# Day 6: Let's Review



# **Objective**

Today we're expanding our knowledge of Strings and combining it with what we've already learned about loops. Check out the Tutorial tab for learning materials and an instructional video!

#### **Task**

Given a string, S, of length N that is indexed from 0 to N-1, print its *even-indexed* and *odd-indexed* characters as 2 space-separated strings on a single line (see the *Sample* below for more detail).

**Note:** 0 is considered to be an *even* index.

## **Input Format**

The first line contains an integer, T (the number of test cases). Each line i of the T subsequent lines contain a String, S.

#### **Constraints**

- $1 \le T \le 10$
- $2 \le \text{length of } S \le 10000$

## **Output Format**

For each String  $S_j$  (where  $0 \le j \le T-1$ ), print  $S_j$ 's *even-indexed* characters, followed by a space, followed by  $S_j$ 's *odd-indexed* characters.

## **Sample Input**

2 Hacker Rank

#### **Sample Output**

Hce akr Rn ak

## **Explanation**

Test Case 0: S ="Hacker"

$$S[0] = "H"$$

$$S[1] =$$
"a"

$$S[2] = c$$

$$S[3] = k$$

$$S[4] = e$$

$$S[5] = "r"$$

The *even* indices are 0, 2, and 4, and the *odd* indices are 1, 3, and 5. We then print *a single line* of 2 space-separated strings; the first string contains the ordered characters from S's *even* indices (**Hce**), and the second string contains the ordered characters from S's *odd* indices (**akr**).

Test Case 1: S ="Rank"

$$S[0] = \mathbf{R}$$

$$S[1] =$$
"a"

$$S[2] =$$
"n"

$$S[3] = "k"$$

The *even* indices are  $\bf 0$  and  $\bf 2$ , and the *odd* indices are  $\bf 1$  and  $\bf 3$ . We then print *a single line* of  $\bf 2$  space-separated strings; the first string contains the ordered characters from  $\bf S$ 's *even* indices ( $\bf Rn$ ), and the second string contains the ordered characters from  $\bf S$ 's *odd* indices ( $\bf ak$ ).