

Part E :

. Consider the following processes with arrival times and burst times:

| Process | Arrival Time | Burst Time |

|-----|-----|-----|

| P1 | 0 | 5 |

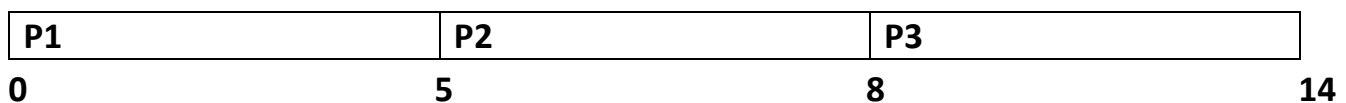
| P2 | 1 | 3 |

| P3 | 2 | 6 |

Calculate the average waiting time using First-Come, First-Served (FCFS) scheduling.

Pid	Arival Time	Burst Time	Completion time	Turn around time	Wating time
P1	0	5	5	5	0
P2	1	3	8	7	1
P3	2	6	14	12	2

Gannt chart-(Non Preemptive)



$$WT = TAT - BT$$

$$TAT = CT - AT$$

Avg waiting time is(0+1+2)/3=1units.

2. Consider the following processes with arrival times and burst times:

| Process | Arrival Time | Burst Time |

|-----|-----|-----|

| P1 | 0 | 3 |

| P2 | 1 | 5 |

| P3 | 2 | 1 |

| P4 | 3 | 4 |

Calculate the average turnaround time using Shortest Job First (SJF) scheduling.

Pid	Arival Time	Burst Time	Completion time	Turn around time
P1	0	3	3	3
P2	1	5	8	7
P3	2	1	9	7
P4	3	4	13	10

Gannt chart-(Non Preemptive)

P1	P2	P3	P4	
0	3	8	9	14

$$\text{TAT} = \text{CT} - \text{AT}$$

$$\text{Average TAT} = (3+7+7+10)/4=6.75\text{units}$$

3. Consider the following processes with arrival times, burst times, and priorities (lower number indicates higher priority):

| Process | Arrival Time | Burst Time | Priority |

|-----|-----|-----|-----|

| P1 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

| P2 | 1 | 4 | 1 |

| P3 | 2 | 7 | 4 |

| P4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |

Calculate the average waiting time using Priority Scheduling.

Process ID	Arrival time	Burst time	priority	Completion time	Turn Around time	Waiting time.
P1	0	6	3	4	4	2
P2	1	4	1	6	5	1
P3	2	7	4	9	7	0
P4	3	2	2	16	13	11

P1	P2	P3	P4
0	4	6	9
			16

$$WT = TAT - BT$$

$$TAT = CT - AT$$

Avg waiting time is $(0 + 1 + 2 + 11) / 4 = 3.5$ units.

4. Consider the following processes with arrival times and burst times, and the time quantum for

Round Robin scheduling is 2 units:

| Process | Arrival Time | Burst Time |

|-----|-----|-----|

| P1 | 0 | 4 |

| P2 | 1 | 5 |

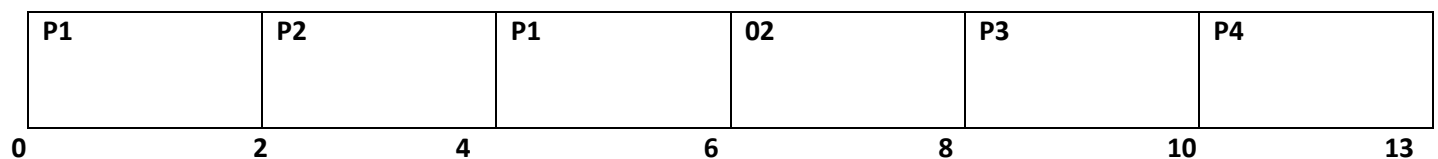
| P3 | 2 | 2 |

| P4 | 3 | 3 |

Calculate the average turnaround time using Round Robin scheduling.

