2.Quora_Preprocessing

February 27, 2019

0.0.1 1.2.1: EDA: Advanced Feature Extraction.

```
In [2]: import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from subprocess import check_output
        %matplotlib inline
        import plotly.offline as py
        py.init_notebook_mode(connected=True)
        import plotly.graph_objs as go
        import plotly.tools as tls
        import os
        import gc
        import re
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        import distance
        from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
        from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
        import re
        from nltk.corpus import stopwords
        # This package is used for finding longest common subsequence between two strings
        # you can write your own dp code for this
        import distance
        from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
        from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
        from fuzzywuzzy import fuzz
        from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
        # Import the Required lib packages for WORD-Cloud generation
        # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/45625434/how-to-install-wordcloud-in-python3-6
        from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS
        from os import path
        from PIL import Image
```

In [3]: #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/12468179/unicodedecodeerror-utf8-codec-cant-decod

```
if os.path.isfile('df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv'):
            df = pd.read_csv("df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv",encoding='latin-1')
            df = df.fillna('')
            df.head()
        else:
            print("get df_fe_without_preprocessing_train.csv from drive or run the previous no
In [4]: df.head(2)
           id qid1 qid2
                                                                   question1 \
                        2 What is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
                  1
        1
                        4 What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i-Noor) Dia...
                                                   question2 is_duplicate
                                                                           freq_qid1 \
        0 What is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
                                                                         0
        1 What would happen if the Indian government sto...
                                                                         0
                                                                                    4
           freq_qid2 q1len q2len
                                   q1_n_words q2_n_words word_Common word_Total \
        0
                         66
                                57
                                            14
                                                        12
                                                                   10.0
                                                                               23.0
                   1
        1
                   1
                         51
                                88
                                             8
                                                        13
                                                                    4.0
                                                                               20.0
           word_share freq_q1+q2 freq_q1-q2
        0
             0.434783
             0.200000
                                5
        1
                                            3
```

3.4 Preprocessing of Text

- Preprocessing:
 - Removing html tags
 - Removing Punctuations
 - Performing stemming
 - Removing Stopwords
 - Expanding contractions etc.

```
In [5]: # To get the results in 4 decemal points
        SAFE_DIV = 0.0001
        STOP_WORDS = stopwords.words("english")
        def preprocess(x):
            x = str(x).lower()
            x = x.replace(",000,000", "m").replace(",000", "k").replace("", "'").replace("", "
                                    .replace("won't", "will not").replace("cannot", "can not").
                                    .replace("n't", " not").replace("what's", "what is").replace
                                    .replace("'ve", " have").replace("i'm", "i am").replace("'re
                                    .replace("he's", "he is").replace("she's", "she is").replace
```

.replace("%", " percent ").replace("", " rupee ").replace("")

• Function to Compute and get the features: With 2 parameters of Question 1 and Question 2

3.5 Advanced Feature Extraction (NLP and Fuzzy Features)

Definition: - **Token**: You get a token by splitting sentence a space - **Stop_Word**: stop words as per NLTK. - **Word**: A token that is not a stop_word

Features: - cwc_min : Ratio of common_word_count to min length of word count of Q1 and Q2 cwc_min = common_word_count / (min(len(q1_words), len(q2_words)) - cwc_max : Ratio of common_word_count to max length of word count of Q1 and Q2 cwc_max = common_word_count / (max(len(q1_words), len(q2_words)) - csc_min : Ratio of common_stop_count to min length of stop count of Q1 and Q2 csc_min = common_stop_count / (min(len(q1_stops), len(q2_stops)) - csc_max : Ratio of common_stop_count to max length of stop count of Q1 and Q2csc_max = common_stop_count / (max(len(q1_stops), len(q2_stops)) - ctc_min : Ratio of common_token_count to min length of token count of Q1 and Q2ctc_min = common_token_count / (min(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens))

- ctc_max : Ratio of common_token_count to max lengthh of token count of Q1 and Q2ctc_max = common_token_count / (max(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens))
- last_word_eq : Check if First word of both questions is equal or notlast_word_eq = int(q1_tokens[-1] == q2_tokens[-1])
- **first_word_eq** : Check if First word of both questions is equal or notfirst_word_eq = int(q1_tokens[0] == q2_tokens[0])
- abs_len_diff : Abs. length differenceabs_len_diff = abs(len(q1_tokens) len(q2_tokens))
- **mean_len** : Average Token Length of both Questionsmean_len = (len(q1_tokens) + len(q2_tokens))/2

