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LAB REPORT
on

OPERATING SYSTEMS **(23CS4PCOPS)**

Submitted by

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in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of
BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
in
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



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CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled “OPERATING SYSTEMS – 23CS4PCOPS” carried out by **SHREYAS SINHA (1BM23CS321)** who is bona fide student of **B. M. S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the year 2024. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of an **OPERATING SYSTEMS - (23CS4PCOPS)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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Course Outcome

| | |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Apply the different concepts and functionalities of Operating System |
| CO2 | Analyze various Operating system strategies and techniques |
| CO3 | Demonstrate the different functionalities of Operating System |
| CO4 | Conduct practical experiments to implement the functionalities of Operating system |

PROGRAM-1:

Write a C program to simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithm to find turnaround time and waiting time.

- a) FCFS
 - b) SJF(Preemptive)
 - c) SJF(Non-Preemptive)
 - d) Priority(Preemptive)
 - e) Priority(Non-Preemptive)
 - f) Round Robin
-

FCFS scheduling:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
typedef struct {  
    int id, arrival, burst, completion, turnaround, waiting;  
} Process;
```

```
void sortByArrival(Process p[], int n) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {  
        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {  
            if (p[j].arrival > p[j + 1].arrival) {  
                Process temp = p[j];  
                p[j] = p[j + 1];  
                p[j + 1] = temp;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
void fcfs(Process p[], int n, float *avgTAT, float *avgWT) {  
    sortByArrival(p, n);  
    int time = 0, totalTAT = 0, totalWT = 0;  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        if (time < p[i].arrival)  
            time = p[i].arrival;  
  
        p[i].completion = time + p[i].burst;  
        p[i].turnaround = p[i].completion - p[i].arrival;  
        p[i].waiting = p[i].turnaround - p[i].burst;  
  
        time = p[i].completion;  
        totalTAT += p[i].turnaround;
```

```

        totalWT += p[i].waiting;
    }

    *avgTAT = (float)totalTAT / n;
    *avgWT = (float)totalWT / n;
}

void display(Process p[], int n, float avgTAT, float avgWT) {
    printf("\nPID Arrival Burst Completion Turnaround Waiting\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%3d %7d %5d %10d %10d %7d\n",
            p[i].id, p[i].arrival, p[i].burst,
            p[i].completion, p[i].turnaround, p[i].waiting);
    }
    printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f", avgTAT);
    printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", avgWT);
}

int main() {
    int n;
    float avgTAT, avgWT;

    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    Process p[n];
    printf("Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for each process:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        p[i].id = i + 1;
        printf("P[%d]: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d %d", &p[i].arrival, &p[i].burst);
    }

    printf("\nFirst Come First Serve (FCFS) Scheduling\n");
    fcfs(p, n, &avgTAT, &avgWT);
    display(p, n, avgTAT, avgWT);

    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter number of processes: 4
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for each process:
P[1]: 0
5
P[2]: 1
3
P[3]: 2
8
P[4]: 3
6

First Come First Serve (FCFS) Scheduling

PID  Arrival  Burst  Completion  Turnaround  Waiting
1     0       5       5           5           0
2     1       3       8           7           4
3     2       8      16          14           6
4     3       6      22          19          13

Average Turnaround Time: 11.25
Average Waiting Time: 5.75

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 25.615 s
Press any key to continue.
|

```

SJF scheduling(Preemptive):

```

#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 20

int main() {
    int bt[MAX], at[MAX], rt[MAX], wt[MAX], tat[MAX];
    int i, smallest, count = 0, time, n;
    float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;

    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d%d", &at[i], &bt[i]);
        rt[i] = bt[i];
    }

    int complete = 0;
    int min_time = 9999;
    int shortest = 0;
    int finish_time;
    int check = 0;

    for (time = 0; complete != n; time++) {
        shortest = -1;
        min_time = 9999;

