

Lab Cycle 2(20MCA131)

PROGRAM 1

AIM:

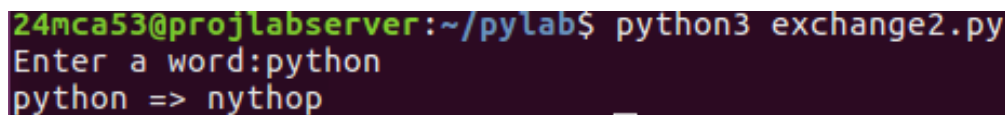
Create a string from the given string where the first and last character are exchanged.

Eg: Python ⇒ nythoP

SOURCE CODE:

```
str=input("Enter a word:")
if len(str)>1:
    r=str[-1]+str[1:-1]+str[0]
    print(str,"=>",r)
```

OUTPUT:

A terminal window showing the execution of a Python script. The prompt is '24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab\$'. The user enters 'python3 exchange2.py'. The program prompts 'Enter a word:python'. The user enters 'python'. The program outputs 'python => nythop'.

PROGRAM 2

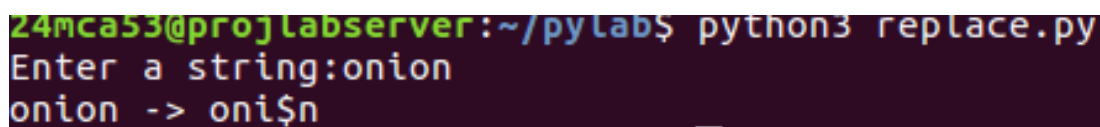
AIM:

Get a string from an input string where all occurrences of the first character are replaced with '\$', except the first character. [eg: onion -> oni\$n]

SOURCE CODE:

```
s=input("Enter a string:")
result=s[0]+s[1:].replace(s[0],'$')
print(s,"->",result)
```

OUTPUT:

A terminal window showing the execution of a Python script. The prompt is '24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab\$'. The user enters 'python3 replace.py'. The program prompts 'Enter a string:onion'. The user enters 'onion'. The program outputs 'onion -> oni\$n'.

PROGRAM 3

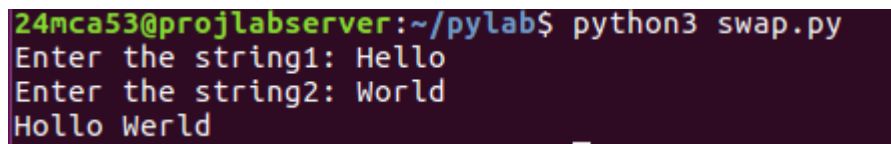
AIM:

Create a single string separated with space from two strings by swapping the character at position
Eg : str1 = ,Hello' str2 = 'World' , then create a string str3 = ,Hollo Werld' [Hint: use slicing and concatenation]

SOURCE CODE:

```
str1=input("Enter the string1: ")
str2=input("Enter the string2: ")
swap_str1=str1[0]+str2[1]+str1[2:]
swap_str2=str2[0]+str1[1]+str2[2:]
result=swap_str1+" "+swap_str2
print(result)
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabsrver:~/pylab$ python3 swap.py
Enter the string1: Hello
Enter the string2: World
Hollo Werld
```

PROGRAM 4

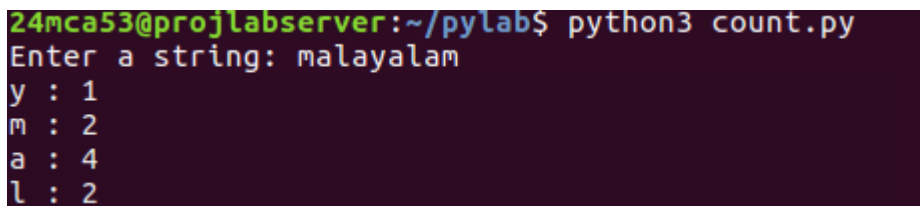
AIM:

Count the number of characters (character frequency) in a string.

