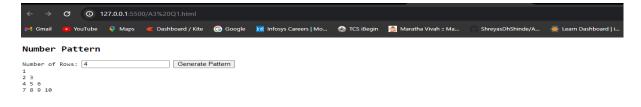
Q1Using for loops, write a Javascript program to output the following pattern -

1 23 456

78910

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Number Pattern</title>
  <style>
    body {
      font-family: monospace;
  </style>
  <script>
    function generatePattern(rows) {
     let count = 1;
      let result = "";
      for (let i = 1; i <= rows; i++) {
        for (let j = 1; j <= i; j++) {
          result += count + " ";
          count++;
       result += "<br>";
      document.getElementById("output").innerHTML = result;
  </script>
</head>
<body>
  <h2>Number Pattern</h2>
 <label for="rows">Number of Rows:</label>
 <input type="number" id="rows" name="rows" value="4">
 <button
onclick="generatePattern(Number(document.getElementById('rows').value))">Gener
ate Pattern</button>
 <div id="output"></div>
</body>
```

Output





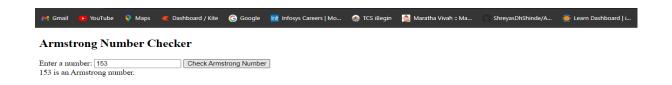
Q2. Write a program to find whether a given number is armstrong number or not-

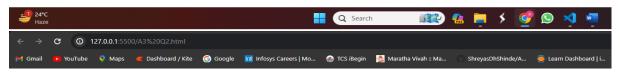
The Armstrong number is a number that is equal to the sum of cubes of its digits.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Armstrong Number Checker</title>
 <script>
   function isArmstrongNumber(number) {
     // Convert the number to a string to iterate through its digits
     const numString = number.toString();
     const numDigits = numString.length;
     let sum = 0;
     for (let i = 0; i < numDigits; i++) {</pre>
       const digit = parseInt(numString[i], 10);
       sum += Math.pow(digit, numDigits);
     return sum === number;
   function checkArmstrongNumber() {
     const inputNumber = document.getElementById("number").value;
     const resultContainer = document.getElementById("result");
     if (!isNaN(inputNumber) && inputNumber > 0) {
       const number = parseInt(inputNumber, 10);
       if (isArmstrongNumber(number)) {
          resultContainer.innerHTML = `${number} is an Armstrong number.`;
          resultContainer.innerHTML = `${number} is not an Armstrong number.`;
      } else {
        resultContainer.innerHTML = "Please enter a valid positive number.";
 </script>
</head>
<body>
 <h2>Armstrong Number Checker</h2>
 <label for="number">Enter a number:</label>
 <input type="text" id="number" name="number">
 <button onclick="checkArmstrongNumber()">Check Armstrong Number</button>
 <div id="result"></div>
```

</body>

Output





Armstrong Number Checker

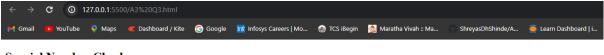
Enter a number: 453
453 is not an Armstrong number.



Q 3. Write a program to find whether a given number is special number or not

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
    <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <title>Special Number Checker</title>
</head>
<body>
    <h2>Special Number Checker</h2>
    <label for="numberInput">Enter a number: </label>
    <input type="number" id="numberInput">
    <button onclick="checkSpecialNumber()">Check</button>
    <script>
        function factorial(num) {
           if (num === 0 || num === 1) {
                return 1;
           } else {
               return num * factorial(num - 1);
        function checkSpecialNumber() {
            const numberInput = document.getElementById('numberInput').value;
            const num = parseInt(numberInput);
           if (isNaN(num) || num < 0 || num % 1 !== 0) {</pre>
                document.getElementById('result').innerHTML = 'Please enter a
valid positive integer.';
                return;
           let sum = 0;
           let temp = num;
           while (temp > 0) {
               const digit = temp % 10;
                sum += factorial(digit);
               temp = Math.floor(temp / 10);
           if (sum === num) {
```

Output

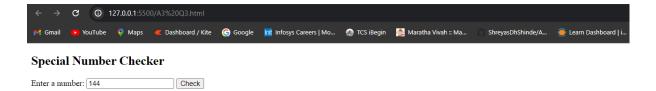


Special Number Checker

Enter a number: 145 Check

145 is a special number.





Enter a number: 144

144 is not a special number.