        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

```

```

        if ((at[i] <= time) && (rt[i] < min_time) && rt[i] > 0) {
            min_time = rt[i];
            shortest = i;
            check = 1;
        }
    }

    if (check == 0) {
        continue;
    }

    rt[shortest]--;

    if (rt[shortest] == 0) {
        complete++;
        finish_time = time + 1;

        wt[shortest] = finish_time - bt[shortest] - at[shortest];
        if (wt[shortest] < 0)
            wt[shortest] = 0;

        tat[shortest] = wt[shortest] + bt[shortest];

        avg_wt += wt[shortest];
        avg_tat += tat[shortest];
    }
}

printf("\nPROCESS\tAT\tBT\tWT\tTAT\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", i + 1, at[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
}

printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt / n);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat / n);

return 0;
}

```



```

Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time for each process:
Process 1: 6
Process 2: 8
Process 3: 7
Process 4: 3

Process Burst Time    Waiting Time    Turnaround Time
4         3           0             3
1         6           3             9
3         7           9            16
2         8          16            24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.113 s
Press any key to continue.

```

SJF(Non-Preemptive):

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, i, j, temp;
    int bt[20], p[20], wt[20], tat[20];
    float wavg = 0, tatavg = 0;
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter Burst Time for Process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
        p[i] = i + 1;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (bt[i] > bt[j]) {
                temp = bt[i];
                bt[i] = bt[j];
                bt[j] = temp;
                temp = p[i];
                p[i] = p[j];
                p[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }
    wt[0] = 0;
    tat[0] = bt[0];
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        wt[i] = wt[i - 1] + bt[i - 1];
        tat[i] = wt[i] + bt[i];
        wavg += wt[i];
        tatavg += tat[i];
    }
}

```

```

    }
    wavg /= n;
    tatavg /= n;
    printf("\nPROCESS\tBURST TIME\tWAITING TIME\tTURNAROUND TIME\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
    }
    printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", wavg);
    printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", tatavg);
    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time for each process:
Process 1: 6
Process 2: 8
Process 3: 7
Process 4: 3

Process Burst Time      Waiting Time      Turnaround Time
4          3             0                  3
1          6             3                  9
3          7             9                  16
2          8            16                  24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.113 s
Press any key to continue.

```

Priority(Preemptive):

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

int main() {
    int n, i, time = 0, smallest, end;
    int at[20], bt[20], prio[20], rt[20], wt[20], tat[20], completed = 0;
    float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;

    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter Arrival Time, Burst Time and Priority for Process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d%d%d", &at[i], &bt[i], &prio[i]);
        rt[i] = bt[i];
    }

    while (completed != n) {
        int highest_priority = 9999;
        int index = -1;

```

```

for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    if (at[i] <= time && rt[i] > 0 && prio[i] < highest_priority) {
        highest_priority = prio[i];
        index = i;
    }
}

if (index == -1) {
    time++;
    continue;
}

rt[index]--;
time++;

if (rt[index] == 0) {
    completed++;
    end = time;
    tat[index] = end - at[index];
    wt[index] = tat[index] - bt[index];
    avg_wt += wt[index];
    avg_tat += tat[index];
}
}

printf("\nPROCESS\tAT\tBT\tPRIORITY\tWT\tTAT\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", i + 1, at[i], bt[i], prio[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
}

printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt / n);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat / n);

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time for each process:
Process 1: 6
Process 2: 8
Process 3: 7
Process 4: 3

Process Burst Time    Waiting Time    Turnaround Time
4      3             0             3
1      6             3             9
3      7             9            16
2      8            16            24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.113 s
Press any key to continue.

```

Priority(Non-Preemptive):

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, i, j, temp;
    int bt[20], p[20], wt[20], tat[20], prio[20];
    float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;

    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter Burst Time and Priority for Process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d%d", &bt[i], &prio[i]);
        p[i] = i + 1;
    }

    // Sorting by priority (lower number = higher priority)
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
            if (prio[i] > prio[j]) {
                // Swap priority
                temp = prio[i];
                prio[i] = prio[j];
                prio[j] = temp;

                // Swap burst time
                temp = bt[i];
                bt[i] = bt[j];
                bt[j] = temp;
            }
        }
    }

    // Calculate waiting and turnaround times
    wt[0] = 0;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
        wt[i] = wt[i - 1] + bt[i - 1];
    }

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        tat[i] = wt[i] + bt[i];
        avg_wt += wt[i];
        avg_tat += tat[i];
    }

    avg_wt /= n;
    avg_tat /= n;

    printf("Average Waiting Time: %.2f\n", avg_wt);
    printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat);

    return 0;
}

