

Programming Exercise – FX Calculator

Your task is to create a console-based currency converter application.

Requirements

The application allows a user to convert an amount in a specific currency to the equivalent amount in another currency.

Your calculator should allow a user to enter an amount in any of the known currencies, and provide the equivalent amount in another currency.

Your calculator should parse console input like "<ccy1> <amount1> in <ccy2>", and provide a suitable response.

For example:

```
%> AUD 100.00 in USD

AUD 100.00 = USD 83.71

%> AUD 100.00 in AUD

AUD 100.00 = AUD 100.00

%> AUD 100.00 in DKK

AUD 100.00 = DKK 505.76

%> JPY 100 in USD

JPY 100 = USD 0.83
```

If the rate cannot be calculated, the program should alert the user:

```
%> KRW 1000.00 in FJD
Unable to find rate for KRW/FJD
```

When displaying amounts back to the user, they should be formatted with the precision given below:

AUD=2 decimal places



CAD=2 decimal places CNY=2 decimal places CZK=2 decimal places DKK=2 decimal places EUR=2 decimal places GBP=2 decimal places JPY=0 decimal places NOK=2 decimal places NZD=2 decimal places USD=2 decimal places

The list of currency pairs and rates that you are given is:

AUDUSD=0.8371

CADUSD=0.8711

USDCNY=6.1715

EURUSD=1.2315

GBPUSD=1.5683

NZDUSD=0.7750

USDJPY=119.95

EURCZK=27.6028

EURDKK=7.4405

EURNOK=8.6651

In order to perform the required calculations, the program needs the amount of decimal places, currency pairs and rates above, and also a table to show how to derive non-quoted/crossed rates.

Currency pairs are specified as <<BASE>> <<TERMS>> (sometimes written as BASE/TERMS - eg. AUD/USD).

Rates are always specified as "1 BASE = x TERMS", where x is the rate.

For example "AUDUSD=0.8371" means that 1 Australian Dollar is equivalent to 0.8371 United States Dollars.

The rates specified above are directly quoted, but they can also be used to create non quoted rates.

For example, in the simplest case, the AUDUSD rate can be used to derive USDAUD by simply inverting the rate. "AUDUSD=0.8371" (1 AUD = 0.8371 USD) is the same as saying "USDAUD=1.1946" (1 USD = 1.1946 AUD).

A slightly more complicated example involves deriving a particular rate by "crossing" via another currency.

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For example: you are asked for the AUDJPY rate - but there is no direct feed for this rate. Instead, you can "cross via USD" and use the AUDUSD and USDJPY rates. This works by first converting AUD to USD, and then USD to JPY.

For example 1 AUD = 0.8371 USD

0.8371 USD = 100.41 JPY

1 AUD = 100.41 JPY

In order to help with the conversion, the following "cross-via" matrix may help. "Base" currencies are down the left, "terms" currencies across the top.

/	AUD	CAD	CNY	CZK	DKK	EUR	GBP	JPY	NOK	NZD	USD
AUD	1:1	USD	D								
CAD	USD	1:1	USD	D							
CNY	USD	USD	1:1	USD	D						
CZK	USD	USD	USD	1:1	EUR	Inv	USD	USD	EUR	USD	EUR
DKK	USD	USD	USD	EUR	1:1	Inv	USD	USD	EUR	USD	EUR
EUR	USD	USD	USD	D	D	1:1	USD	USD	D	USD	D
GBP	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	USD	1:1	USD	USD	USD	D
JPY	USD	1:1	USD	USD	Inv						
NOK	USD	USD	USD	EUR	EUR	Inv	USD	USD	1:1	USD	EUR
NZD	USD	1:1	D								
USD	Inv	Inv	Inv	EUR	EUR	Inv	Inv	D	EUR	Inv	1:1

D = direct feed - eq. the currency pair can be looked up directly.

Inv = inverted - eg. the currency pair can be looked up if base and terms are flipped (and rate = 1/rate)

1:1 = unity - the rate is always 1.

CCY = in order to calculate this rate, you need to cross via this currency.

You can choose to represent the above table however you choose. You may, for example, be able to use the inherent symmetry of the table to derive a more compact representation.

As an example of using the table above, consider that you need to calculate an AUD/JPY rate:

- first, look up AUD/JPY in the above table.
- the resulting entry shows that you need to cross via USD
- next look up AUD/USD the rate for this is fed direct
- now look up USD/JPY also fed direct
- fetch the rates for AUD/USD and USD/JPY and generate the cross rate from there.



Similarly, to calculate NOK/USD

- look up NOK/USD in the table
- the resulting entry says to cross via EUR
- look up EUR/USD and EUR/NOK, and cross the two to find the NOK/USD rate.

Please use the above rates, and the above cross-via table to build your solution.

Deliverables

- The solution submitted should include structure, source code, configuration and any tests or test code you deem necessary no need to package class files.
- Solve the problem in Java, C# or in a specific language that you may have been directed to use.
- Solve the problem as though it were "production level" code.
- It is not required to provide any graphical interface.

In order to get around firewall issues we recommend the solution be packaged as a password protected zip file.

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