SOURCE CODE:

```
s=input("Enter a string: ")
for char in set(s):
    print(char,":",s.count(char))
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabsrver:~/pylab$ python3 count.py
Enter a string: malayalam
y : 1
m : 2
a : 4
l : 2
```

PROGRAM 5

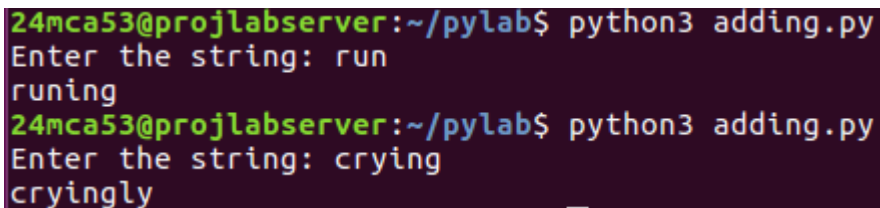
AIM:

Add 'ing' at the end of a given string. If it already ends with 'ing', then add 'ly'.

SOURCE CODE:

```
s=input("Enter the string: ")
if s.endswith('ing'):
    r=s+'ly'
else:
    r=s+'ing'
print(r)
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 adding.py
Enter the string: run
runing
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 adding.py
Enter the string: crying
cryingly
```

PROGRAM 6

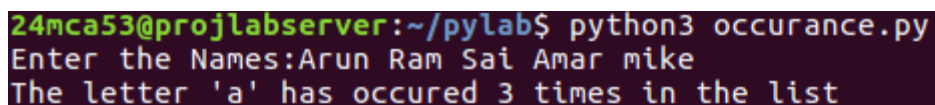
AIM:

Store a list of first names. Count the occurrences of 'a' within the list.

SOURCE CODE:

```
names=input("Enter the Names:").split()
a_count=0
for name in names:
    a_count=a_count+name.count('a')
print(f"The letter 'a' has occured {a_count} times in the list")
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 occurance.py
Enter the Names:Arun Ram Sai Amar mike
The letter 'a' has occured 3 times in the list
```

PROGRAM 7

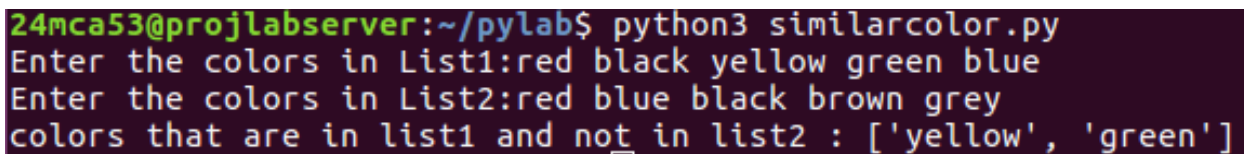
AIM:

Write a python program to read two lists color-list1 and color-list2. Print out all colors from color-list1 not contained in color-list2.

SOURCE CODE:

```
list1=input("Enter the colors in List1:").split()
list2=input("Enter the colors in List2:").split()
new=[color for color in list1 if color not in list2]
print("colors that are in list1 and not in list2 :",new)
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 similarcolor.py
Enter the colors in List1:red black yellow green blue
Enter the colors in List2:red blue black brown grey
colors that are in list1 and not in list2 : ['yellow', 'green']
```

PROGRAM 8

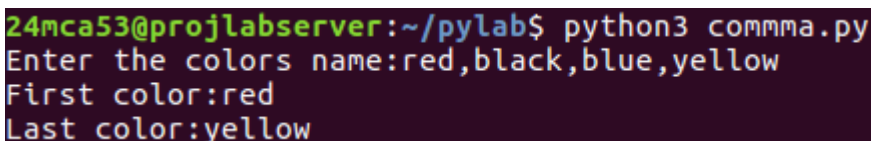
AIM:

Create a list of colors from comma-separated color names entered by the user. Display first and last colors.