```

```

        // Swap process number
        temp = p[i];
        p[i] = p[j];
        p[j] = temp;
    }
}

wt[0] = 0;
tat[0] = bt[0];

for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    wt[i] = wt[i - 1] + bt[i - 1];
    tat[i] = wt[i] + bt[i];
    avg_wt += wt[i];
    avg_tat += tat[i];
}

avg_wt /= n;
avg_tat /= n;

printf("\nPROCESS\tBT\tPRIORITY\tWT\tTAT\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", p[i], bt[i], prio[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
}

printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat);

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time for each process:
Process 1: 6
Process 2: 8
Process 3: 7
Process 4: 3

Process Burst Time      Waiting Time      Turnaround Time
4      3              0              3
1      6              3              9
3      7              9              16
2      8              16             24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.113 s
Press any key to continue.

```

Round Robin:

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int n, i, time = 0, tq, remain;
    int at[20], bt[20], rt[20], wt[20], tat[20];
    float avg_wt = 0, avg_tat = 0;
    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    remain = n;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process %d: ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d%d", &at[i], &bt[i]);
        rt[i] = bt[i];
    }
    printf("Enter Time Quantum: ");
    scanf("%d", &tq);
    int flag = 0;
    int queue_empty = 0;
    for (time = 0, i = 0; remain != 0;) {
        if (rt[i] > 0 && at[i] <= time) {
            if (rt[i] <= tq) {
                time += rt[i];
                rt[i] = 0;
                flag = 1;
            } else {
                rt[i] -= tq;
                time += tq;
            }
            if (rt[i] == 0 && flag == 1) {
                remain--;
                tat[i] = time - at[i];
                wt[i] = tat[i] - bt[i];
                avg_wt += wt[i];
                avg_tat += tat[i];
                flag = 0;
            }
        }
        i = (i + 1) % n;
        queue_empty = 1;
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if (at[j] <= time && rt[j] > 0) {
                queue_empty = 0;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (queue_empty) time++;
    }
}

```

```

printf("\nPROCESS\tAT\tBT\tWT\tTAT\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\t%d\n", i + 1, at[i], bt[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
}
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", avg_wt / n);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", avg_tat / n);

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the number of processes: 4
Enter the burst time for each process:
Process 1: 6
Process 2: 8
Process 3: 7
Process 4: 3

Process Burst Time      Waiting Time      Turnaround Time
4         3             0                 3
1         6             3                 9
3         7             9                16
2         8            16                24

Average Waiting Time: 7.00
Average Turnaround Time: 13.00

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 17.113 s
Press any key to continue.

```

PROGRAM-2:

Write a C program to simulate multi-level queue scheduling algorithm considering the following scenario. All the processes in the system are divided into two categories –system processes and user processes. System processes are to be given higher priority than user processes. Use FCFS scheduling for the processes in each queue.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#define MAX_PROCESSES 10
#define MAX_NAME_LENGTH 20
```

```
typedef struct {
    int pid; // Process ID
    char name[MAX_NAME_LENGTH]; // Process name
    int burst_time; // Burst time for the process
} Process;
```

```
void FCFS(Process queue[], int n) {
    int total_wait_time = 0, total_turnaround_time = 0;
    printf("\nScheduling processes with FCFS...\n");
    printf("PID\tName\tBurst Time\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");

    int waiting_time = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int turnaround_time = queue[i].burst_time + waiting_time;
        printf("%d\t%s\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\n", queue[i].pid, queue[i].name, queue[i].burst_time,
            waiting_time, turnaround_time);

        total_wait_time += waiting_time;
        total_turnaround_time += turnaround_time;

        waiting_time += queue[i].burst_time; // Update waiting time for the next process
    }

    printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", (float)total_wait_time / n);
    printf("Average Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", (float)total_turnaround_time / n);
}
```

```
void input_processes(Process queue[], int *n) {
    printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", n);
}
```



```

for (int i = 0; i < *n; i++) {
    queue[i].pid = i + 1;
    printf("Enter the name of process %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%s", queue[i].name);
    printf("Enter the burst time of process %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &queue[i].burst_time);
}
}

int main() {
    Process system_queue[MAX_PROCESSES], user_queue[MAX_PROCESSES];
    int system_count, user_count;

    printf("Enter details for system processes:\n");
    input_processes(system_queue, &system_count);

    printf("\nEnter details for user processes:\n");
    input_processes(user_queue, &user_count);

    printf("\nScheduling system processes:\n");
    FCFS(system_queue, system_count);

    printf("\nScheduling user processes:\n");
    FCFS(user_queue, user_count);

    return 0;
}