- **fuzz_ratio** : https://github.com/seatgeek/fuzzywuzzy#usage http://chairnerd.seatgeek.com/fuzzywuzzy-fuzzy-string-matching-in-python/
- fuzz_partial_ratio : https://github.com/seatgeek/fuzzywuzzy#usage http://chairnerd.seatgeek.com/fuzzywuzzy-fuzzy-string-matching-in-python/
- token_sort_ratio : https://github.com/seatgeek/fuzzywuzzy#usage http://chairnerd.seatgeek.com/fuzzywuzzy-fuzzy-string-matching-in-python/
- token_set_ratio : https://github.com/seatgeek/fuzzywuzzy#usage http://chairnerd.seatgeek.com/fuzzywuzzy-fuzzy-string-matching-in-python/
- **longest_substr_ratio**: Ratio of length longest common substring to min lengthh of token count of Q1 and Q2longest_substr_ratio = len(longest common substring) / (min(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens))

```
In [6]: def get_token_features(q1, q2):
            token_features = [0.0]*10
            # Converting the Sentence into Tokens:
            q1_tokens = q1.split()
            q2_tokens = q2.split()
            if len(q1_tokens) == 0 or len(q2_tokens) == 0:
                return token_features
            # Get the non-stopwords in Questions
            q1_words = set([word for word in q1_tokens if word not in STOP_WORDS])
            q2_words = set([word for word in q2_tokens if word not in STOP_WORDS])
            #Get the stopwords in Questions
            q1_stops = set([word for word in q1_tokens if word in STOP_WORDS])
            q2_stops = set([word for word in q2_tokens if word in STOP_WORDS])
            # Get the common non-stopwords from Question pair
            common_word_count = len(q1_words.intersection(q2_words))
            # Get the common stopwords from Question pair
            common_stop_count = len(q1_stops.intersection(q2_stops))
            # Get the common Tokens from Question pair
            common_token_count = len(set(q1_tokens).intersection(set(q2_tokens)))
            token_features[0] = common_word_count / (min(len(q1_words), len(q2_words)) + SAFE_1
            token_features[1] = common_word_count / (max(len(q1_words), len(q2_words)) + SAFE_1
            token_features[2] = common_stop_count / (min(len(q1_stops), len(q2_stops)) + SAFE_1
            token_features[3] = common_stop_count / (max(len(q1_stops), len(q2_stops)) + SAFE_1
            token_features[4] = common_token_count / (min(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens)) + SA
            token_features[5] = common_token_count / (max(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens)) + SA
```

```
# Last word of both question is same or not
    token_features[6] = int(q1_tokens[-1] == q2_tokens[-1])
    # First word of both question is same or not
    token_features[7] = int(q1_tokens[0] == q2_tokens[0])
    token_features[8] = abs(len(q1_tokens) - len(q2_tokens))
    #Average Token Length of both Questions
    token_features[9] = (len(q1_tokens) + len(q2_tokens))/2
    return token_features
# get the Longest Common sub string
def get_longest_substr_ratio(a, b):
    strs = list(distance.lcsubstrings(a, b))
    if len(strs) == 0:
        return 0
    else:
        return len(strs[0]) / (min(len(a), len(b)) + 1)
def extract_features(df):
    # preprocessing each question
    df["question1"] = df["question1"].fillna("").apply(preprocess)
    df["question2"] = df["question2"].fillna("").apply(preprocess)
   print("token features...")
    # Merging Features with dataset
    token_features = df.apply(lambda x: get_token_features(x["question1"], x["question1"])
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[0], token_features))
    df ["cwc_min"]
    df ["cwc_max"]
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[1], token_features))
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[2], token_features))
    df["csc_min"]
    df["csc_max"]
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[3], token_features))
    df ["ctc_min"]
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[4], token_features))
    df ["ctc_max"]
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[5], token_features))
    df["last_word_eq"] = list(map(lambda x: x[6], token_features))
    df["first_word_eq"] = list(map(lambda x: x[7], token_features))
    df["abs_len_diff"] = list(map(lambda x: x[8], token_features))
    df["mean_len"]
