

LAB-5

5. Implement Linear, Double Ended and Circular Queue. (Note: Linear Queue has to be implemented using Linked Lists.)

LINEAR QUEUE USING LL :

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>

typedef struct node
{
    int data;
    struct node *next;
} node;

node *front = NULL, *rear = NULL;

void enqueue(int x)
{
    if (rear == NULL)
    {
        rear = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
        rear->next = NULL;
        rear->data = x;
        front = rear;
    }
    else
    {
        node *temp = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
        temp->next = NULL;
        temp->data = x;
        rear->next = temp;
        rear = temp;
    }
}

void dequeue()
{
    if (front == NULL)
    {
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    else if (front->next != NULL)
    {
        node *temp = front;
```

```
        front = front->next;
        free(temp);
    }
    else // ONLY ONE NODE REMAINING
    {
        printf("%d\n", front->data);
        free(front);
        front = rear = NULL;
    }
}

void display()
{
    node *temp = front;
    if (front == NULL)
    {
        printf("Queue is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    else
    {
        while (temp != NULL)
        {
            printf("%d-> ", temp->data);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
        printf("NULL\n");
    }
}

int main()
{
    int no, choice;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\n1.ENQUEUE\n2.DEQUEUE\n3.DISPLAY\n4.EXIT\n");
        printf("Enter choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        printf("\n");

        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the no to insert : ");
                scanf("%d", &no);
                enqueue(no);
                break;

            case 2:
```

```
        dequeue();  
        break;  
  
    case 3:  
        display();  
        break;  
  
    case 4:  
        exit(0);  
  
    default:  
        break;  
    }  
}  
  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)\DATA  
; if ($?) { gcc queue.c -o queue } ; if ($?) { .\queue }  
  
1.ENQUEUE  
2.DEQUEUE  
3.DISPLAY  
4.EXIT  
Enter choice : 1  
  
Enter the no to insert : 6  
  
1.ENQUEUE  
2.DEQUEUE  
3.DISPLAY  
4.EXIT  
Enter choice : 1  
  
Enter the no to insert : 8  
  
1.ENQUEUE  
2.DEQUEUE  
3.DISPLAY  
4.EXIT  
Enter choice : 1  
  
Enter the no to insert : 4  
  
1.ENQUEUE  
2.DEQUEUE  
3.DISPLAY  
4.EXIT  
Enter choice : 7
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 3
```

```
6-> 8-> 4-> NULL
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 2
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 2
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 3
```

```
4-> NULL
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 4
```

```
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)\DATA STRUCTURES LAB> |
```

CIRCULAR QUEUE :

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#define MAX 5

typedef struct queue
{
    int data[MAX];
    int rear, front;
} queue;

void init(queue *p)
{
    p->rear = -1;
    p->front = -1;
}

int empty(queue *p)
{
    if (p->rear == -1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int full(queue *p)
{
    if ((p->rear + 1) % MAX == p->front)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    return 0;
}

void enqueue(queue *p, int x)
{
    if (full(p))
    {
        printf("Queue is full!!\n");
    }
    else if (empty(p))
    {
        p->front = p->rear = 0;
        p->data[p->rear] = x;
    }
}
```

```
}  
else  
{  
    p->rear = (p->rear + 1) % MAX;  
    p->data[p->rear] = x;  
}  
}  
  
int dequeue(queue *p)  
{  
    if (empty(p))  
    {  
        printf("Queue is empty\n");  
    }  
  
    int x;  
    x = p->data[p->front];  
  
    if (p->front == p->rear)  
    {  
        init(p);  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        p->front = (p->front + 1) % MAX;  
    }  
  
    return x;  
}  
  
void display(queue *p)  
{  
    if (empty(p))  
    {  
        printf("Empty!!!\n");  
        return;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        int i;  
        i = p->front;  
        while (i != p->rear)  
        {  
            printf("%d ", p->data[i]);  
            i = (i + 1) % MAX;  
        }  
        printf("%d ", p->data[i]);  
        printf("\n");  
    }  
}
```

```
int main()
{
    queue *p = (queue *)malloc(sizeof(queue));
    init(p);
    int no, choice;
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\n1.ENQUEUE\n2.DEQUEUE\n3.DISPLAY\n4.EXIT\n");
        printf("Enter choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        printf("\n");

        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the no to insert : ");
                scanf("%d", &no);
                enqueue(p, no);
                break;

            case 2:
                dequeue(p);
                break;

            case 3:
                display(p);
                break;

            case 4:
                exit(0);

            default:
                break;
        }
    }

    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)
; if ($?) { gcc circularqueue.c -o circularqueue }

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 5

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 4

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 3

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 2
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 1

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 1

Enter the no to insert : 8
Queue is full!!

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 3

5 4 3 2 1

1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 2
```



```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 2
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 3
```

```
3 2 1
```

```
1.ENQUEUE
2.DEQUEUE
3.DISPLAY
4.EXIT
Enter choice : 4
```

```
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)\DATA STRUCTURES LAB> |
```

