DATABASE -2

Total points 22/40 ?



Marks:40 , Time: 1 hr

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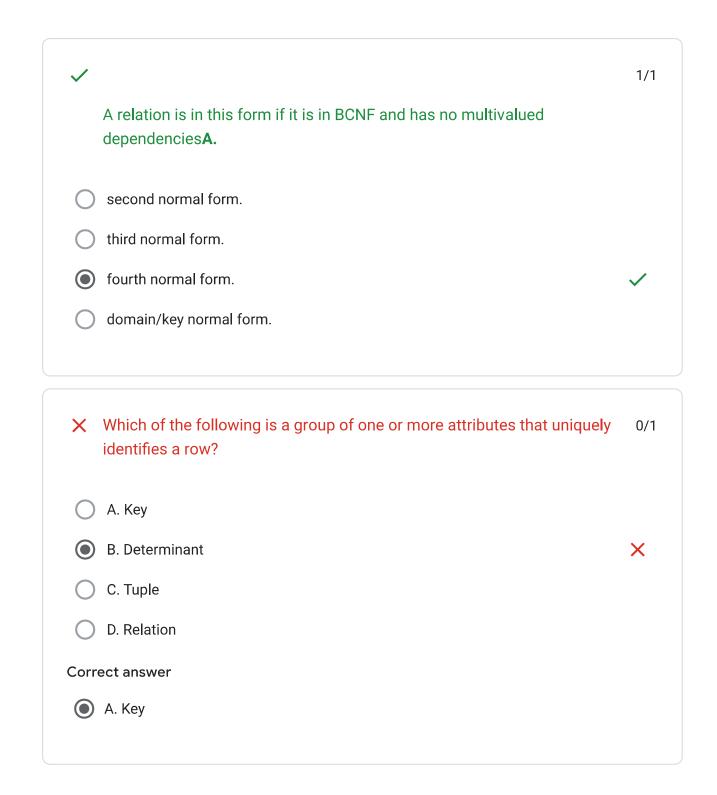
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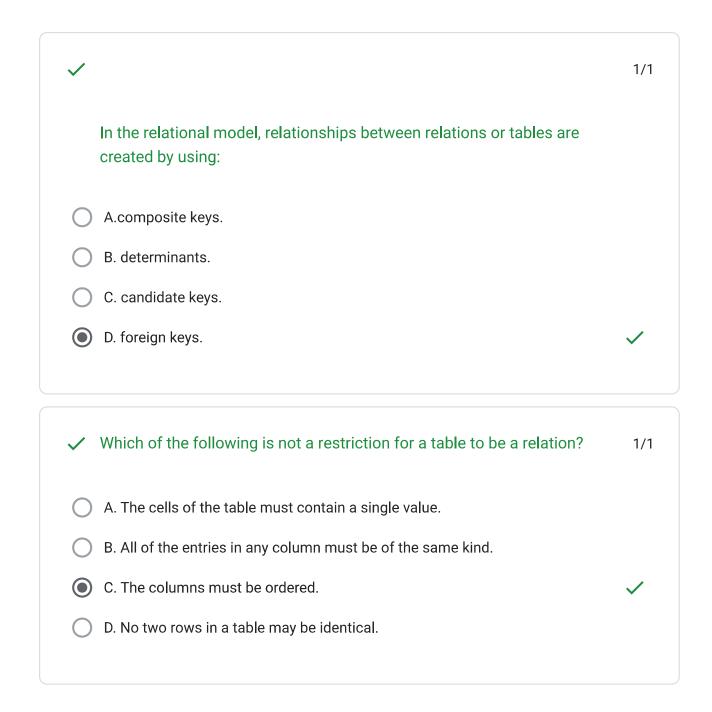
✓ An attribute or combination of attributes in one table whose values must 1/ either match the primary key in another table or be null is called	1
Secondary Key	
O Super key	
Candidate Key	
Foreign Key	
✓ A transaction state changes from active to, after the transaction has 1/ been rolled back and the database restored to its state prior to the start of the transaction.	1
a. Partially committed	
b. Committed	
■ c. Aborted	
O d. Failed	

