LIST OF OPEN ELECTIVES TO BE OFFERED IN THE EVEN SEMESTER (MIT CAMPUS) R-2019

FACULTY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING														
SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEG ORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	Т	P	С						
DEPARTMENT OF PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY														
B.E	. Production	Engineering	ı	T	1									
1.	PR5691	Design Concept Optimization and Rapid Prototyping	3	0	0	3								
2.	PR5692	Biomimetic Engineering	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
	1	DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMO	BILE ENG	INEERING										
B.E	. Automobile	e Engineering												
3.	AU5691	Automotive Power Train System	3	0	0	3								
4.	AU5692	Two-Wheeler Technology	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
		DEPARTMENT OF AEROSPA	ACE ENGI	NEERING										
B.E	. Aeronautica	al Engineering												
5.	AE5691	Control Engineering Principle	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
		FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL	_ ENGINE	ERING										
		DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUMENT	ATION EN	IGINEERING										
B.E	. Electronics	and Instrumentation Engineering												
6.	EI5691	Introduction to Industrial Instrumentation and Control	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
7.	El5692	Introduction to Industrial Data Communication	3	0	0	3								
	FACI	JLTY OF INFORMATION AND COM	IMUNICA.	I TION ENGINE	FRIN	IG								
	1 700	DEPARTMENT OF INFORMA												
B.T	ech Informat	tion Technology	11011 120											
8.	IT5695	Basics of Programming and Data Structures	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
9.	IT5696	Fundamentals of Information	3	3	0	0	3							
		Security	OE											
	· Flacture inc	DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRO	NICS ENC	SINEERING										
B.E	1	and Communication Engineering	I	Γ										
10.	EC5695	Microcontroller Programming for Industrial Applications	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
11.	EC5696	Introduction to Communication Systems	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
		DEPARTMENT OF COMPUT	ER TECH	NOLOGY										
B.E	. Computer :	Science and Engineering												
12.	CS5693	Data Structures and Applications	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
13.	CS5694	Machine Learning using Python	OE	3	3	0	0	3						
		FACULTY OF TECH			227									
		DEPARTMENT OF RUBBER AND F	LASTICS	TECHNOLOG	Ϋ́									
		and Plastics Technology		T	-									
14.	RP5691	Polymer Properties	OE	3	0	0	3	3						
15.	RP5692	Polymers in Electrical and Electronics Applications	OE	3	0	0	3	3						

PR5691 DESIGN CONCEPT OPTIMIZATION AND RAPID PROTOTYPING

L T PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- The main objectives of this course are to:
- Applying the design processes to develop a successful product.
- Applying scientific approaches to provide design solutions.
- Apply Taguchi and Response surface method for parameter Optimization
- To introduce the development of Additive Manufacturing (AM), various business opportunities and applications
- To familiarize various software tools, processes and techniques to create physical objects that satisfy product development / prototyping requirements, using AM.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DESIGN PROCESSES

9

Basic modules in design process-scientific method and design method-Need identification, importance of problem definition-structured problem, real life problem- information gathering - customer requirements- Quality Function Deployment (QFD)- product design specifications-generation of alternative solutions- Analysis and selection-Detail design and drawings-Prototype, modelling, simulation, testing and evaluation

UNIT II CREATIVITY IN DESIGN

9

Creativity and problem solving-vertical and lateral thinking-invention-psychological view, mental blocks-Creativity methods-brainstorming, synectics, force fitting methods, mind map, concept map-Theory of innovative problem solving (TRIZ) - conceptual decomposition creating design concepts.

UNIT III TAGUCHI METHODS AND RESPONSE SURFACE METHODOLOG

Design of experiments using Orthogonal Arrays, Data analysis from Orthogonal experiments-Robust design- case studies. Response surface methodology, parameter – optimization - case studies.

UNIT IV RAPID PROTOTYPING

9

9

Rapid Prototyping- Rapid Tooling – Rapid Manufacturing – Additive Manufacturing. AM Process Chain- Classification – Benefits and Applications.

UNIT V DESIGN FOR ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

9

Concepts and Objectives- Additive Manufacturing Unique Capabilities: Part Consolidation-Topology Optimization- Lightweight Structure - DFAM for Part Quality Improvement. Data Processing - CAD Model Preparation -Part Orientation and Support Structure Generation -Model Slicing - Tool Path Generation-Customized Design and Fabrication for Medical Applications- Case Studies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

On completion of this course student should be able to:

- CO1 Apply the design processes to develop a successful product.
- CO2 Apply scientific approaches to provide design solutions.
- CO3 Understand and apply the design concept and analyse the importance of response surface methodology in design of experiments
- CO4 Recognize the development of Additive Manufacturing technology
- CO5 Acquire knowledge on process of transforming a concept into the final product in Additive Manufacturing technology.

