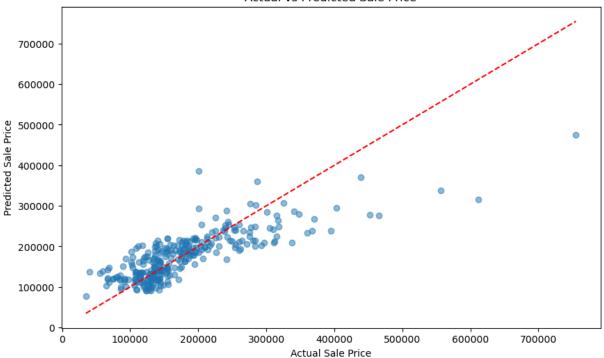
```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.linear model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.metrics import mean absolute error, mean squared error, r2 scor
 In [2]: train data = pd.read csv('train.csv')
         test data = pd.read csv('test.csv')
In [19]: for column in train data.columns:
             if train data[column].dtype == 'object':
                 # Fill missing values with the mode for categorical features
                 train data[column] fillna(train data[column] mode()[0], inplace=True
                 if column in test data.columns:
                     test data[column].fillna(test data[column].mode()[0], inplace=Tr
             else:
                 # Fill missing values with the mean for numeric features
                 train data[column].fillna(train data[column].mean(), inplace=True)
                 if column in test data.columns:
                     test data[column].fillna(test data[column].mean(), inplace=True)
         # Select features
         features = ['GrLivArea', 'BedroomAbvGr', 'FullBath', 'HalfBath', 'TotRmsAbv@
         X = train data[features]
         y = train data['SalePrice']
         # Split the training data for validation
         X train, X val, y train, y val = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random)
         # Train the model
         model = LinearRegression()
         model.fit(X train, y train)
```

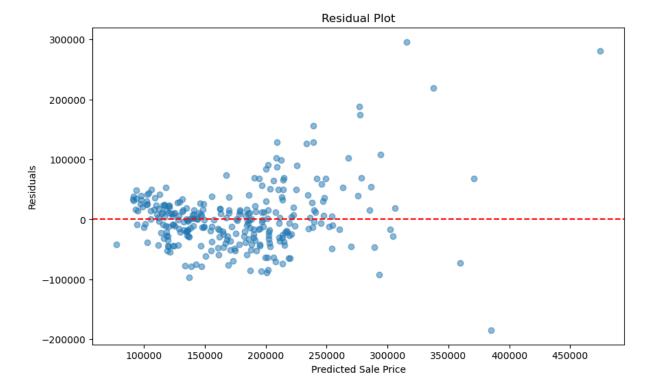
```
In [4]: y_pred = model.predict(X_val)
    mae = mean_absolute_error(y_val, y_pred)
    mse = mean_squared_error(y_val, y_pred)
    r2 = r2_score(y_val, y_pred)

In [5]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    plt.scatter(y_val, y_pred, alpha=0.5)
    plt.xlabel('Actual Sale Price')
    plt.ylabel('Predicted Sale Price')
    plt.title('Actual vs Predicted Sale Price')
    plt.plot([y.min(), y.max()], [y.min(), y.max()], 'r--')
    plt.show()
```

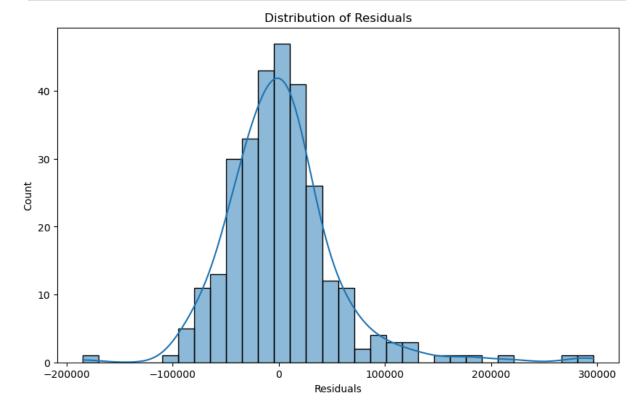
Actual vs Predicted Sale Price



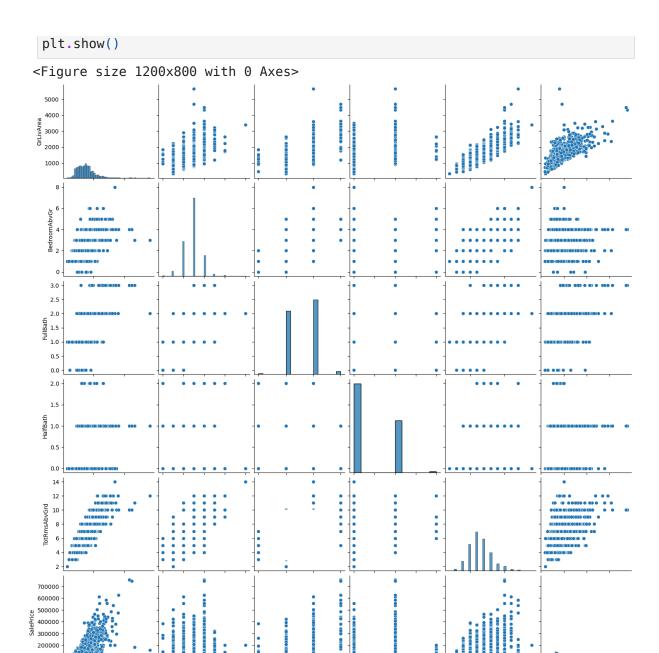
```
In [6]: residuals = y_val - y_pred
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.scatter(y_pred, residuals, alpha=0.5)
plt.xlabel('Predicted Sale Price')
plt.ylabel('Residuals')
plt.title('Residual Plot')
plt.axhline(y=0, color='r', linestyle='--')
plt.show()
```



```
In [7]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
    sns.histplot(residuals, kde=True)
    plt.xlabel('Residuals')
    plt.title('Distribution of Residuals')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [8]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.pairplot(train data[features + ['SalePrice']])
```



```
In [21]:
    example = pd.DataFrame({
        'GrLivArea': [2000],
        'BedroomAbvGr': [3],
        'FullBath': [2],
        'HalfBath': [1],
        'TotRmsAbvGrd': [7]
    })
    example_prediction = model.predict(example)
    print(f'Example Prediction: ${example_prediction[0]:,.2f}')

# Prepare the test data and make predictions
X_test = test_data[features]
    test_predictions = model.predict(X_test)

# Save predictions
```

FullBath

3 0.0

1.5

TotRmsAbvGrd

200000 400000 600000

4000

GrLivArea

```
submission = pd.DataFrame({'Id': test_data['Id'], 'SalePrice': test_predicti
submission.to_csv('submission.csv', index=False)

Example Prediction: $240,896.28

In []:
```