Simulated annealing 8 queens

```
import numpy as np
from scipy.optimize import dual annealing
def queens_max(position):
  # This function calculates the number of pairs of queens that are not attacking each other
  position = np.round(position).astype(int) # Round and convert to integers for queen positions
  n = len(position)
  queen_not_attacking = 0
  for i in range(n - 1):
    no_attack_on_j = 0
    for j in range(i + 1, n):
      # Check if queens are on the same row or on the same diagonal
      if position[i] != position[j] and abs(position[i] - position[j]) != (j - i):
         no_attack_on_j += 1
    if no_attack_on_j == n - 1 - i:
       queen_not_attacking += 1
  if queen_not_attacking == n - 1:
    queen_not_attacking += 1
  return -queen_not_attacking # Negative because we want to maximize this value
# Bounds for each queen's position (0 to 7 for an 8x8 chessboard)
bounds = [(0, 8) \text{ for } \_ \text{ in range}(8)]
```

```
# Use dual_annealing for simulated annealing optimization
result = dual_annealing(queens_max, bounds)

# Display the results
best_position = np.round(result.x).astype(int)
best_objective = -result.fun # Flip sign to get the number of non-attacking queens

print('The best position found is:', best_position)
print('The number of queens that are not attacking each other is:', best_objective)
The best position found is: [0 8 5 2 6 3 7 4]
The number of queens that are not attacking each other is: 8
```