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### **ABSTRACT**

The computer cannot understand our C program or any high level language. The HLL can be converted to an assembly language program, but that too is unreadable for the computer – which can read, to say naively, nothing but a stream of bits.

Assembler is a program that translates programs from assembly language to machine language. The assembler takes as input a stream of assembly commands, and generates as output a stream of equivalent binary instructions. The resulting code can be loaded as-is into the computer's memory, and then executed by the hardware.

The main purpose of this project is to design and implement a two pass assembler for 8086 microprocessor. This project is a small step towards writing such an assembler in Lex and Yacc and C language which is supposed to perform fundamental functions like translating mnemonic operation codes to their machine language equivalents and assigning machine addresses to symbolic labels and creation of an object file which can be linked. We make use of two data structures: - Operation Code table (optab), Symbol Table (symtab) both taking advantage of hash table properties.

The output of first pass is a symbol table which is constructed by assembler using location counter. It stores addresses of labels, so that it can be used during pass-2. Second pass uses the offset of symbols, provided by symbol table to generate operand address. It performs processing of assembler directives. It provides the assembly listing and object program. Thus second pass, solves the problem of forward references.

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