                        = list(map(lambda x: x[9], token_features))
    #Computing Fuzzy Features and Merging with Dataset
    # do read this blog: http://chairnerd.seatgeek.com/fuzzywuzzy-fuzzy-string-matchin
    # https://stackoverflow.com/questions/31806695/when-to-use-which-fuzz-function-to-
```

```
# https://github.com/seatgeek/fuzzywuzzy
            print("fuzzy features..")
            df ["token_set_ratio"]
                                        = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.token_set_ratio(x["question1
            # The token sort approach involves tokenizing the string in question, sorting the
            # then joining them back into a string We then compare the transformed strings wit
            df["token sort ratio"]
                                        = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.token_sort_ratio(x["question
                                        = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.QRatio(x["question1"], x["question1"],
            df ["fuzz_ratio"]
            df["fuzz_partial_ratio"]
                                        = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.partial_ratio(x["question1"]
            df["longest_substr_ratio"] = df.apply(lambda x: get_longest_substr_ratio(x["quest
            return df
In [7]: if os.path.isfile('nlp_features_train.csv'):
            df = pd.read_csv("nlp_features_train.csv", encoding='latin-1')
            df.fillna('')
        else:
            print("Extracting features for train:")
            df = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
            df = extract_features(df)
            df.to_csv("nlp_features_train.csv", index=False)
        df.head(2)
Extracting features for train:
token features...
fuzzy features..
Out [7]:
           id qid1
                                                                    question1 \
                  1
                        2 what is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
                        4 what is the story of kohinoor koh i noor dia...
        1
                                                    question2 is_duplicate
                                                                              cwc_min \
         what is the step by step guide to invest in sh...
                                                                          0 0.999980
          what would happen if the indian government sto...
                                                                          0 0.799984
            cwc_max
                      csc_min
                                csc_max
                                                                 ctc_max
                                                                          last_word_eq
        0 0.833319 0.999983
                              0.999983
                                                                0.785709
                                                                                   0.0
                                                  . . .
        1 0.399996 0.749981 0.599988
                                                                0.466664
                                                                                   0.0
                                                  . . .
           first_word_eq abs_len_diff mean_len token_set_ratio token_sort_ratio \
        0
                     1.0
                                   2.0
                                             13.0
                                                               100
                                                                                   93
        1
                     1.0
                                   5.0
                                             12.5
                                                                86
                                                                                   63
           fuzz_ratio fuzz_partial_ratio longest_substr_ratio
        0
                   93
                                      100
                                                        0.982759
        1
                   66
                                       75
                                                        0.596154
        [2 rows x 21 columns]
```

