tweet_Tags:

drop table TWEET_TAGS; CREATE TABLE TWEET_TAGS(tweet_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT, hashtags VARCHAR(200), PRIMARY KEY (tweet_id));

#Tweet Mentions Table:

```
drop table TWEET_MENTIONS;
CREATE TABLE TWEET_MENTIONS (
tweet_id INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT ,
source_user text,
target_user text,
PRIMARY KEY (tweet_id)
);
```

```
#Airlines_Table
drop table AIRLINES;
CREATE TABLE AIRLINES (
tweet id INT NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
airline VARCHAR(50),
name VARCHAR(50),
tweet text TEXT,
created at DATETIME,
user location VARCHAR(50),
PRIMARY KEY (tweet id)
);
#Airline Sentiment
CREATE TABLE AIRLINE SENTIMENT(
tweet id INT NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
airline sentiment VARCHAR(50),
airline sentiment scale double,
negative reason VARCHAR(50),
negative reason scale double,
airline VARCHAR(50),
name VARCHAR(50),
PRIMARY KEY (tweet id)
);
#Foreign Key Constraint
#Constraint for Tweet table:
ALTER TABLE TWEETS
ADD CONSTRAINT tweets fk1 FOREIGN KEY (twitter handle)
REFERENCES User(twitter handle);
ALTER TABLE TWEETS
ADD CONSTRAINT tweets fk2 FOREIGN KEY (profile image url)
REFERENCES User(profile image url);
#Constraint for Tweet_Tags table:
ALTER TABLE TWEET TAGS
ADD CONSTRAINT Tweet Tags fk11 FOREIGN KEY (tweet id)
REFERENCES Tweets(tweet id);
#Constraint for Tweet_Mentions table:
ALTER TABLE TWEET MENTIONS
ADD CONSTRAINT Tweet Tags fk3 FOREIGN KEY (tweet id)
REFERENCES Tweets(tweet id);
```

#Constraint for Tweet_Mentions Airlines Table

ALTER TABLE AIRLINES

ADD CONSTRAINT Tweet_Tags_fk6 FOREIGN KEY (tweet_id)

REFERENCES Tweets(tweet_id);

#Constraint for Tweet_Mentions Airlines Sentiment

ALTER TABLE AIRLINE_SENTIMENT
ADD CONSTRAINT Tweet_Tags_fk7 FOREIGN KEY (tweet_id)
REFERENCES Tweets(tweet_id);

USE-CASE.

RELATIONAL-ALGEBRA EXPRESSIONS FOR THE USE CASES

SQL STATEMENTS

Queries you must answer about your physical model (In Relational algebra & SQL):

1. What user posted this tweet?

```
SELECT tweet_handle FROM tweets where tweet_id='12345'; \pi tweet_handle \sigma tweet_id='12345'(tweets)
```

2. When did the user post this tweet?

```
SELECT created_at FROM tweets where tweet_id='12345'; \pi created at \sigma tweet id='12345'(tweets)
```

3. What tweets have this user posted in the past 24 hours?

```
SELECT * FROM tweets
```

```
WHERE tweet_handle='test' AND created_at >= INTERVAL 1 DAY; \pi * \sigma tweet_handle='test \land created_at >= interval 1 day(tweets)
```

4. How many tweets have this user posted in the past 24 hours?

```
SELECT count(*) FROM tweets
```

```
WHERE tweet handle='test' AND created at >= INTERVAL 1 DAY;
```

- 5. When did this user join Twitter?
- 6. What keywords/ hashtags are popular?
- 7. What tweets are popular?

```
SELECT * FROM tweets ORDER BY like count DESC;
```

- 8. What percentage of customers are satisfied with Qatar?
- 9. How was user experience affected during pandemic for Qatar travellers?
- 10. How many positive reviews do we have for Qatar?

```
SELECT * FROM airline_sentiment where airline_sentiment='positive'; \pi * \sigma airline_sentiment = 'positive' (airline_sentiment)
```

- 11. What's the user satisfaction ratio in 2021 compared to 2020?
- 12. How many negative reviews do we have for Qatar? SELECT * FROM airline_sentiment where airline_sentiment='negative'; $\pi * \sigma$ airline_sentiment ='negative'(airline_sentiment)
- 13. What percentage of customers are satisfied with Air France?
- 14. What are the top 3 best reviewed airlines?
- 15. How many reviews has user xyz given so far? SELECT * FROM tweets where tweet_handle='93845'; $\pi * \sigma$ tweet_handle ='93845'(tweets)