

Btrees :-

Class Btreechild

```
{
    *Keys; // array of Keys
    Btreechild **child;
    n // total keys
    order
    bool leaf
}
```

Class Btree // Friend class of Btreechild

```
{
    insert (int data data)
    {
        if (root == NULL)
            insert value into root
            and increase no. of Keys
    }
}
```

else

```
if (root is full)
{
```

Allocate memory for root
Btree node ~~new~~ *nroot

nroot → child[0] = root
(split the old root) -

```
}
```



```

else
    root → insert.empty(datakeys)
}

```

insert.empty(^{data}~~keys~~) // called when the node is not full

```

{
    if (leaf is true)
    {
        i = n-1
        while (i >= 0 && Key[i] > data)
        {
            Keys[i+1] = Keys[i]
            i--
        }
    }
}

```

```

Key
Key[i+1] = data
n++
}

```

```

else // If not leaf
{

```

```

    find(child) // which has new key
    if (child is full)
        split child (i+1, child[i+1])

```

```

    if (Keys[i+1] < data)
        i++

```

```

} child[i+1] → insert.empty(data)
}

```


splitchildnode(i, Btreechild * C1)

{

Btreechild * C2;

C2 → n = order - 1 // no. of keys

g = 0

While (g < order - 1)

C2 → Keys[g] = C1 → Keys[g + order]

// order - 1 keys of C1 in C2

// then ^{copy} order no. of child of C1 in C2

C2 → child[i] = C1 → child[i + order]

child[i + 1] = C1

~~if~~ // move all keys one space

then increment total no of keys.

}