```

```

Enter details for system processes:
Enter the number of processes: 2
Enter the name of process 1: SysA
Enter the burst time of process 1: 5
Enter the name of process 2: SysB
Enter the burst time of process 2: 3

Enter details for user processes:
Enter the number of processes: 3
Enter the name of process 1: UserX
Enter the burst time of process 1: 4
Enter the name of process 2: UserY
Enter the burst time of process 2: 6
Enter the name of process 3: UserZ
Enter the burst time of process 3: 2

Scheduling system processes:

Scheduling processes with FCFS...


| PID | Name | Burst Time | Waiting Time | Turnaround Time |
|-----|------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1   | SysA | 5          | 0            | 5               |
| 2   | SysB | 3          | 5            | 8               |



Average Waiting Time: 2.50
Average Turnaround Time: 6.50

Scheduling user processes:

Scheduling processes with FCFS...


| PID | Name  | Burst Time | Waiting Time | Turnaround Time |
|-----|-------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1   | UserX | 4          | 0            | 4               |
| 2   | UserY | 6          | 4            | 10              |
| 3   | UserZ | 2          | 10           | 12              |



Average Waiting Time: 4.67
Average Turnaround Time: 8.67

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 35.784 s
Press any key to continue.

```

PROGRAM-3:

Write a C program to simulate Real-Time CPU Scheduling algorithms

a) Rate- Monotonic

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#define MAX_TASKS 10
```

```
typedef struct {  
    int id;  
    int period;  
    int execution_time;  
    int remaining_time;  
} Task;
```

```
void sort_by_priority(Task tasks[], int n) {  
    for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {  
        for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {  
            if (tasks[j].period > tasks[j + 1].period) {  
                Task temp = tasks[j];  
                tasks[j] = tasks[j + 1];  
                tasks[j + 1] = temp;  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
void rms_scheduling(Task tasks[], int n, int total_time) {  
    sort_by_priority(tasks, n);  
  
    for (int t = 0; t < total_time; t++) {  
        int executed = 0;  
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
            if (tasks[i].remaining_time > 0) {  
                printf("Time %d: Executing Task %d\n", t, tasks[i].id);  
                tasks[i].remaining_time--;  
  
                if (tasks[i].remaining_time == 0)  
                    tasks[i].remaining_time = tasks[i].execution_time; // Reset for next period  
  
                executed = 1;  
                break;  
            }  
        }  
        if (!executed) {  
            printf("Time %d: Idle\n", t);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
}

int main() {
    Task tasks[MAX_TASKS] = {
        {1, 3, 1, 1},
        {2, 5, 2, 2},
        {3, 7, 2, 2}
    };
    int num_tasks = 3;
    int total_time = 15; // Simulation time

    rms_scheduling(tasks, num_tasks, total_time);
    return 0;
}

```

```

Time 0: Executing Task 1
Time 1: Executing Task 1
Time 2: Executing Task 1
Time 3: Executing Task 1
Time 4: Executing Task 1
Time 5: Executing Task 1
Time 6: Executing Task 1
Time 7: Executing Task 1
Time 8: Executing Task 1
Time 9: Executing Task 1
Time 10: Executing Task 1
Time 11: Executing Task 1
Time 12: Executing Task 1
Time 13: Executing Task 1
Time 14: Executing Task 1

```