TEXT BOOK(S)

- 1. Douglas C. Montgomery, Design and Analysis of Experiments, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 9th edition, 2017.
- 2. Andreas Gebhardt and Jan-Steffen Hötter "Additive Manufacturing: 3D Printing for Prototyping and Manufacturing", Hanser publications, United States, 2015, ISBN: 978-1-56990-582-1.
- Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen and Brent Stucker "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", 2nd edition, Springer., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1493921126.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. George Dieter, Linda C. Schmidt, Engineering Design, McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- 2. Philip J. Rose, Taguchi Techniques for quality Engineering, Prentice Hall, 2000.
- 3. Krishnaiah K, and Shahabudeen P, "Applied Design of Experiments and Taguchi Methods", PHI,1st Edition, 2011.
- 4. Amit Bandyopadhyay and Susmita Bose, "Additive Manufacturing", 1st Edition, CRC Press., United States, 2015, ISBN-13: 978-1482223590.
- 5. Andreas Gebhardt, "Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Manufacturing", Hanser Gardner Publication, Cincinnati., Ohio, 2011, ISBN :9783446425521.
- 6. Kamrani A.K. and Nasr E.A., "Rapid Prototyping: Theory and practice", Springer., United States ,2006, ISBN: 978-1-4614-9842-1.
- 7. Liou, L.W. and Liou, F.W., "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering applications: A tool box for prototype development", CRC Press., United States, 2011, ISBN: 9780849334092.
- 8. Milan Brandt, "Laser Additive Manufacturing: Materials, Design, Technologies, and Applications", Woodhead Publishing., United Kingdom, 2016, ISBN: 9780081004333.

PR5692

BIOMIMETIC ENGINEERING

L T PC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To appreciate and follow nature's design
- To understand living organism body interfaces with surrounding environment
- To learn sensing organs and path navigation in vertebrates
- To understand the working principles of mobility by various living organisms
- To introduce the ways of recreating biomimetic structures

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BIOMIMETICS

9

Basic principles, building blocks, material property charts, nature's designs, examples of successful biomimetic designs.

Mechanical design – hierarchical construction, bio-composites, structure & properties of bamboo, silks, bones, teeth, shells, antlers and beaks, impact resistance, fracture mitigation, damping, self-healing.

UNIT II BIO INSPIRED SURFACES

9

Biological information, Dealing with friction, Muscles and artificial muscles, lotus effect, gecko adhesion.

Desert beetle, pitcher plants, bio-fouling, coating, Silver ant and heat dissipation, insulation of fur and feathers, constructal theory.

UNIT III BIO INSPIRED SENSORS

9

Biological sensors, Bio-inspired sensors- structural colours, compound eyes, antireflection, stealth, imaging. Navigation – short & long range navigation techniques of bees, ants, turtles - migratory birds

UNIT IV BIO INSPIRED MOBILITY

9

Mechanical stiffness and motion, Neural control, Robot controllers, Running, Robustness, Crawling – Soft robotics, Gliding and Flapping flight, Hydrostatic stiffness and motion - Swimming-Macroscale walking, Macroscale flying.

UNIT V FABRICATION FOR MICRO/NANO STRUCTURES

9

Soft material – bottom up approach – Hard materials – top down approach – micro/nano structure in microelectromechanical (MEMS) – Macro components with micro/nano structures - Examples-Ethics.

OUTCOMES

- To describe the nature's design in damping, light weight high strength, self-healing etc.
- To elucidate living organism physical interactions with environment
- To relate the modern electronics to natural sensing organs and path navigation in vertebrates
- To explain the conceptual working principles of mobility by various living organisms
- To state the ways of manufacturing biomimetic nano/micro structures

TEXTBOOKS

- Yoseph Bar-Cohen, Biomimetics: Nature-Based Innovation, CRC Press, 2016
- 2. Lakhtakia A, Martin-Palma RJ (eds); Engineered biomimicry; Elsevier, 2013

REFERENCES

- 1. Reich Y, A critical review of General Design Theory. Research in Engineering Design, 7 (1) 1-18 (1995).
- 2. Maria G. Trotta, Bio-inspired Design Methodology, International Journal of Information Science 1(1), pp 1-11 (2011).
- 3. Ashok K G, Daniel A McAdams, Robert B. Stone, Biologically inspired designs: computational methods and tools, Springer London, 2013.

AU5691

AUTOMOTIVE POWER TRAIN SYSTEM

LTPC 3 00 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the various layout of vehicle chassis, engine types.
- To expose the need, constructional details and working principle of various clutches.
- To envisage the working of manual transmission systems.
- To explicate the operating principle of various automatic transmission systems.
- To relate the importance of driveline components, wheels and tyres.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Layout with reference to power plant. IC Engine operation - classifications and working principle. E – Vehicle layout, operation, advantages and limitations.

UNIT II CLUTCH

Requirements of Transmission system. Purpose and requirement of clutch. Principle of friction clutches. Principle and operation of single plate coil spring and multiplate clutches. Introduction to Electromagnetic clutch.

UNIT III GEAR BOX

Purpose and requirement of gear box. Construction and working principle of sliding mesh and constant mesh gear boxes. Construction and working principle of synchromesh gear box. Introduction to Automated Manual Transmission. Comparison between conventional and Automated Manual Transmission.