SOURCE CODE:

```
colors=input("Enter the colors name:").split(',')
First_color=colors[0]
Last_color=colors[-1]
print(f"First color:{First_color}\nLast color:{Last_color}")
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 comma.py
Enter the colors name:red,black,blue,yellow
First color:red
Last color:yellow
```

PROGRAM 9

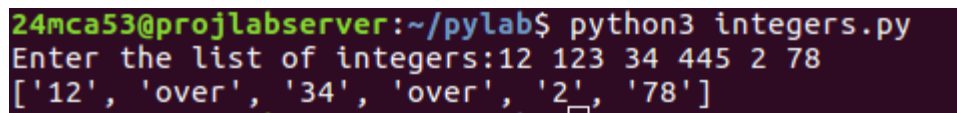
AIM:

Write a program to prompt the user for a list of integers. For all values greater than 100, store 'over' instead.

SOURCE CODE:

```
integers=input("Enter the list of integers:").split()
for i in range(len(integers)):
    if int(integers[i])>100:
        integers[i]='over'
print(integers)
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 integers.py
Enter the list of integers:12 123 34 445 2 78
['12', 'over', '34', 'over', '2', '78']
```

PROGRAM 10

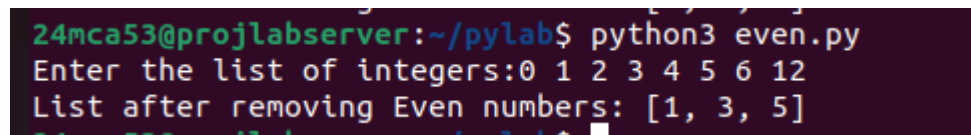
AIM:

From a list of integers, create a list after removing even numbers.

SOURCE CODE:

```
integers=input("Enter the list of integers:").split()
odd=[]
for i in range(len(integers)):
    if int(integers[i])%2!=0:
        odd.append(i)
print("List after removing Even numbers:",odd)
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 even.py
Enter the list of integers:0 1 2 3 4 5 6 12
List after removing Even numbers: [1, 3, 5]
```

PROGRAM 11

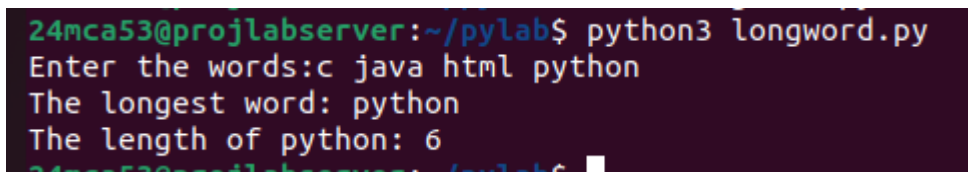
AIM:

Accept a list of words and return the length of the longest word.

SOURCE CODE:

```
words=input("Enter the words:").split()
longest=-1
for i in words:
    if len(i)>longest
        longest=len(i)
        word=i
print("The longest word:",word)
print(f"The length of {word}:{longest}")
```

OUTPUT:



```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 longword.py
Enter the words:c java html python
The longest word: python
The length of python: 6
```

PROGRAM 12

AIM:

Write a program to prompt the user to enter two lists of integers and check

- (a) Whether lists are of the same length.
- (b) Whether the list sums to the same value.
- (c) Whether any value occurs in both Lists.

SOURCE CODE:

```
lst1=[int(num) for num in input("Enter first list:").split()]
lst2=[int(num) for num in input("Enter second list:").split()]

lenght=len(lst1)==len(lst2)
lsum=sum(lst1)==sum(lst2)
common=set(lst1)&set(lst2)

if lenght:
    print("lists lenghts are same")
else:
    print("lists lenght are not same")

print(f"lists common elements: {common}")

if lsum:
    print("list sums to the same value")
else:
    print("list doesn't sums to the same value")
```

OUTPUT:

```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 twolists.py
Enter first list:1 2 3 4 5 6
Enter second list:4 6 5 7 8 9 11
lists lenght are not same
lists common elements: {4, 5, 6}
list doesn't sums to the same value
```

PROGRAM 13

AIM:

Write a Python program to count the occurrences of each word in a line of text.