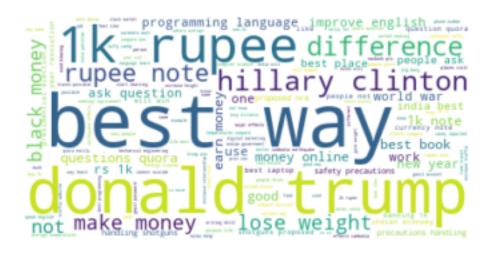
3.5.1 Analysis of extracted features 3.5.1.1 Plotting Word clouds

- Creating Word Cloud of Duplicates and Non-Duplicates Question pairs
- We can observe the most frequent occuring words

```
In [15]: df_duplicate = df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1]
         dfp nonduplicate = df[df['is duplicate'] == 0]
         # Converting 2d array of q1 and q2 and flatten the array: like \{\{1,2\},\{3,4\}\} to \{1,2\},
         p = np.dstack([df_duplicate["question1"], df_duplicate["question2"]]).flatten()
         n = np.dstack([dfp_nonduplicate["question1"], dfp_nonduplicate["question2"]]).flatten
         print ("Number of data points in class 1 (duplicate pairs) :",len(p))
         print ("Number of data points in class 0 (non duplicate pairs) : ",len(n))
         #Saving the np array into a text file
         #np.savez("/kaggle/working/train_avg_w2v.npz", train_avg_w2v)
         np.savetxt('train_p.txt', p, delimiter=' ', fmt='%s',encoding="utf-8")
         np.savetxt('train_n.txt', n, delimiter=' ', fmt='%s',encoding="utf-8")
Number of data points in class 1 (duplicate pairs) : 298526
Number of data points in class 0 (non duplicate pairs) : 510054
In [18]: # reading the text files and removing the Stop Words:
         d = path.dirname('.')
         textp_w = open(path.join(d, 'train_p.txt'),encoding="utf-8").read()
         textn_w = open(path.join(d, 'train_n.txt'),encoding="utf-8").read()
         stopwords = set(STOPWORDS)
         stopwords.add("said")
         stopwords.add("br")
         stopwords.add(" ")
         stopwords.remove("not")
         stopwords.remove("no")
         #stopwords.remove("good")
         #stopwords.remove("love")
         stopwords.remove("like")
         #stopwords.remove("best")
         #stopwords.remove("!")
         print ("Total number of words in duplicate pair questions :",len(textp_w))
         print ("Total number of words in non duplicate pair questions :",len(textn_w))
Total number of words in duplicate pair questions : 16109886
Total number of words in non duplicate pair questions: 33193067
```

__ Word Clouds generated from duplicate pair question's text __

Word Cloud for Duplicate Question pairs



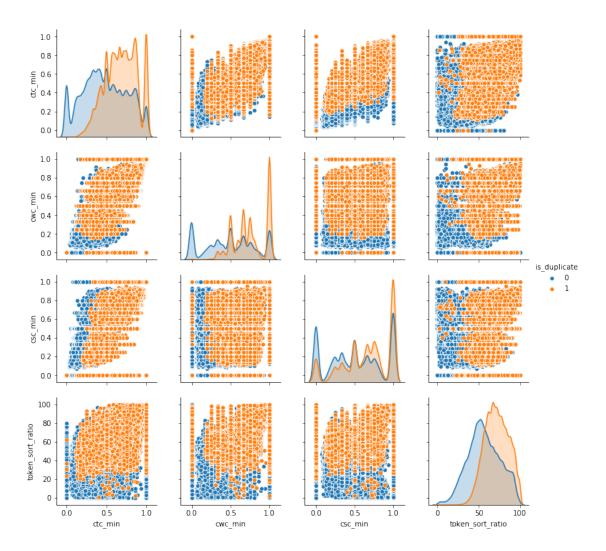
__ Word Clouds generated from non duplicate pair question's text __

```
In [20]: wc = WordCloud(background_color="white", max_words=len(textn_w),stopwords=stopwords)
    # generate word cloud
    wc.generate(textn_w)
    print ("Word Cloud for non-Duplicate Question pairs:")
    plt.imshow(wc, interpolation='bilinear')
    plt.axis("off")
    plt.show()
```

Word Cloud for non-Duplicate Question pairs:



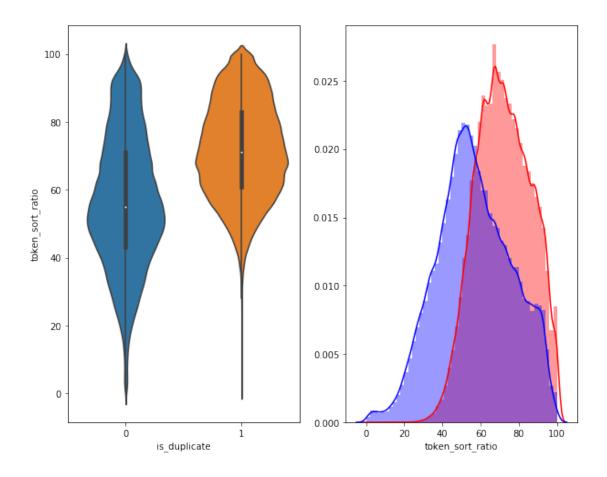
3.5.1.2 Pair plot of features ['ctc_min', 'cwc_min', 'csc_min', 'token_sort_ratio']



In [22]: # Distribution of the token_sort_ratio
 plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

plt.subplot(1,2,1)
 sns.violinplot(x = 'is_duplicate', y = 'token_sort_ratio', data = df[0:] ,)

