

Q Write a program that creates a user interface to perform integer divisions. The user enters two numbers in the text fields, Num 1 and Num 2. The division of Num 1 and Num 2 is displayed in the Result field when the Divide button is clicked. If Num 1 or Num 2 was not an integer, the program would throw a NumberFormatException. If Num 2 was zero, the program would throw an ArithmeticException. Display the exception in a message dialog box.

```
import javax.swing.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;

class SwingDemo2 {
    SwingDemo2() {
        // create JFrame container
        JFrame jfrm = new JFrame("Divide app");
        jfrm.setSize(275, 150);
        jfrm.setLayout(new BorderLayout());
        jfrm.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);

        JLabel lbl = new JLabel("Enter the dividend and divisor");
        JTextField txt1 = new JTextField(8);
        JTextField txt2 = new JTextField(8);
        JButton button = new JButton("Calculate");
        JLabel err = new JLabel("");
        JLabel ans = new JLabel("");
        JLabel res = new JLabel("");
    }
}
```


JLabel ans = new JLabel();

jfrm.add(e1);

jfrm.add(jlab);

jfrm.add(e2);

jfrm.add(e3);

jfrm.add(e4);

jfrm.add(e5);

jfrm.add(e6);

jfrm.add(e7);

ActionListener l = new ActionListener() {

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {

System.out.println("Action event from a
text field");

}

};

e1.addActionListener(l);

e2.addActionListener(l);

e4.addActionListener(new ActionListener() {

public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent evt) {

try {

int a = Integer.parseInt(e1.getText());

int b = Integer.parseInt(e2.getText());

int ans = a/b;

ans.setText("1/A = " + a);

ans.setText("1/B = " + b);

ans.setText("1/Ans = " + ans);

}

catch (NumberFormatException e) {

alsos. setText ("");

alsos. setText ("");

alsos. setText ("");

err. setText ("Enter only Integer");

}

catch (AuthenticationException e) {

alsos. setText ("");

alsos. setText ("");

alsos. setText ("");

err. setText ("B should be Non zero");

}

}

}

iform. setVisible (true);

}

public static void main (String args[]) {

SwingUtilities.invokeLater (new Runnable() {

public void run () {

new SwingDemo();

}

});

}

}

Output →

(a)

Divide App

Enter the dividend and divisor:

10 5

Calculate A=10 B=5 Ans=2

(b)

Divide App

Enter the dividend and divisor:

10 0

Calculate

↓

Divide App

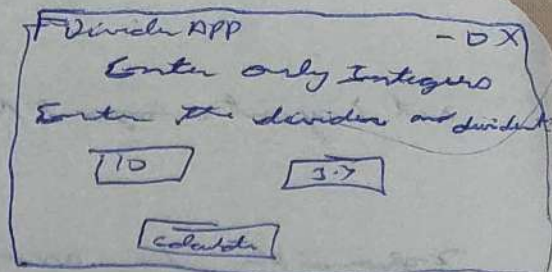
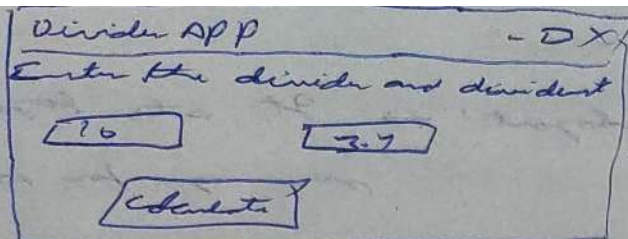
B should not be zero

Enter the dividend and divisor:

10 0

Calculate

c.c)



Report on AWT functions →

JFrame → Represent main window of application

JLabel → used to display text labels on screen

add() → This is used to add a Swing component (button label text field) to a container (JFrame).

setText(text) → It is used to set the text of text based component (such as label) to specified string.

getText() → It returns text from text based component. It represents string representing current text.

addActionListener (ActionListener listener) → This method add.

action listener to the component that generates action events (JButton). When action occurs action performed() method invoked.

setSize (int height, int width) → It is used to set size of component.

such as JFrame the specified height and width in pixels.

set layout cloyout Manager layout' \rightarrow It sets layout
manages for contain
responsible for arranging elements inside it.

set visible (boolean visible) \rightarrow It sets visibility of
component when then
component and ~~parent~~ becomes visible or not
and ~~hidden~~ when set to false.

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