UNIT IV AUTOMATIC TRANSMISSION

Construction and working principle of Fluid Coupling, advantages and limitations. Construction and working principle of Torque Converter. Multistage and Polyphase Torque converter. Principle of CVT, advantages and limitations.

UNIT V FINAL DRIVE AND DIFFERENTIAL

Forces and Torque reaction on rear axle. Propeller shaft, Universal joints. Final Drive and its types. Construction and working principle of Differential. Introduction to Limited Slip Differential. Types of wheels and tyres.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students will,

- Visualize the power flow of various vehicle layouts.
- Understand the working principle the various positive engagement clutches.
- Appraise upon the constructional details and working principle of the manual transmission systems.
- Compare and contrast between various automatic transmission systems.
- Summarize the significant driveline components, wheels and tyres.

TEXT BOOKS

- 1. Rajput R.K., "A Textbook Of Automobile Engineering", Laxmi Publications; Second edition, 2017.
- 2. K.Newton, W.Steeds and T.K. Garret, "The Motor Vehicle", 13th Edison, Butterworth Heinemann, India 2004.
- William H. Crouse and Donald L. Anglin, "Automotive Mechanics", 10th Edison, McGraw-Hill Education, 2017.

REFERENCES:

- 1. David A Crolla, "Automotive Engineering: Powertrain, Chassis System and Vehicle Body", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2009.
- 2. Ramalingam K.K, "Automobile Engineering", Sci-Tec Book, 2005.
- 3. Heinz Heisler, "Advanced Vehicle Technology", Butterworth-Heinemann, 2002.
- 4. "Bosch Automotive Handbook", 10th Edition, Robert Bosch GmbH, 2018.

AU5692

TWO-WHEELER TECHNOLOGY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- Identify various Engine layout for Two wheeler.
- Evaluate the necessity of Engine subsystems in Two Wheeler.
- Selection of Transmission system for Two wheeler
- Selection of Brakes, Wheels and Tyres for Two wheeler.
- Evaluate the current Two-wheeler technological advancements.

UNIT I POWER PLANT

9

Two Stroke and Four Stroke SI and CI Engine Construction and Working, Limitations of CI engines in Two wheelers, Valve and Port Timing, Scavenging in Engines. Exhaust systems. Introduction to E-bike and its components.

UNIT II ENGINE SUB – SYSTEMS AND STARTING SYSTEM

9

Fuel System – Carburetor System, Fuel Injection System. Ignition Systems- Magneto coil and Battery Coil Spark Ignition System, Electronic Ignition System. Cooling Systems. Lubrication System. Starting System - Manual Starting System, Self-Starter System. Fuel Injection Testing

UNIT III STRUCTURE AND SUB – SYSTEMS

9

Types of Frame and its Layout, Clutches, Gear box -Types, CVT, Need for Freewheeling devices. Final Drives. Steering Geometry. Front and Rear Suspension Systems. Suspension Testing.

UNIT IV BRAKES AND WHEELS

9

Need for Braking System, Types of Brakes -Construction and Working of Drum Brakes, Disc Brakes. Types of Wheels - Construction of Wheel. Types of Tyres - Tubeless Tyres and Tubed Tyres, Radial Tyres and Cross Ply Tyres, Speed and Load Rating. Two wheeler Testing

UNIT V ELECTRICAL SYSTEM AND RECENT TRENDS

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Instrumentation and Controls on Handle Bar. Types of Head Lamps – LED, HID. Head Lamp Adjustment. Lead Acid Battery. Supercharging of Race Sports Bikes. Brakes: Antilock Braking System. Catalytic Converters, Emission Norms, Case Study of Two Wheeler.

OUTCOMES

On successful completion of this course students will be able to:

- Understand the assembly and layout pattern of Two Wheelers Engine.
- Understand the Ignition system and Fuel system involved in two wheelers.
- Understand the different types of Suspension systems and Transmission systems.
- Understand the working of Brakes, Types of Wheels and Tyres in Two wheelers.
- Understand the basic Auto Electrical systems and recent trends in Two wheeler.

TEXT BOOK:

- 1. John Harold Haynes, Motorcycle Basics Techbook 2nd Edition, 2015
- 2. Irving, P.E., Motor cycle Engineering, Temple Press Book, London, 1992.
- 3. Dhruv U.Panchal, Two and Three Wheeler Technology,2015
- 4. K. K. Ramalingam, Two Wheelers, Scitech publications, Chennai

REFERENCES:

- 1. Marshal Cavandedish, 'Encyclopedia of Motor cycling', New York, 1989
- 2. Srinivasan.S., 'Motor cycle, Scooter, Mopeds', New century book house, 1988.

INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL

LTPC 3 003

OBJECTIVES

- To give an adequate knowledge about various techniques used for various parameters of measurement in Industries.
- To provide exposure to four important process variables namely level, pressure, flowand temperature.
- To understand, analyze and design various measurement schemes that meet the desired specifications and requirements of real time processes
- To acquire knowledge about the principles of conventional continuous controllers namely ON/OFF and PID controller.
- To get an overview of advanced control schemes used for industrial applications.