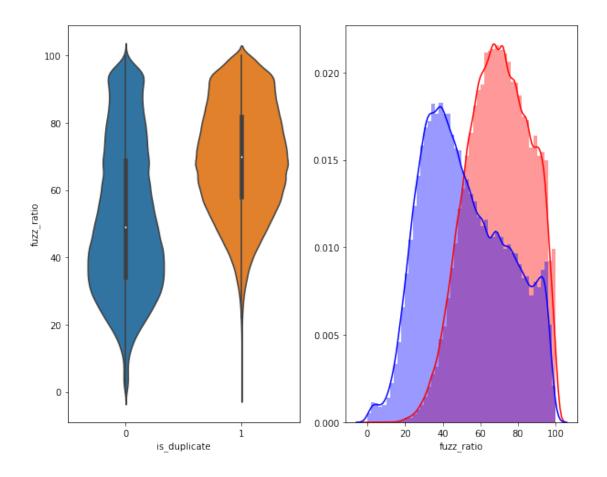
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
 sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['token_sort_ratio'][0:] , label = "1", colors of the color of the token_sort_ratio'][0:] , label = "0" , color of the color of the token_sort_ratio'][0:] , label = "0" , color of the color of th



```
In [23]: plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))

plt.subplot(1,2,1)
    sns.violinplot(x = 'is_duplicate', y = 'fuzz_ratio', data = df[0:] , )

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
    sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['fuzz_ratio'][0:] , label = "1", color = 's sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0.0]['fuzz_ratio'][0:] , label = "0" , color = plt.show()
```

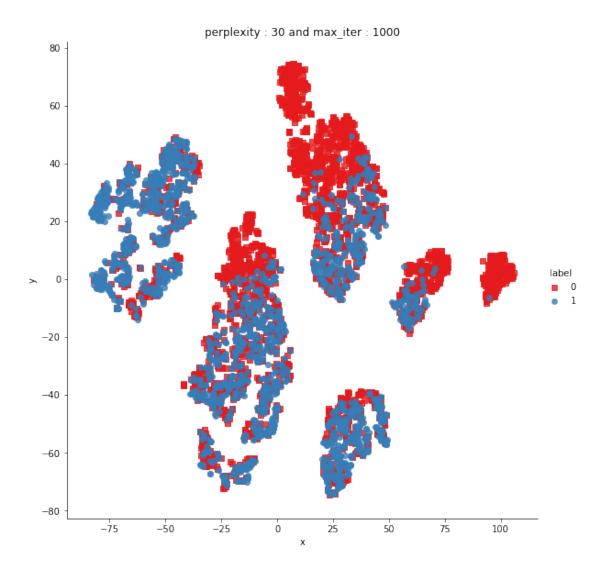


3.5.2 Visualization

```
dfp_subsampled = df[0:5000]
X = MinMaxScaler().fit_transform(dfp_subsampled[['cwc_min', 'cwc_max', 'csc_min', 'csc_m
```

