PAGE REPLACEMENT ALGORITHM (PROG NO – 5)

Objective: Design, develop and implement a C/C++/Java program to implement page replacement algorithm using FIFO. Assume suitable input required to demonstrate the results.

ALGORITHM:

- 1. **Input:** Total number of pages (**n**), page sequence array (**pg**), page frame size (**psize**).
- 2. Initialize an array to represent the page frame (**fr**) with a size of **psize** and fill it with -1 to indicate empty slots.
- 3. Initialize variables **f** (front), **r** (rear), **s** (sequence index), and **count** (page fault count) to 0.
- 4. While processing pages (**s** less than **n**): a. Set **flag** to 0 to indicate a page fault. b. Get the page number (**num**) from the sequence at index **s**. c. Check if the page is already in the page frame by iterating through the page frame array (**fr**).
 - If found (**flag** is set to 1), increment **s** and continue to the next iteration. d. If the page is not in the page frame:
 - Check if there is space in the page frame (r < psize):
 - If space is available, add the page to the page frame at the rear (fr[r] = pg[s]), and increment both r and s.
 - Increment the page fault count (count).
 - If the page frame is full:
 - Check if there is space at the front (f < psize):
 - If space is available, add the page to the page frame at the front (**fr[f]** = **pg[s]**), and increment both **f** and **s**.
 - Increment the page fault count (**count**).
 - If both front and rear are at the end, wrap around to the beginning (f = 0).
 e. Print the current state of the page frame after each page operation.

5. Print the total number of page faults.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int n, pg[30], fr[10];
void fifo();
int main()
{
  int i;
  printf("Enter total number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter page sequence:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
     scanf("%d", &pg[i]);
  fifo();
  return 0;
}
void fifo()
  int i, f = 0, r = 0, s = 0, count = 0, flag = 0, num, psize;
  printf("Enter the size of page frame: ");
  scanf("%d", &psize);
  for (i = 0; i < psize; i++)
     fr[i] = -1;
```

```
while (s < n)
{
     flag = 0;
     num = pg[s];
     for (i = 0; i < psize; i++)
{
       if (num == fr[i])
       {
          s++;
          flag = 1;
          break;
        }
 }
     if (flag == 0)
{
       if (r < psize)
      {
          fr[r] = pg[s];
          r++;
          s++;
          count++;
        }
else
       {
          if (f < psize)
             fr[f] = pg[s];
             s++;
             f++;
             count++;
else {
             f = 0;
```

```
}

printf("\nPage Frame: ");
for (i = 0; i < psize; i++)
    printf("%d ", fr[i]);
}

printf("\nPage Faults: %d\n", count);
}
</pre>
```

Example Input:

Enter total number of pages: 12

Enter page sequence:

432143543215

Enter the size of page frame: 3

Example Output:

Page Frame: 4 -1 -1

Page Frame: 43-1

Page Frame: 432

Page Frame: 1 3 2

Page Frame: 1 4 2

rage rraine. 1 + 2

Page Frame: 1 4 3

Page Frame: 5 4 3

Page Frame: 5 4 1

Page Frame: 5 4 2

Page Frame: 142

Page Frame: 152

Page Frame: 154

Page Faults: 10