Hint: use split() function and dictionary

Sample input : the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

Output : {'the': 2, 'jumps': 1, 'brown': 1, 'lazy': 1, 'fox': 1, 'over': 1, 'quick': 1, 'dog.': 1}

SOURCE CODE:

```
sentence=[word for word in input("enter a string:").lower().split()]
freq_dict={}
for word in sentence:
    if word in freq_dict:
        freq_dict[word]+=1
    else:
        freq_dict[word]=1
print("character occurance:")
for key,value in freq_dict.items():
    print(f"{key}:{value}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 occurence.py
enter a string:there is a will there is a way
character occurance:
there:2
is:2
a:2
will:1
way:1
```

PROGRAM 14

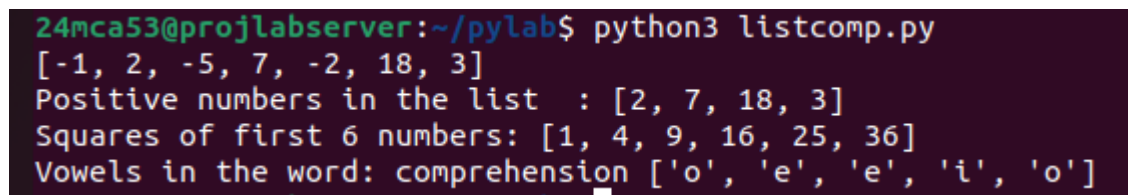
AIM:

List comprehensions:

- (a) Generate positive list of numbers from a given list of integers
- (b) Square of N numbers
- (c) Form a list of vowels selected from a given word
- (d) Form a list ordinal value of each element of a word (Hint: use ord() to get ordinal values)

SOURCE CODE:

```
numbers = [-1, 2, -5, 7, -2, 18, 3]
print(numbers)
positive_numbers = [num for num in numbers if num > 0]
print(f"Positive numbers in the list :", positive_numbers)
N=6
squares = [num ** 2 for num in range(1, N + 1)]
print("Squares of first 6 numbers:", squares)
word = "comprehension"
vowels = [char for char in word if char in 'aeiou']
print(f"Vowels in the word: {word}", vowels)
word = "hello"
ordinal_values = [ord(char) for char in word]
```

OUTPUT:

```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 listcomp.py
[-1, 2, -5, 7, -2, 18, 3]
Positive numbers in the list : [2, 7, 18, 3]
Squares of first 6 numbers: [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36]
Vowels in the word: comprehension ['o', 'e', 'e', 'i', 'o']
```

PROGRAM 15**AIM:**

Sort dictionary in ascending and descending order.

SOURCE CODE:

```
my_dict = {'rice': 3, 'wheat': 6, 'barley': 10, 'corn': 4}
keys_asc = dict(sorted(my_dict.items()))
print("Sorted by keys (ascending):", keys_asc)
keys_desc = dict(sorted(my_dict.items(), reverse=True))
print("Sorted by keys (descending):", keys_desc)
values_asc = dict(sorted(my_dict.items(), key=lambda item: item[1]))
```



```
print("Sorted by values (ascending):", values_asc)
values_desc = dict(sorted(my_dict.items(), key=lambda item: item[1], reverse=True))
print("Sorted by values (descending):", values_desc)
```

OUTPUT:

```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 dictorder.py
Sorted by keys (ascending): {'barley': 10, 'corn': 4, 'rice': 3, 'wheat': 6}
Sorted by keys (descending): {'wheat': 6, 'rice': 3, 'corn': 4, 'barley': 10}
Sorted by values (ascending): {'rice': 3, 'corn': 4, 'wheat': 6, 'barley': 10}
Sorted by values (descending): {'barley': 10, 'wheat': 6, 'corn': 4, 'rice': 3}
```

PROGRAM 16

AIM:

Merge two dictionaries.

SOURCE CODE:

```
dict1 = {'rice': 3, 'wheat': 5}
dict2 = {'ragi': 2, 'jowar': 4}
print(dict1)
print(dict2)
dict1.update(dict2)
print(f"Merged :{dict1}")
```

OUTPUT:

```
24mca53@projlabserver:~/pylab$ python3 dictmerge.py
{'rice': 3, 'wheat': 5}
{'ragi': 2, 'jowar': 4}
Merged :{'rice': 3, 'wheat': 5, 'ragi': 2, 'jowar': 4}
```