DOUBLE ENDED CIRCULAR QUEUE :

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <math.h>
#define MAX 5
typedef struct queue
{
    int data[MAX];
    int front,rear;
}queue;
queue *q;
void init(queue *q);
void inqueuerear(queue *q,int x);
void inqueuefront(queue *q,int x);
int dequeuefront(queue *q);
int dequeuerear(queue *q);
void display(queue *q);
int isempty(queue *q);
int isfull(queue *q);
int main()
{
    queue *p=(queue *)malloc(sizeof(queue));
    init(p);
    while(1)
    {
        int ch,x,del;
        printf("Enter the choice: \n1.Insert using rear\n2.Insert using\nfront\n3.Delete using rear\n4.Delete using front\n5.Display\n6.Exit");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter data to insert using rear ");
                scanf("%d",&x);
                inqueuerear(p,x);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Enter data to insert using front ");
                scanf("%d",&x);
                inqueuefront(p,x);
                break;
            case 3:
                del=dequeuerear(p);
                printf("%d is deleted from queue ",del);
                break;
            case 4:
```

```
        del=dequeuefront(p);
        printf("%d is deleted from queue ",del);
        break;
    case 5:
        display(p);
        break;
    case 6:
        exit (0);
    default:
        printf("Please enter valid choice");
    }
}
}
}
void init(queue *q)
{
    q->front=-1;
    q->rear=-1;
}
int isempty(queue *q)
{
    if(q->rear==-1)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
int isfull(queue *q)
{
    if((q->rear+1)%MAX==q->front)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
void inqueurear(queue *q,int x)
{
    if(isempty(q))
    {
        q->front=0;
        q->rear=0;
        q->data[q->rear]=x;
    }
    else if(isfull(q))
    {

```

```
        printf("Queue is full");
    }
    else
    {
        q->rear=(q->rear+1)%MAX;
        q->data[q->rear]=x;
    }
}

void inqueuefront(queue *q,int x)
{
    if(isempty(q))
    {
        q->front=0;
        q->rear=0;
        q->data[q->front]=x;
    }
    else if(isfull(q))
    {
        printf("Queue is full");
    }
    else
    {
        q->front=(q->front-1+MAX)%MAX;
        q->data[q->front]=x;
    }
}

int dequeuefront(queue *q)
{
    int x;
    x=q->data[q->front];
    if(isempty(q))
    {
        printf("Queue is empty");
    }
    else if(q->front==q->rear)
    {
        init(q);
    }
    else
    {
        q->front=(q->front+1)%MAX;
    }
    return x;
}

int dequeuerear(queue *q)
{
    int x;
    x=q->data[q->rear];
    if(isempty(q))
    {

```

```
        printf("Queue is empty");
    }
    else if(q->front==q->rear)
    {
        init(q);
    }
    else
    {
        q->rear=(q->rear-1+MAX)%MAX;
    }
    return x;
}

void display(queue *q)
{
    if(isempty(q) )
    {
        printf("Queue is empty");
    }
    else
    {
        int x;
        x=q->front;
        while(x!=q->rear)
        {
            printf("%d ",q->data[x]);
            x=(x+1)%MAX;
        }
        printf("%d ",q->data[q->rear]);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT:

Try the new cross-platform PowerShell <https://aka.ms/pscore6>

```
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)\DATA STRUCTURES\LinearDoubleEndedQueue.c -o LinearDoubleEndedQueue.exe
```

Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

1

Enter data to insert using rear 9

Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

2

Enter data to insert using front 8

Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

5

8 9 Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

3

9 is deleted from queue Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

5

8 Enter the choice:

- 1.Insert using rear
- 2.Insert using front
- 3.Delete using rear
- 4.Delete using front
- 5.Display
- 6.Exit

4

8 is deleted from queue Enter the choice:

```
5
Queue is emptyEnter the choice:
1.Insert using rear
2.Insert using front
3.Delete using rear
4.Delete using front
5.Display
6.Exit
```

```
6
PS E:\VIT\SECOND YEAR(SY)\SEM 2\DATA STRUCTURES(DS)\DATA STRUCTURES LAB> |
```