```

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 0.008 s
Press any key to continue.
|

```

PROGRAM-4:

Write a C program to simulate:

- a) Producer-Consumer problem using semaphores.
- b) Dining-Philosopher's problem

Producer-Consumer problem using semaphores:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#define BUFFER_SIZE 5

int buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
int in = 0, out = 0;
int count = 0;

pthread_mutex_t mutex;
pthread_cond_t not_empty, not_full;

void *producer(void *arg) {
    int item;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
        item = i;

        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);

        while (count == BUFFER_SIZE) {
            pthread_cond_wait(&not_full, &mutex);
        }

        buffer[in] = item;
        printf("Producer produced: %d\n", item);
        in = (in + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;
        count++;

        pthread_cond_signal(&not_empty);
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

        sleep(1);
    }
    return NULL;
}

void *consumer(void *arg) {
    int item;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
```

```

pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);

while (count == 0) {
    pthread_cond_wait(&not_empty, &mutex);
}

item = buffer[out];
printf("Consumer consumed: %d\n", item);
out = (out + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;
count--;

pthread_cond_signal(&not_full);
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

sleep(1);
}
return NULL;
}

int main() {
    pthread_t prod, cons;

    pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init(&not_empty, NULL);
    pthread_cond_init(&not_full, NULL);

    pthread_create(&prod, NULL, producer, NULL);
    pthread_create(&cons, NULL, consumer, NULL);

    pthread_join(prod, NULL);
    pthread_join(cons, NULL);

    pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
    pthread_cond_destroy(&not_empty);
    pthread_cond_destroy(&not_full);

    return 0;
}

```

```
Producer produced: 0
Consumer consumed: 0
Producer produced: 1
Consumer consumed: 1
Producer produced: 2
Consumer consumed: 2
Producer produced: 3
Consumer consumed: 3
Producer produced: 4
Consumer consumed: 4
Producer produced: 5
Consumer consumed: 5
Producer produced: 6
Consumer consumed: 6
Producer produced: 7
Consumer consumed: 7
Producer produced: 8
Consumer consumed: 8
Producer produced: 9
Consumer consumed: 9

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 10.135 s
Press any key to continue.
```

Dining-Philosopher's problem:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>

#define MAX 5

int hungry[MAX] = {0};

void displayStatus(int n) {
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX; i++) {
        if (hungry[i])
            printf("P %d is waiting\n", i + 1);
    }
}

void simulateEating(int id) {
    printf("P %d is granted to eat\n", id + 1);
```

```

    sleep(1);
    printf("P %d has finished eating\n", id + 1);
}

int main() {
    int total, hcount;
    int hungry_ids[3];
    int choice;

    printf("Enter the total number of philosophers: ");
    scanf("%d", &total);

    if (total != 5) {
        printf("This simulation only supports 5 philosophers.\n");
        return 1;
    }

    printf("How many are hungry: ");
    scanf("%d", &hcount);

    if (hcount > 3) {
        printf("Only up to 3 hungry philosophers supported in this simulation.\n");
        return 1;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < hcount; i++) {
        printf("Enter philosopher %d position (1 to 5): ", i + 1);
        scanf("%d", &hungry_ids[i]);
        if (hungry_ids[i] < 1 || hungry_ids[i] > 5) {
            printf("Invalid position. Please enter between 1 and 5.\n");
            return 1;
        }
        hungry[hungry_ids[i] - 1] = 1;
    }

    do {
        printf("\n1. One can eat at a time\n2. Two can eat at a time\n3. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice: ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("Allow one philosopher to eat at any time\n");
                for (int i = 0; i < hcount; i++) {
                    displayStatus(hcount);
                    simulateEating(hungry_ids[i] - 1);
                    hungry[hungry_ids[i] - 1] = 0;
                }
            }
        }
    } while (choice != 3);
}

```