UNIT I LEVEL AND PRESSURE MEASUREMENT

9

Level Measurements: Float gauge – Displacer – D/P method – Load cell – Capacitive sensor– Ultrasonic sensor. Pressure Measurements: Manometer – Bourdon tube – Capacitive type pressure gauge – Piezo resistive pressure sensor – McLeod gauge – Thermal conductivity gauge.

UNIT II TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT

9

Thermometers — RTD characteristics and signal conditioning — Thermistors — Thermocouples: Laws – signal conditioning – cold junction compensation. Radiation and optical pyrometers.

UNIT III FLOW MEASUREMENT

9

Orifice plate – venturi tube – Turbine flow meter – Rotameter – Coriolis mass flow meter – Thermal mass flow meter - Electromagnetic flow meter – Ultrasonic flow meter – Introduction to Calibration methods.

UNIT IV PROCESS CONTROL

9

Need for process control – Continuous and Batch processes – servo and regulatory operations – Control valve - Examples: Level process – Flow process - Heat Exchanger. Controller: ON/OFF – PID controller – Electronic PID controller – Introduction to controller tuning.

UNIT V ADVANCED CONTROL SCHEMES

9

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Ratio Control — Feed forward control - Cascade control — Model predictive control — Examples from boiler systems and distillation column.

OUTCOME:

- Apply the knowledge about the instruments to use them more effectively
- Ability to select appropriate level and pressure measuring instruments according to the application
- Ability to design signal conditioning circuits and compensation schemes
- Able to understand the different conventional control actions, their relative merits, demerits and their typical applications.
- Able to analyze the need for advanced control and methods of implementation of these control techniques.
- Ability to design & implement a suitable control scheme for a given process.

TEXT BOOKS:

- Doebelin. E.O and Manik D.N.," Measurement Systems: Application and Design", SpecialEdition, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, 2007
- 2. Bequette. B. W.," Process Control Modeling, Design and Simulation", Prentice Hall of India, 2004

REFERENCES:

- 1. Liptak B.G., "Instrument and Automation Engineers' Handbook: Process Measurement and Analysis", Fifth Edition, CRC Press, 2016.
- 2. Patranabis. D., "Principles of Industrial Instrumentation", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi, 2010.
- 3. Stephanopoulos, "Chemical Process Control An Introduction to Theory and Practice", Prentice Hall of India, 2005.

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO,PSO	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO
CO	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09	10	11	12	1	2	3
COOE1.1				М								М	S		
COOE1.2	М			S								М	S		
COOE1.3												М	S	S	
COOE1.4												М	S	S	
COOE1.5	М										М	М	S	S	
COOE1.6	М	М		М						М	M	М	S	S	S

EI5692 INTRODUCTION TO INDUSTRIAL DATA COMMUNICATION

LTPC 3003

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To impart the basic concepts of data networks
- To introduce the serial communication interface standards for industrial data networks.
- To familiarize the students with the principles of MODBUS and CANBUS protocols.
- To introduce Foundation Fieldbus and HART Protocols.
- To introduce the principles of Wireless Networks used in Industrial Data Communication

UNIT I DATA NETWORK BASICS

9

Introduction to Data network – OSI Network model – LAN topologies – Ethernet Protocol – Overview of protocols and standards used in Industrial Data Networks.

UNIT II SERIAL COMMUNICATION STANDARDS

.

Introduction to Serial Communication Standards: EIA232, EIA485, I²C and USB – Features, Elements, Connections and Handshaking.

FUNDAMENTALS OF MODBUS AND CANBUS UNIT III

9

MODBUS:- Overview, Protocol structure, Communication, Request and Response messages and Applications. CANBUS:- Standard and Extended CAN, Message types, Architecture, Data Transmission and Applications.

UNIT IV INTRODUCTION TO FIELDBUS AND HART

9

Fieldbus:- Introduction, Protocol stack, Packet format, types and Applications — HART:-Features, modes, instruction formats and Applications.

UNIT V WIRELESS NETWORKS FOR INDUSTRIAL DATA COMMUNICATION 9

Wired Vs Wireless Communication - Challenges in Wireless Communication - Wireless LAN Protocol fundamentals, Introduction to Wireless HART Protocol.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

- Acquire knowledge about basic concepts of data networks
- Gain familiarity with various serial interface standards used in industrial datanetworks.
- Gain knowledge on the principles of MODBUS and CANBUS protocols.
- Get familiarized with Foundation Fieldbus and HART Protocols.
- Gain familiarity with wireless networks for industrial data communication.
- Apply the knowledge of various communication standards for different application and use them more effectively.

