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## Q) Valid parenthesization

Input: n (indicates the number of pairs of left and right brackets)

Output: generate and print all valid parenthesizations of n pairs of brackets.

Example:

n = 1 --> ()

n = 2 --> (), ()

n = 3 --> ((())), ()(), (())(), (()()), ()()

### Approach:

Some observations that can be made in the above problem are as follows:-

- The first index i.e ind = 0 is always "("
- The last index i.e ind = n-1 is always ")"
- For each step we must ensure that "(" is always less than ")". This is the most missed out part.
- For each recursion step before adding ")" we must ensure that (open < close) also we ensure (open > 0) before adding "(" and (close > 0) before adding ")".

### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void generateParenthesisRecursive(char* current, int open, int close, int n) {
    if (open == n && close == n) {
        current[open + close] = '\0';
        printf("%s\n", current);
        return;
    }

    if (open < n) {
        current[open + close] = '(';
```

```

        generateParenthesisRecursive(current, open + 1, close, n);
    }
    if (close < open) {
        current[open + close] = ')';
        generateParenthesisRecursive(current, open, close + 1, n);
    }
}

void generateParenthesis(int n) {
    if (n <= 0) {
        return;
    }

    char* current = (char*)malloc(2 * n * sizeof(char));
    generateParenthesisRecursive(current, 0, 0, n);
    free(current);
}

int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of pairs of brackets (n): ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    generateParenthesis(n);
    return 0;
}

```

## Output:

```

Enter the number of pairs of brackets (n): 1
( )

```

```

Enter the number of pairs of brackets (n): 3
((()))
(()())
(())()
()()()
()()()
PS C:\Users\sheeh\OneDrive\Desktop\C>

```