[t-SNE] Indexed 5000 samples in 0.138s...

```
[t-SNE] Computed neighbors for 5000 samples in 0.376s...
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 1000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 2000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 3000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 4000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 5000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Mean sigma: 0.130446
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities in 0.261s
[t-SNE] Iteration 50: error = 81.2911148, gradient norm = 0.0457501 (50 iterations in 2.936s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 100: error = 70.6044159, gradient norm = 0.0086692 (50 iterations in 1.886s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 150: error = 68.9124908, gradient norm = 0.0056016 (50 iterations in 1.805s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 200: error = 68.1010742, gradient norm = 0.0047585 (50 iterations in 1.861s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 250: error = 67.5907974, gradient norm = 0.0033576 (50 iterations in 1.943s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 250 iterations with early exaggeration: 67.590797
[t-SNE] Iteration 300: error = 1.7929677, gradient norm = 0.0011899 (50 iterations in 2.003s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 350: error = 1.3937442, gradient norm = 0.0004817 (50 iterations in 1.953s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 400: error = 1.2280033, gradient norm = 0.0002773 (50 iterations in 1.947s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 450: error = 1.1383208, gradient norm = 0.0001865 (50 iterations in 1.968s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 500: error = 1.0834006, gradient norm = 0.0001423 (50 iterations in 1.961s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 550: error = 1.0474092, gradient norm = 0.0001144 (50 iterations in 1.975s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 600: error = 1.0231259, gradient norm = 0.0000995 (50 iterations in 1.989s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 650: error = 1.0066353, gradient norm = 0.0000895 (50 iterations in 1.997s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 700: error = 0.9954656, gradient norm = 0.0000805 (50 iterations in 2.018s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 750: error = 0.9871529, gradient norm = 0.0000719 (50 iterations in 2.034s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 800: error = 0.9801921, gradient norm = 0.0000657 (50 iterations in 2.043s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 850: error = 0.9743395, gradient norm = 0.0000631 (50 iterations in 2.084s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 900: error = 0.9693972, gradient norm = 0.0000606 (50 iterations in 2.113s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 950: error = 0.9654404, gradient norm = 0.0000594 (50 iterations in 2.041s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 1000: error = 0.9622302, gradient norm = 0.0000565 (50 iterations in 2.050s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 1000 iterations: 0.962230
In [26]: df = pd.DataFrame({'x':tsne2d[:,0], 'y':tsne2d[:,1] ,'label':y})
         # draw the plot in appropriate place in the grid
         sns.lmplot(data=df, x='x', y='y', hue='label', fit_reg=False, size=8,palette="Set1",m
         plt.title("perplexity : {} and max_iter : {}".format(30, 1000))
         plt.show()
```



```
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 2000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 3000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 4000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 5000 / 5000
[t-SNE] Mean sigma: 0.130446
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities in 0.188s
[t-SNE] Iteration 50: error = 80.5316772, gradient norm = 0.0296611 (50 iterations in 9.350s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 100: error = 69.3815765, gradient norm = 0.0033166 (50 iterations in 4.800s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 150: error = 67.9724655, gradient norm = 0.0018542 (50 iterations in 4.322s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 200: error = 67.4176865, gradient norm = 0.0012513 (50 iterations in 4.324s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 250: error = 67.1036377, gradient norm = 0.0009096 (50 iterations in 4.372s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 250 iterations with early exaggeration: 67.103638
[t-SNE] Iteration 300: error = 1.5251231, gradient norm = 0.0007399 (50 iterations in 5.584s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 350: error = 1.1820215, gradient norm = 0.0002076 (50 iterations in 6.964s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 400: error = 1.0389463, gradient norm = 0.0000969 (50 iterations in 6.688s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 450: error = 0.9659566, gradient norm = 0.0000635 (50 iterations in 6.851s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 500: error = 0.9267892, gradient norm = 0.0000482 (50 iterations in 7.205s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 550: error = 0.9053178, gradient norm = 0.0000406 (50 iterations in 6.832s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 600: error = 0.8915660, gradient norm = 0.0000349 (50 iterations in 6.923s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 650: error = 0.8804696, gradient norm = 0.0000345 (50 iterations in 6.674s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 700: error = 0.8723292, gradient norm = 0.0000358 (50 iterations in 6.678s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 750: error = 0.8668707, gradient norm = 0.0000314 (50 iterations in 6.736s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 800: error = 0.8626194, gradient norm = 0.0000250 (50 iterations in 6.892s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 850: error = 0.8584315, gradient norm = 0.0000253 (50 iterations in 6.653s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 900: error = 0.8547347, gradient norm = 0.0000261 (50 iterations in 6.652s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 950: error = 0.8517873, gradient norm = 0.0000263 (50 iterations in 6.649s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 1000: error = 0.8493521, gradient norm = 0.0000250 (50 iterations in 6.717s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 1000 iterations: 0.849352
In [28]: trace1 = go.Scatter3d(
             x=tsne3d[:,0],
             y=tsne3d[:,1],
             z=tsne3d[:,2],
             mode='markers',
             marker=dict(
                 sizemode='diameter',
                 color = y,
                 colorscale = 'Portland',
                 colorbar = dict(title = 'duplicate'),
                 line=dict(color='rgb(255, 255, 255)'),
                 opacity=0.75
         )
         data=[trace1]
         layout=dict(height=800, width=800, title='3d embedding with engineered features')
         fig=dict(data=data, layout=layout)
```

```
py.iplot(fig, filename='3DBubble')
In []:
```