TEXT BOOKS

- Mackay.S, Wrijut.E, Reynders.D and Park.J. "Practical Industrial Data Networks Design, Installation and Troubleshooting", Newnes Publication, Elsevier, 1st Edition, 2004.
- Berge.J., "Field Buses for Process Control: Engineering, Operation and 2 Maintenance", ISA Press, 2004.
- Berhouz.A. Forouzan, "Data Communications and Networking", 4th Edition, 3 TataMcGraw Hill, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Buchanan.W., "Computer Buses", CRC Press, 2000. 1
- NPTEL Notes on "Fieldbus Networks" and "Computer Networks", IIT Kharagpur. 2

MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO,PSO	РО	PSO	PSO	PSO											
CO	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	80	09	10	11	12	1	2	3
COOE2.1											S	S	S		
COOE2.2											S	S	S		
COOE2.3											S	S	S		
COOE2.4											S	S	S		
COOE2.5											S	S	S		
COOE2.6											S	S	S		

IT5695 BASICS OF PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURES

LT PC 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basics of C programming language.
- To learn the concepts of structures and pointers.
- To learn the concepts of Abstract Data Types.
- To understand the concepts of linear data structure like list, stack and queue.
- To understand the concepts of non-linear data structures.

UNIT I C PROGRAMMING FUNDAMENTALS

9

Data Types – Variables – Operations – Expressions – Conditional Statements – Control statements - Functions – Recursive Functions – Arrays.

UNIT II C PROGRAMMING - ADVANCED FEATURES

9

Structures – Union – Enumerated Data Types – Pointers - Variation in pointer declarations - Pointers to Variables and Arrays – Dynamic memory allocation – Preprocessor Directives.

UNIT III LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES

9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – List ADT – Array-Based Implementation – Linked list based implementation – Doubly-Linked Lists – Circular Linked lists.

UNIT IV STACKS AND QUEUES

9

Stack ADT – Implementation of Stack – Array and Linked list implementation – Applications - Balancing the parenthesis – Infix to Postfix expression - Evaluating arithmetic expressions – Queue ADT – Implementation of Queue.

UNIT V NON-LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES

9

Trees – Binary Trees - Types of Binary Trees – Binary Search Tree - Implementation – Tree Traversals – Expression tree – Solving expressions using expression tree – Priority Queue: Binary heap.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Develop C programs for any real world/technical application.
- Apply advanced features of C in solving problems.
- Write functions to implement linear and non–linear data structure operations.
- Suggest and use appropriate linear/non-linear data structure operations for solving a given problem.
- Appropriately use stack and queue data structure for a given application.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1997.
- 2. Reema Thareja, "Programming in C", Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2016.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Brian W. Kernighan, Rob Pike, "The Practice of Programming", Pearson Education, 1999.
- 2. Paul J. Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C How to Program", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2013.
- 3. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, 1983.
- 4. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia, 2008.

IT5696 FUNDAMENTALS OF INFORMATION SECURITY

L T P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the need for security in various applications
- To learn the mathematical background of cryptography
- To introduce security services and mechanisms
- To understand secure design and application of security
- To understand and appreciate hardware security

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction to security: Need for security – Security Goals – Attacks - Security services and mechanisms – Perfect Security - Computational security – semantic security – pseudorandom generators – Mathematics of cryptography: Integer arithmetic-modular arithmetic -algebraic structures - GF (2^n) field)- Primes- Factorization-Chinese Reminder Theorem – Exponentiation and discrete Logarithm.

UNIT II SECURITY SERVICES AND MECHANISMS

9

Formal Definition of Encryption and Adversarial Models –Kerchoff's Principle – Substitution and Transposition Ciphers- Stream and Block Ciphers – Modern Symmetric key ciphers: DES, AES - Asymmetric Key Ciphers: RSA Cryptosystem – ElGamal Cryptosystem-Cryptographic Hash functions – MAC, HMAC - Digital Signatures- X.509 Certificate—Identity management and Access Control: Password and two factor authentication-Authentication protocols. Single sign-on: SAML and OpenID.

UNIT III HARDWARE SECURITY

9

Hardware security: Side Channel Attacks – Fault Attacks – Countermeasures – Introduction to PUFs, Designs of FPGAs, Machine Learning of PUFs – Introduction to Micro-architectural vulnerabilities - Trusted Computing- Intel SGX.

UNIT IV CYBER SECURITY AND APPLICATIONS

9

Cybersecurity: NIST Cybersecurity framework – Types of Cyber security - Social Engineering – Security of Micro ATMs, e-wallet and POS -Online Banking, Credit card and UPI Security-Smartphone security – Guidelines for social media security -Guidelines for Secure Password and Wi-Fi security

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF SECURITY

9

Risk analysis – Multilevel and multilateral security –Network Attack and defences - Email security-Web Security - Dark Web and Deep Web - Cloud security - Al security - IoT Security – Blockchain for security - Cyber Laws and IPR- Electronic and Information Wars.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to :

- Understand the goals, services and mechanisms of security
- Apply the security algorithms to real world applications.
- Design secure systems and applications.
- Identify various vulnerabilities in hardware.
- Knowledge on Cybersecurity and protecting critical infrastructure.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Forouzan, Behrouz A., and Debdeep Mukhopadhyay. Cryptography and network security. Vol. 12. New York, NY, USA: Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2015.

