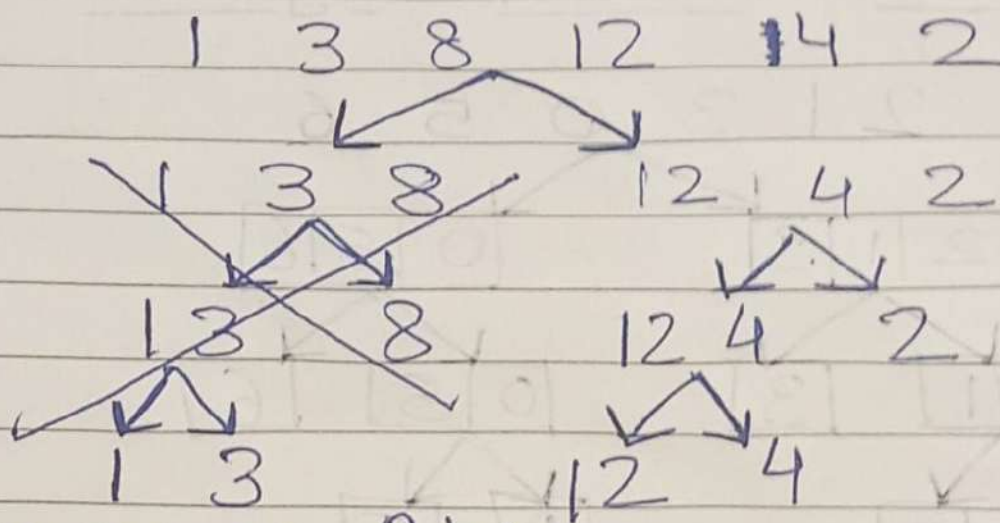


* Max_element in Bitonic Array



Recurrence Relation:

$$T(n) = T(n/2) + O(1)$$

$$a = 1, b = 2, d = 0$$

$$a = b^d \Rightarrow O(\log n)$$

Algorithm:

```

if (arr[mid] > arr[mid-1] && arr[mid] > arr[mid+1])
    return [mid]
if (arr[mid] > arr[mid-1] && arr[mid] < arr[mid+1])
    return max_element(arr, mid+1, high)
else
    return max_element(arr, low, mid-1)
    
```

- Basically we compare the highest of left and least of right and discard one of them to maintain $\log(n)$.