US China Trade War and its effects on the Indian Economy

HS 323 Term Paper Presentation

What is a trade war?

- When countries go protectionist.
- * Tariff / Barrier imposition

The US China Trade War

- USA World's Largest Exporter
- China World's Largest Importer
- * Bilateral Trade: 3% of Global Trade; 2.5% of China GDP; 1% of US GDP.
- Then why is this still impact

What led to Washington v/s Beijing?

- * "Trumponomics" An America-first approach.
- Historically, no reciprocal market access to US.
- China's rising global dominance (BRI, South China Sea, Taiwan, Hong Kong).
- IP Rights and Violations

Impact

- * China's currency devaluations(11 year low), GDP growth rate (30 year low), price devaluations.
- "When elephants fight, it is the grass that suffers." African Proverb
- Developing Nations may be impacted much more than developed ones.

The Indian Economy

- "India could be a winner in the US-China Trade War"
 CNBC Article
- India can ramp up exports to the two countries (Export share grown since the trade war).
- * India's World Exports: 1.58% Q4 '17 to 1.71% Q1 '19).
- India's manufacturing not as integrated in the global supply chain. (i.e. exporters cushioned)

Opportunities for India

- Products competitive as long as the price differential before the tariff imposition was higher than the current amount of tariffs.
- For non-competitive products, India sees an opportunity. Eg. India's entry in US Metal Markets
- * To China- vehicles, motorcycles, fibre optical cables, coal, plastic products, apple, Soya bean, wine, meat, etc.
- * To USA-, it has an opportunity to export electrical machinery, solar panels, furniture, toys, steel, aluminium, etc.

Opportunities for India (contd.)

- The Case of Soybeans (China 57% World Demand US 44% World Exports)
- Investment Diversions
- Where is WTO? GATT National Security Clause
- * Top three sectors in India that could benefit from the trade war are: pharmaceutical, chemicals and engineering.
- Manufacturing Sector: textiles, footwear and electronics.

Challenges for India

- Dumping of Surplus Metals from China.
- * RCEP- First PTA with India & China as members.
- India's opting out may be to curb dumping.

Is currency war a possibility?

- China's secret weapon dumping all US Debt.
- May lead to a currency war?
- Graceffo, 2019: Currency war would hurt China more.
- Devaluation- threat to IMF Special Drawing Rights Currency, else Yuan no longer an option as international currency, scare of investors.
- China's FDI drops
- China Largest Exporter, with no USD reserves, will it except USD as payment?

Conclusion

- Developing Nations being affected the most.
- Change in manufacturing bases.
- Bureaucratic Hurdles, licensing interference.
- Short run, trade diversion Opportunity for India.
- Markets with US & China, tougher for India.