- 2. Menezes, Alfred J., Paul C. Van Oorschot, and Scott A. Vanstone. Handbook of applied cryptography. CRC press, 2018.
- 3. Anderson, Ross. Security engineering: a guide to building dependable distributed systems. John Wiley & Sons, 2020
- 4. Mukhopadhyay, Debdeep, and Rajat Subhra Chakraborty. Hardware security: design, threats, and safeguards. CRC Press, 2014.

EC5695 MICROCONTROLLER PROGRAMMING FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

LTPC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To study different microcontroller architectures and interfaces.
- To program the microcontroller for real time applications.
- To architect a microcontroller system for different hardware and software.
- To familiarize the students in Microcontroller.
- To provide strong foundation for designing the real world applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO 8051 MICRO CONTROLLER

9

Overview of 8051 Micro Controller, Architecture, I/O ports and Memory Organization, Interrupts, Timer/Counter and Serial Communication.

UNIT II PIC MICROCONTROLLER

9

PIC microcontroller Architecture - Memory - Parallel ports - Interrupts - Timers/Counters - UART-A/D converter - PWM.

UNIT III PROGRAMMING WITH C

9

Introduction to C - Microchip MPLAB IDE - CCS PCM C compiler - Proteus VSM - Microchip PICDEM Mechatronics board.

UNIT IV HUMAN AND PHYSICAL INTERFACES

9

Human interface from switches to keypads - LED displays - LCD - interfacing to the physical world-simple sensors: micro switch, Light-dependent resistors, Optical object sensing, opto-sensor applied as a shaft encoder, Ultrasonic object sensor - Actuators: DC and stepper motors - Interfacing to actuators.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF 8051 AND PIC MICROCONTROLLERS

9

LED Chasing circuit - Four digit LED Display interface, Interrupt driven event counter with 4-digit LED display - Simple Buzzer interface, Speaker interface - Electronic Siren - Interfacing Digital temperature sensor - Analog temperature sensor IC with A/D converter.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Use 8051 microcontroller suitable for industrial applications.
- Design hardware based on PIC microcontroller.
- Develop C Programs for Microcontroller.
- Provide Human & Physical interface for Microcontrollers.
- Apply Microcontrollers for Real Time Application.

12

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi and Janice GilliMazidi, The 8051 Micro Controller and Embedded Systems', Pearson Education, 5th Indian reprint, 2003.
- 2. Dogan Ibrahim, Microcontroller Projects in C for the 8051, Newnes, 2000.
- 3. Martin P.Bates, Programming 8-bit PIC Microcontrollers in C with interactive hardware simulation, Newnes Press, 2008.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Tim Wilmshurst, Designing Embedded Systems with PIC Microcontrollers Principles and applications, Newnes, Elsevier, 2007.
- 2. Milan Verle, PIC Microcontrollers Programming In C, MikroElektronika, 2009.

EC5696 INTRODUCTION TO COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

LTPC

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concept of basic Analog and Digital Communication Systems.
- To understand the various modulation techniques for Analog and digital communication Systems.
- To perform a block-diagram design of the transmitter and receiver for a basic Analog and Digital Communications System.
- To identify the performance, in terms of bit error rate, of a Digital Communication System.
- To study the wireless channel and Mobile Communication Systems.

UNIT I ANALOG COMMUNICATIONS

9

Basic concepts of Linear Modulation and Demodulation – Modulation Index -Power relation in AM wave- double and single sideband-Generation and Detection of Amplitude Modulation- Hilbert transform-analytic signal.

UNIT II ANGLE MODULATIONS

9

Frequency Modulation-comparison of frequency modulation and amplitude modulation-narrowband and wideband FM- Bessel functions-Carson's rule-bandwidth-Generation and Demodulation of frequency and phase modulation-Phase-locked loops.

UNIT III DIGITAL COMMUNICATIONS

9

Nyquist sampling theorem – Pulse amplitude modulation, Pulse code modulation – quantization noise, delta modulation, DPCM, ADPCM, Multiplexing and Multiple Access Techniques – FDM and FDMA, TDM and TDMA, CDMA.

UNIT IV DIGITAL MODULATION TECHNIQUES

9

Binary Phase Shift Keying - Binary Frequency Shift Keying - Pulse Amplitude Modulation (PAM), On - Off Keying OOK. Optimum receiver structures for digital communication - matched filtering, co-relation detection, probability of error.

UNIT V WIRELESS CHANNEL AND MOBILE COMMUNICATION

9

Overview of wireless systems-capacity of wireless channel- Examples of Wireless Communication Systems- Paging system, Cordless telephones systems, Cellular telephone Systems- Cellular concept- Large and small Scale Fading.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Understand the basic concepts of Analog Communication Systems.
- Use of Angle Modulation techniques for Analog Communication.
- Identify and describe different techniques in modern Digital Communications.
- Explore various Digital Modulation Techniques.
- Analyse the performance of wireless channels for Mobile Communication.

