

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
In [8]: dataset = pd.read_csv("Social_Network_Ads.csv")
```

```
In [9]: dataset
```

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0
...
395	15691863	Female	46	41000	1
396	15706071	Male	51	23000	1
397	15654296	Female	50	20000	1
398	15755018	Male	36	33000	0
399	15594041	Female	49	36000	1

400 rows × 5 columns

```
In [10]: dataset.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[10]: User ID      0
Gender      0
Age         0
EstimatedSalary  0
Purchased   0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: dataset.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[11]: 0
```

```
In [13]: mapi = ('Male':1, 'Female':0)
dataset = dataset.replace(mapi)
dataset.head()mapi = ('Male':1, 'Female':0)
dataset = dataset.replace(mapi)
dataset.head()
```

File "/tmp/ipykernel_4928/3827360022.py", line 1
mapi = ('Male' :1, 'Female' :0)
 ^
SyntaxError: invalid syntax

```
In [16]: dataset.drop(['Purchased'], axis = 1), dataset["Purchased"]
```

```
Out[16]: (   User ID  Gender  Age  EstimatedSalary
0    15624510   Male   19             19000
1    15810944   Male   35             20000
2    15668575  Female   26             43000
3    15603246  Female   27             57000
4    15804002   Male   19             76000
..         ..   ..   ..             ...
395   15691863  Female   46             41000
396   15706071   Male   51             23000
397   15654296  Female   50             20000
398   15755018   Male   36             33000
399   15594041  Female   49             36000

[400 rows x 4 columns],
0      0
1      0
2      0
3      0
4      0
..
395    1
396    1
397    1
398    0
399    1
Name: Purchased, Length: 400, dtype: int64)
```

```
In [18]: dataset.drop(['User ID'], axis=1, inplace=True)
dataset.head()
```

	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	Male	19	19000	0
1	Male	35	20000	0
2	Female	26	43000	0
3	Female	27	57000	0
4	Male	19	76000	0

```
In [19]: mapi = {'Male':1, 'Female':0}
dataset = dataset.replace(mapi)
dataset.head()
```

	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	1	19	19000	0
1	1	35	20000	0
2	0	26	43000	0
3	0	27	57000	0
4	1	19	76000	0

```
In [20]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25, random_state = 0)
```

NameError Traceback (most recent call last)
/tmp/ipykernel_4928/3530513705.py in <module>
 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
----> 2 xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25, random_state = 0)
NameError: name 'x' is not defined

```
In [21]: x, y=dataset.drop(['Purchased'], axis = 1), dataset["Purchased"]
```

```
In [23]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
xtrain, xtest, ytrain, ytest = train_test_split(x, y, test_size = 0.25, random_state = 0)
```

```
In [24]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc_scale = StandardScaler()
```

```
In [25]: xtrain = sc_scale.fit_transform(xtrain)
xtest = sc_scale.transform(xtest)
```

```
In [26]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
classifier = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
```

```
In [27]: classifier.fit(xtrain, ytrain)
```

```
Out[27]: LogisticRegression
LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
```

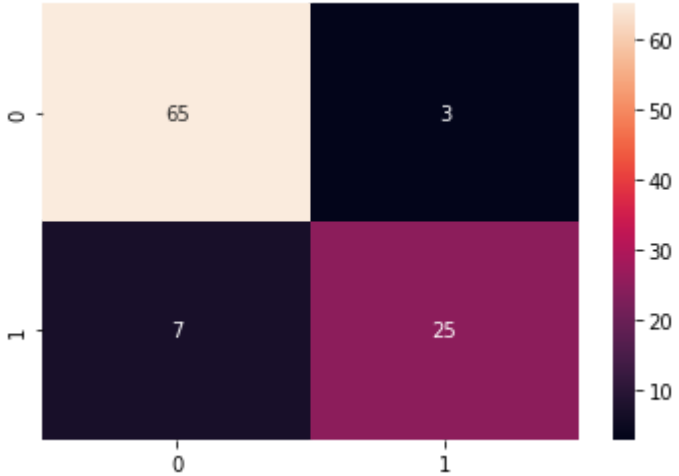
```
In [28]: y_pred = classifier.predict(xtest)
```

```
In [29]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(ytest, y_pred)

print("Confusion Matrix: \n", cm)

Confusion Matrix:
[[65  3]
 [ 7 25]]
```

```
In [30]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
plt.show()
```



```
In [32]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
print ("Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(ytest, y_pred)*100, '%')

Accuracy:  90.0 %
```

```
In [33]: from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall_score
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
```

```
In [35]: #precision: tp / (tp + fp)
precision = precision_score(ytest, y_pred)
print ('Precision: %f' % precision)
#recall: tp / (tp + fn)
recall = recall_score(ytest, y_pred)
print ('recall: %f' % recall)
#f1: 2tp / (2tp + fp + fn)
f1 = f1_score(ytest, y_pred)
print ('f1: %f' % f1)
```

Precision: 0.892857
recall: 0.781250
f1: 0.833333

In []:

Precision: 0.892857