```

    }
    break;

case 2:
    printf("Allow two philosophers to eat at any time\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < hcount; i += 2) {
        displayStatus(hcount);
        simulateEating(hungry_ids[i] - 1);
        hungry[hungry_ids[i] - 1] = 0;
        if (i + 1 < hcount) {
            simulateEating(hungry_ids[i + 1] - 1);
            hungry[hungry_ids[i + 1] - 1] = 0;
        }
    }
    break;

case 3:
    printf("Exiting...\n");
    break;

default:
    printf("Invalid choice.\n");
}
} while (choice != 3);

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the total number of philosophers: 5
How many are hungry: 3
Enter philosopher 1 position (1 to 5): 2
Enter philosopher 2 position (1 to 5): 3
Enter philosopher 3 position (1 to 5): 5

1. One can eat at a time
2. Two can eat at a time
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Allow one philosopher to eat at any time
P 2 is waiting
P 3 is waiting
P 5 is waiting
P 2 is granted to eat
P 2 has finished eating
P 3 is waiting
P 5 is waiting
P 3 is granted to eat
P 3 has finished eating
P 5 is waiting
P 5 is granted to eat
P 5 has finished eating

1. One can eat at a time
2. Two can eat at a time
3. Exit
Enter your choice: |

```

PROGRAM-5:

Write a C program to simulate:

- a) Banker's algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

#define MAX 10

int main() {
    int n, m;
    int alloc[MAX][MAX], max[MAX][MAX], need[MAX][MAX];
    int avail[MAX];
    int i, j, k;

    printf("Enter number of processes -- ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter number of resources -- ");
    scanf("%d", &m);

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("Enter details for P%d\n", i);
        printf("Enter allocation -- ");
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &alloc[i][j]);
        }
        printf("Enter Max -- ");
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &max[i][j]);
        }
    }

    printf("Enter Available Resources -- ");
    for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &avail[i]);
    }

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];

    int pid, req[MAX];
    printf("Enter New Request Details -- \n");
```

```

printf("Enter pid -- ");
scanf("%d", &pid);
printf("Enter Request for Resources -- ");
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &req[i]);
    if (req[i] > need[pid][i]) {
        printf("Request exceeds maximum claim.\n");
        return 0;
    }
    if (req[i] > avail[i]) {
        printf("Resources not available.\n");
        return 0;
    }
}

```

```

for (i = 0; i < m; i++) {
    avail[i] -= req[i];
    alloc[pid][i] += req[i];
    need[pid][i] -= req[i];
}

```

```

bool finish[MAX] = {false};
int work[MAX];
for (i = 0; i < m; i++) work[i] = avail[i];
int count = 0, safeSeq[MAX];

```

```

while (count < n) {
    bool found = false;
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (!finish[i]) {
            for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
                if (need[i][j] > work[j])
                    break;
            if (j == m) {
                for (k = 0; k < m; k++)
                    work[k] += alloc[i][k];
                safeSeq[count++] = i;
                finish[i] = true;
                found = true;

                printf("P%d is visited( ", i);
                for (k = 0; k < m; k++) printf("%d ", work[k]);
                printf("\n");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    if (!found) break;
}

if (count < n) {
    printf("SYSTEM IS NOT IN SAFE STATE\n");
} else {
    printf("SYSTEM IS IN SAFE STATE\n");
    printf("The Safe Sequence is -- ( ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("P%d ", safeSeq[i]);
    }
    printf(")\n");
}

printf("\n%-10s %-15s %-15s %-15s\n", "Process", "Allocation", "Max", "Need");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("P%-9d ", i);
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++) printf("%d ", alloc[i][j]);
    printf(" ");
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++) printf("%d ", max[i][j]);
    printf(" ");
    for (j = 0; j < m; j++) printf("%d ", need[i][j]);
    printf("\n");
}

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter number of processes -- 5
Enter number of resources -- 3
Enter details for P0
Enter allocation -- 0
1
0
Enter Max -- 7
5
3
Enter details for P1
Enter allocation -- 2
0
0
Enter Max -- 3
2
2
Enter details for P2
Enter allocation -- 3
0
2
Enter Max -- 9
0
2
Enter details for P3
Enter allocation -- 2
1
1
Enter Max -- 2
2
2
Enter details for P4
Enter allocation -- 0
0
2
Enter Max -- 4
3
3
Enter Available Resources -- 3
3
2
Enter New Request Details --
Enter pid -- 1
Enter Request for Resources -- 1
0
2
P1 is visited( 5 3 2 )
P3 is visited( 7 4 3 )
P4 is visited( 7 4 5 )
P0 is visited( 7 5 5 )
P2 is visited( 10 5 7 )
SYSTEM IS IN SAFE STATE
The Safe Sequence is -- ( P1 P3 P4 P0 P2 )

Process      Allocation      Max      Need
P0           0 1 0           7 5 3       7 4 3
P1           3 0 2           3 2 2       0 2 0
P2           3 0 2           9 0 2       6 0 0
P3           2 1 1           2 2 2       0 1 1
P4           0 0 2           4 3 3       4 3 1

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 62.313 s
Press any key to continue.