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Thepdore. S.Rapport, "Wireless Communications: principles and practice", 2nd eidtion, pearson education, india, 2009.
- 2. B.P.Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication systems", 4th Edition, Oxford university press, 2010.
- 3. S.Haykin, "Communication systems" 3/e John Wiley 2007.

REFERENCES:

- 1. David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, "Fundamentals of wireless communications" Wiley series in Telecommunications, cambridge university press, 2005.
- 2. J.G.Proakis, M.Salehi, "Fundamentals of Communication Systems" Pearson education
- 3. H. P. Hsu, Schaum outline series "Analog and Digital Communications" TMH 2006.
- 4. Andrea Goldsmith, "Wireless Communications", Cambridge University Press, 2005.

CS5693

DATA STRUCTURES AND APPLICATIONS

LTPC

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To understand arrays and applications such as vectors, matrices, polynomials
- To know about stacks, queues and their applications in handling expressions, strings, scheduling
- To understand dynamic creation of lists and knowing how to apply them for problem solving
- To understand the nonlinear data structure trees and data representation, processing using
- To understand sorting and searching of data values using different methodologies

UNIT I 9

Arrays, Strings, Vectors, Matrix Representation using arrays, Multi-Dimensional Arrays, Sparse Arrays, Lists, Sets representation using Lists, Polynomials representation using Lists.

UNIT II 9

Stacks, Queues, Maze Problem, Expressions Evaluation, String reversal, Circular Queue, Dequeue, Scheduling.

UNIT III 9

Linked Lists, Doubly Linked List, Polynomial Addition and Multiplication, Linked Stacks and Queues, Nested Lists

UNIT IV 9

Trees - Binary Trees - Traversals - Binary Search Trees - Operations - Decision Trees - Game Trees, Height Balanced Trees, Heaps, Priority Queues

UNIT V 9

Insertion Sort, Shell Sort, Bucket Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Linear search, Binary Search, m-way search, Fibonacci Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, "Fundamentals of Data Structures", Galgotia, 1976.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay and Paul G Sorenson, "An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications", Second Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1991.
- 3. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1996
- 4. Robert Kruse, C.L.Tondo, Bruce Leung, Shashi Mogalla, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
- 5. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", Second Edition, University Press, 2008

CS5694 MACHINE LEARNING USING PYTHON

LT PC 3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To know different types of machine learning algorithms like supervised, unsupervised and semi supervised
- To differentiate between regression and classification problems
- To study applications of classification and clustering algorithms
- To learn deep learning and its applications
- To implement machine learning algorithms using Python libraries

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MACHINE LEARNING AND PYTHON

a

Machine learning- Types of Machine Learning - Supervised Learning - Unsupervised Learning - Reinforcement Learning- Bias and Variance- Over fitting and Under fitting- Parametric vs. non-parametric Models- Understanding Python-Python Libraries.

UNIT II NEURAL NETWORKS

9

Neural Networks: Introduction, Perceptron- Multilayer Perceptron, Feed- forward Network, Types of Activation Function- Error Back Propagation.

UNIT III SUPERVISED LEARNING

9

Regression: Linear Regression, Multiple Linear Regression -Decision Trees-Random Forests-Naïve Bayes -K-Nearest Neighbors- Support vector machines.

UNIT IV UNSUPERVISED LEARNING

9

Clustering –Types: K-Means Clustering, Hierarchical Clustering, Density-Based Clustering- The Curse of dimensionality -Dimensionality Reduction: Principal Component Analysis

UNIT V ADVANCED LEARNING

9

Graphical Models: – Markov Model – Hidden Markov Model- Reinforcement Learning-Deep Learning- Implementation of machine and deep learning: object detection and recognition in images, Text Analysis, Speech Recognition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning -An Algorithmic Perspective", CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2013...
- 3. Andreas C. Müller, Sarah Guido, 'Introduction to Machine Learning with Python: A guide for Data Scientists', O'Reilly Media, 2016.
- 4. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", Third Edition, Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series, MIT Press, 2014.
- 5. M.Kirk, "Thoughtful Machine Learning with Python", O'Reilly, 2017

RP5691

POLYMER PROPERTIES

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

To enable the students to

- Understand the fundamentals of polymers, structure and molecular weight
- Know about Tg and its importance
- Know about mechanical properties of polymers
- Understand the importance of electrical and optical properties of polymers

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

12

History of Macromolecules – Difference between simple organic molecules and macromolecules-Monomers – Functionality – Classifications of Polymers – Natural and synthetic polymers – Structure of natural rubber and proteins. Polymer Dissolution - Difference between simple solutions and polymer solutions – Molecular Weight - Average molecular weight – Degree of polymerization and molecular weight – Molecular weight distribution – Polymer fractionation-Polydispersity – Molecular weight determination. Different methods – Gel Permeation Chromatography – Osmometry, Light Scattering – Basic Principles

UNIT II STATES OF AGGREGATION IN POLYMERS

10

Transitions and segmental mobility in polymers – Glass transition, Tg, and flexibility – Multiple transitions in polymers - Significance of transition temperatures – Semicrystalline polymers – Effect of crystallization on properties of polymers – Factors affecting crystallization crystal nucleation and growth – relationship between Tg and Tm – Relationship between properties and crystalline structure- Melting of polymers – Rheology of Polymer melts.