Process Id	Arival time	Burst time	Completion time	Turn Around time
P1	0	4	6	6
P2	1	5	8	7
P3	2	2	10	8
P4	3	3	13	10

Gantt Chart _



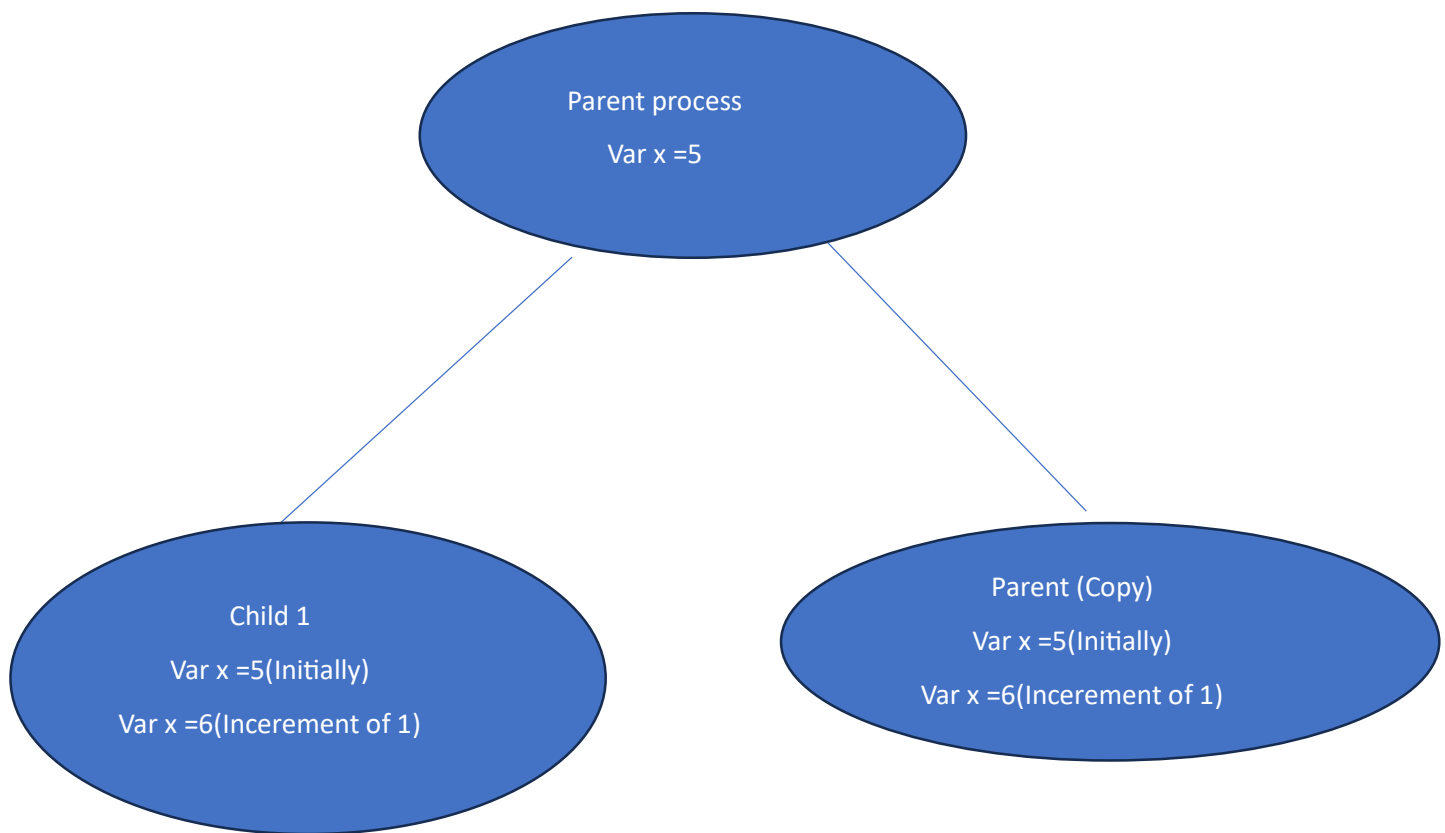
TAT=CT-AT

Avg Turn around time is $(6+7+8+10)/4=7.75$ units.

5. Consider a program that uses the `fork()` system call to create a child process. Initially, the parent process has a variable `x` with a value of 5. After forking, both the parent and child processes increment the value of `x` by 1.

What will be the final values of `x` in the parent and child processes after the `fork()` call?

Ans-



So after fork call the value of `x` will be 6 in child and also in parent copy