★ How is specialization denoted in an ER Diagram?	0/1
a. Triangle labeled IS A	
b. Rectangle labeled IS A	
c. Rectangle Labeled HAS A	×
d. Triangle labeled HAS A	
Correct answer	
a. Triangle labeled IS A	
✓ What stores the metadata about the structure of the database, in particuthe schema of the database?	lar 1/1
a. Indices	
b. Database log	
C. Data files	
d. Data Dictionary	~

×	What is a schedule for a set of transactions?	0/1
0	a. It consists of all instructions of those transactions.	
•	b. It preserve the order in which the instructions appear in each individual transaction.	×
0	c. Both a and b	
0	d. None of these	
Corre	ect answer	
0	c. Both a and b	
/	Which is the correct SQL syntax from the following to create a PRIMARY KEY constraint on existing table "EMPLOYEE" on "EMPID" column and currently column does not contain any value?	1/1
0	a. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key, EMPID;	
0	b. Update table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key (EMPID);	
•	c. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key (EMPID);	✓
	d. Alter table EMPLOYEE Add Constraint PK - EMPID Primary Key, (EMPID);	

★ What information is not provided by a data dictionary?	0/1
a. How data is used	×
b. Where data is located	
c. Size of storage disk	
d. Who owns or is responsible for data	
Correct answer	
c. Size of storage disk	
✓ How can a tuple be divided in a relational schema?	1/1
a. Domains	~
b. Queries	
c. Relations	
O d. Joins	





X A relation in this form is free of all modification anomalies.	0/1
A. First normal form	
B. Second normal form	
C. Third normal form	×
D. Domain/key normal form	
Correct answer	
D. Domain/key normal form	
✓ A tuple is a(n):	1/1
A. column of a table.	
B. two dimensional table.	
C. row of a table.	✓
D. key of a table.	

	Which of the following indicates the maximum number of entities that can 1 be involved in a relationship?	/1
0	A. Minimum cardinality	
•	B. Maximum cardinality	,
0	C. ERD	
0	D. Greater Entity Count (GEC)	
	Which type of entity cannot exist in the database unless another type of entity also exists in the database, but does not require that the identifier of that other entity be included as part of its own identifier?)/1
0	A. Weak entity	
0	B. Strong entity	
0	C. ID-dependent entity	
•	D. ID- independent entity)
Corre	ect answer	
•	A. Weak entity	

×	Which of the following refers to something that can be identified in the users' work environment, something that the users want to track?	0/1
0	A. Entity	
0	B. Attribute	
	C. Identifier	×
0	D. Relationship	
Corr	ect answer	
	A. Entity	

The DBMS acts as an interface between what two components of an enterprise-class database system?	0/1
A. Database application and the database	
B. Data and the database	
C. The user and the database application	×
D. Database application and SQL	
Correct answer	
A. Database application and the database	

X 0/1 A DBMS that combines a DBMS and an application generator is ______. A. Microsoft's SQL Server X B. Microsoft's Access C. IBM's DB2 D. Oracle Corporation's Oracle Correct answer B. Microsoft's Access

You have run an SQL statement that asked the DBMS to display data in a table named USER_TABLES. The results include columns of data labeled "TableName," "NumberOfColumns" and "PrimaryKey." You are looking at

A. user data.

B. metadata

C. A report

D. indexes

× which of the following is a correct SQL query	0/1
A) Select * from emp where eid=100 , ename='a'	×
B) Select * from emp where eid=100 ename='a'	
C) Select * where eid=100 and ename='a' from emp	
D) Select * from emp where eid=100 and ename='a'	
Correct answer	
D) Select * from emp where eid=100 and ename='a'	
X How many null values can a unique key column have in MySQL	0/1
A) Multiple	
A) Multiple B) 0	×
	×
B) 0	×
B) 0C) 1	×
B) 0C) 1D) 2	×

× which of the following set operators are supported by My	SQL 0/1
A) Union	
B) Intersect	
C) Minus	
D) Except	×
Correct answer	
A) Union	
X 4NF is designed to cope with:	0/1
A) Transitive dependency	
B) Join dependency	
C) Multi valued dependency	
D) None of these	×
Correct answer	
C) Multi valued dependency	