```

PROGRAM-6:

Write a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation techniques.

d) Worst-fit

e) Best-fit

f) First-fit

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define N 10

void allocate(int blocks[], int m, int procs[], int n, char fit) {
    int alloc[N], b[N];
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) b[i] = blocks[i];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int idx = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if (b[j] >= procs[i]) {
                if (fit == 'F') { idx = j; break; }
                if (fit == 'B' && (idx == -1 || b[j] < b[idx])) idx = j;
                if (fit == 'W' && (idx == -1 || b[j] > b[idx])) idx = j;
            }
        }
        alloc[i] = idx;
        if (idx != -1) b[idx] -= procs[i];
    }

    printf("\n%c-Fit Allocation:\n", fit);
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (alloc[i] != -1)
            printf("Process %d -> Block %d\n", i + 1, alloc[i] + 1);
        else
            printf("Process %d -> Not Allocated\n", i + 1);
    }
}

int main() {
    int blocks[N], procs[N], m, n;
    printf("Enter number of blocks: "); scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter block sizes: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) scanf("%d", &blocks[i]);

    printf("Enter number of processes: "); scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter process sizes: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &procs[i]);
```

```
allocate(blocks, m, procs, n, 'F'); // First Fit
allocate(blocks, m, procs, n, 'B'); // Best Fit
allocate(blocks, m, procs, n, 'W'); // Worst Fit
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
Enter number of blocks: 5
```