UNIT III DEFORMATION & STRENGTH PROPERTIES OF POLYMERS

10

Polymer structure and Stress – Strain properties – Tensile properties – Flexural strength – limpact strength – Fatigue endurance – Hardness tests – Mechanical relaxations in polymers – Effect of temperature on mechanical behaviour of polymers – Visco-elastic properties – Damping characteristics – Crazing in glassy polymers – Role of crazing in fracture – Macroscopical fracture theory – Fracture and microstructure

UNIT IV ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES OF POLYMER

7

Structure-Property relationships – Polar and Nonpolar polymers - charge carriers – Electronic and Orientation Polarization-carrier mobility – Dielectric properties of polymers - Anti static and

conductive of polymers –Volume resistivity measurements Molecular theories of dielectric relaxation in polymers – Dielectric breakdown.

UNIT V OPTICAL PROPERTIES OF POLYMERS

6

Introduction – Isotropic polymers – Anisotropic polymers – Dichroism – Optical applications of polymers – Transmission – Rheoptical properties and application-Birefringence-Photoelastic effects and Analysis in Polymers

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

The students will be able to

- Understand the fundamentals of polymers and molecular weight
- Realize the importance of transitions in polymers
- Know about deformations in polymers
- Choose right type of polymers for electrical insulation purpose
- Know the importance of optical properties of polymer

TEXTBOOK

- 1. Ulrich Eisele, Introduction to Polymer Physics Springer, 2011.
- 2. Bill Meyer.F.W. Text Book of Polymer Science, 3rd Edition, Wiley Interscience Publications, 2007
- 3. Seymour.R.B., and Carraher.C.E., Jr., Polymer Chemistry, 6th Edition, Marcel Dekker, 2003

REFERENCES

1. L.H.Sperling, Introduction to Physical Polymer Science, 4th Edition, Wiley Interscience, 2006

RP5692 POLYMERS IN ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS APPLICATIONS

LT P C 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

To enable the students to

- Understand the fundamentals of polymers and their structure
- Design polymers for electrical applications
- Know about electrical properties of polymers
- Understand the importance of polymers in energy storage applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO POLYMERS

9

Polymers - Difference between simple organic molecule and macromolecule - classification of polymers - Molecular weight - Polymerization Types and Techniques. Requirements for polymers as insulators, semiconductors and conductors. Design of conjugated polymers for organic electronics - chemical, electrochemical and enzymatic methods - doping - general considerations

UNIT II CONDUCTING/INSULATING POLYMERS AND PROPERTIES

9

Conducting Polymers- properties and applications of PANI, Polythiophene, polyacetylene and polypyrole. Photoconducting polymers and its applications. Insulating/Non conducting polymers used in electrical applications -PE, PVC, PF, Aminoplasts, epoxy and other flame retardant polymers. Properties - Electronic properties, electrochemical, electroluminescent properties, electrochromic and electromechanical properties

UNIT III **ENERGY HARVESTING POLYMERS**

9

Photovoltaic devices - working mechanism and light harvesting materials. Working mechanism and materials for thermoelectric generator, piezoelectric transducer and triboelectric generator-Dielectric Elastomer based Generating systems-energy harvesting using Magneto Rheological Elastomers and fluids

POLYMERIC ENERGY STORAGE DEVICES **UNIT IV**

9

Supercapacitors - Polymer based electrodes and electrolytes. Lithium ion batteries based on polymers – Polymer as active materials in electrode, polymer as separator and electrolyte.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS

9

Light emitting conjugated polymers - polymer light emitting diodes and electrochemical cellselectret -photoresist - positive and negative photoresist - wire and cable - encapsulation polymers in optical data storage - optical fibers - corrosion and ESD protection, EMI shielding artificial muscles - electro chromic devices - electromechanical actuators - sensor devicesconductive composites, smart tyres- pressure monitoring systems-3D printing.

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

The students will be able to

- Relate the properties of polymers for electronics applications
- Select polymers for electrical applications
- Know about polymers used for harvesting solar energy
- Know about polymeric energy storage devices
- Understand various polymers for electrical applications

TEXTBOOK

- 1. J.M. Margolis (Ed.), Conducting Polymers and Plastics, Springer, 2011.
- 2. R.W Dyson, "Specialty Polymers", 2nd Edition, Springer, 1998
- 3. Soane.D.S. and Martynenko.Z., "Polymers in Microelectronics", Elsevier, Amsterdam, 1989.

REFERENCES

- 1. Xin Fang, Wei Weng, Huisheng Peng, Xuemei Sun"Polymer Materials for Energy and Electronic Applications", Elsevier, 2017
- 2. Hans Kuzmaly, Michael Mehring, Siegmar Roth, "Electronic Properties of Conjugated Polymers," Springer, Berlin, 2012.