/	In a relational database a referential integrity constraint can be specified with the help of	1/1
0	A) primary key	
•	B) foreign key	✓
0	C) secondary key	
0	D) none of the above	
✓	A Function that has no partial dependencies is in	1/1
0	A) 3NF	
•	B) 2NF	✓
0	C) 4NF	
0	D) BCNF	

×	If every non-key attribute is functionally dependent on the entire primary key, then the relation will be in:	0/1
0	A) 3NF	
0	B) 2NF	
0	C) 4NF	
•	D) BCNF	×
Corr	ect answer	
•	B) 2NF	
/	Third normal form is based on the concept of	1/1
0	A) Closure Dependency	
•	B) Transitive Dependency	✓
0	C) Normal Dependency	
0	D) Functional Dependency	

✓ What SQL claus	se is used to restrict the rows returned by a query?	1/1
a) AND		
b) WHERE		~
C) Group		
d) FROM		
✓ The USE comm	nand?	1/1
a) Is used to load	d code from another file	
b) Has been dep	recated and should be avoided for security reasons	
c) Is a pseudony	m for the SELECT command	
d) Should be use connected to My	ed to choose the database you want to use once you've /SQL	✓

✓ A subquery in an SQL SELECT statement is enclosed in: 1/1
A. braces {}.
B. CAPITAL LETTERS.
● C. parenthesis () .
O. brackets [].
Find the SQL statement below that is equal to the following: SELECT NAME 0/1 FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'VA';
A. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA');
B. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'VA';
C. SELECT NAME IN CUSTOMER WHERE STATE = 'V';
D. SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA');
Correct answer
D. SELECT NAME FROM CUSTOMER WHERE STATE IN ('VA');

✓	The EXISTS keyword will be true if	1/1
•	a) Any row in the subquery meets the condition only.	✓
0	b) All rows in the subquery fail the condition only.	
0	c) Both of these two conditions are met.	
0	d) Neither of these two conditions is met.	
×	Which of the following can be addressed by enforcing a referential integrit constraint?	y 0/1
0	a) All phone numbers must include the area code	
•	b) Certain fields are required (such as the email address, or phone number) before the record is accepted	×
0	c) Information on the customer must be known before anything can be sold to the customer	nat
0	d) When entering an order quantity, the user must input a number and not some text (i.e., 12 rather than 'a dozen')	
Corr	ect answer	
•	c) Information on the customer must be known before anything can be sold to the customer	at

✓ The relat	tionship between DEPARTMENT and EMPLOYEE is a:	1/1
a) One-to	o-one relationship	
b) Many-	-to-many relationship	
c) One-to	o-many relationship	✓
d) Many-	-to-one relationship	
✓ Which of SQL?	f the following query is correct for using comparison operators in	1/1
A) SELEC	CT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and <80;	
B) SELEC	CT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and age <80	; ~
C) SELECTION age<80;	CT sname, coursename FROM studentinfo WHERE age>50 and WHERE	
O) None	of the above	

✓	How to Delete records from studentinfo table with name of student 'Hari Prasad'?	1/1
0	A) DELETE FROM TABLE studentinfo WHERE sname='Hari Prasad';	
•	B) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE sname='Hari Prasad';	✓
0	C) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE COLUMN sname='Hari Prasad';	
0	D) DELETE FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE 'Hari Prasad';	
×	Which of the following isolation levels doesn't allow non-repeatable reads?	0/1
0	A) Repeatable Reads	
0	B) Read Committed	
0	C) both	
•	D) none	×
Corr	rect answer	
•	C) both	

✓ Which of the following isolation levels doesn't allow phantom reads?	1/1
A) Repeatable Reads	
B) Read uncommitted	
C) Read Committed	
D) Serializable	✓

★ How to select all data from studentinfo table starting the name from legal 'r'?	etter 0/1
A) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE 'r%';	
B) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '%r%';	
C) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '%r';	×
D) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE '_r%';	
Correct answer	
A) SELECT * FROM studentinfo WHERE sname LIKE 'r%';	

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