```
Enter block sizes: 100
```

```
500
```

```
200
```

```
300
```

```
600
```

```
Enter number of processes: 4
```

```
Enter process sizes: 212
```

```
417
```

```
112
```

```
426
```

```
F-Fit Allocation:
```

```
Process 1 -> Block 2
```

```
Process 2 -> Block 5
```

```
Process 3 -> Block 2
```

```
Process 4 -> Not Allocated
```

```
B-Fit Allocation:
```

```
Process 1 -> Block 4
```

```
Process 2 -> Block 2
```

```
Process 3 -> Block 3
```

```
Process 4 -> Block 5
```

```
W-Fit Allocation:
```

```
Process 1 -> Block 5
```

```
Process 2 -> Block 2
```

```
Process 3 -> Block 5
```

```
Process 4 -> Not Allocated
```

```
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 38.983 s
```

```
Press any key to continue.
```

```
|
```

PROGRAM-7:

Write a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms.

a)FIFO

b)LRU

c)Optimal

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void FIFO(int frames, int n, int reference[]) {
    int memory[frames];
    int pageFaults = 0, index = 0;

    for(int i = 0; i < frames; i++) memory[i] = -1;

    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int found = 0;
        for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
            if(memory[j] == reference[i]) {
                found = 1;
                break;
            }
        }

        if(!found) {
            memory[index] = reference[i];
            index = (index + 1) % frames;
            pageFaults++;
        }

        printf("PF No. %d: ", i + 1);
        for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
            if(memory[j] != -1) printf("%d ", memory[j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("FIFO Page Faults: %d\n", pageFaults);
}
```

```
void LRU(int frames, int n, int reference[]) {
    int memory[frames];
    int pageFaults = 0;
    int lastUsed[frames];

    for(int i = 0; i < frames; i++) memory[i] = -1;
```



```

for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    int found = 0;
    for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
        if(memory[j] == reference[i]) {
            found = 1;
            lastUsed[j] = i;
            break;
        }
    }

    if(!found) {
        int lruIndex = 0;
        for(int j = 1; j < frames; j++) {
            if(lastUsed[j] < lastUsed[lruIndex]) lruIndex = j;
        }
        memory[lruIndex] = reference[i];
        lastUsed[lruIndex] = i;
        pageFaults++;
    }

    printf("PF No. %d: ", i + 1);
    for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
        if(memory[j] != -1) printf("%d ", memory[j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}
printf("LRU Page Faults: %d\n", pageFaults);
}

int findOptimal(int frames, int n, int reference[], int memory[]) {
    int farthest = -1, idx = -1;
    for(int i = 0; i < frames; i++) {
        int j;
        for(j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            if(memory[j] == reference[i]) break;
        }
        if(j == n) return i;

        if(j > farthest) {
            farthest = j;
            idx = i;
        }
    }
    return idx;
}

```

```

void Optimal(int frames, int n, int reference[]) {
    int memory[frames];
    int pageFaults = 0;

    for(int i = 0; i < frames; i++) memory[i] = -1;

    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int found = 0;
        for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
            if(memory[j] == reference[i]) {
                found = 1;
                break;
            }
        }

        if(!found) {
            int idx = findOptimal(frames, n, reference, memory);
            memory[idx] = reference[i];
            pageFaults++;
        }

        printf("PF No. %d: ", i + 1);
        for(int j = 0; j < frames; j++) {
            if(memory[j] != -1) printf("%d ", memory[j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("Optimal Page Faults: %d\n", pageFaults);
}

int main() {
    int frames, n;

    printf("Enter the number of Frames: ");
    scanf("%d", &frames);
    printf("Enter the length of reference string: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    int reference[n];

    printf("Enter the reference string: ");
    for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &reference[i]);
    }

    printf("FIFO Page Replacement Process:\n");
    FIFO(frames, n, reference);
}

```

```

printf("LRU Page Replacement Process:\n");
LRU(frames, n, reference);

printf("Optimal Page Replacement Process:\n");
Optimal(frames, n, reference);

return 0;
}

```

```

Enter the number of Frames: 3
Enter the length of reference string: 12
Enter the reference string: 7
0
1
2
0
3
0
4
2
3
0
3
FIFO Page Replacement Process:
PF No. 1: 7
PF No. 2: 7 0
PF No. 3: 7 0 1
PF No. 4: 2 0 1
PF No. 5: 2 0 1
PF No. 6: 2 3 1
PF No. 7: 2 3 0
PF No. 8: 4 3 0
PF No. 9: 4 2 0
PF No. 10: 4 2 3
PF No. 11: 0 2 3
PF No. 12: 0 2 3
FIFO Page Faults: 10
LRU Page Replacement Process:
PF No. 1: 7
PF No. 2: 0 7
PF No. 3: 0 1
PF No. 4: 2 0 1
PF No. 5: 2 0 1
PF No. 6: 2 0 3
PF No. 7: 2 0 3
PF No. 8: 4 0 3
PF No. 9: 4 0 2
PF No. 10: 4 3 2
PF No. 11: 0 3 2
PF No. 12: 0 3 2
LRU Page Faults: 9
Optimal Page Replacement Process:
PF No. 1: 7
PF No. 2: 7 0
PF No. 3: 7 0 1
PF No. 4: 7 0 2
PF No. 5: 7 0 2
PF No. 6: 7 0 3
PF No. 7: 7 0 3
PF No. 8: 7 0 4
PF No. 9: 7 0 2
PF No. 10: 7 0 3
PF No. 11: 7 0 3
PF No. 12: 7 0 3
Optimal Page Faults: 8

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 19.400 s
Press any key to continue.

```