

/\* Question Set 1 - Easy \*/

/\* Q1: Who is the senior most employee based on job title? \*/

```
SELECT title, last_name, first_name
FROM employee
ORDER BY levels DESC
LIMIT 1
```

/\* Q2: Which countries have the most Invoices? \*/

```
SELECT COUNT(*) AS c, billing_country
FROM invoice
GROUP BY billing_country
ORDER BY c DESC
```

/\* Q3: What are top 3 values of total invoice? \*/

```
SELECT total
FROM invoice
ORDER BY total DESC
```

/\* Q4: Which city has the best customers? We would like to throw a promotional Music Festival in the city we made the most money.

Write a query that returns one city that has the highest sum of invoice totals.

Return both the city name & sum of all invoice totals \*/

```
SELECT billing_city, SUM(total) AS InvoiceTotal
```

```
FROM invoice  
  
GROUP BY billing_city  
  
ORDER BY InvoiceTotal DESC  
  
LIMIT 1;
```

/\* Q5: Who is the best customer? The customer who has spent the most money will be declared the best customer.

Write a query that returns the person who has spent the most money.\*/

```
SELECT customer.customer_id, first_name, last_name, SUM(total) AS total_spending  
  
FROM customer  
  
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id  
  
GROUP BY customer.customer_id  
  
ORDER BY total_spending DESC  
  
LIMIT 1;
```

/\* Question Set 2 - Moderate \*/

/\* Q1: Write query to return the email, first name, last name, & Genre of all Rock Music listeners.

Return your list ordered alphabetically by email starting with A. \*/

/\*Method 1 \*/

```
SELECT DISTINCT email,first_name, last_name  
  
FROM customer  
  
JOIN invoice ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id  
  
JOIN invoiceline ON invoice.invoice_id = invoiceline.invoice_id
```

```
WHERE track_id IN(
    SELECT track_id FROM track
    JOIN genre ON track.genre_id = genre.genre_id
    WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
)
ORDER BY email;
```

/\* Method 2 \*/

```
SELECT DISTINCT email AS Email,first_name AS FirstName, last_name AS LastName,
genre.name AS Name
FROM customer
JOIN invoice ON invoice.customer_id = customer.customer_id
JOIN invoiceline ON invoiceline.invoice_id = invoice.invoice_id
JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoiceline.track_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
ORDER BY email;
```

/\* Q2: Let's invite the artists who have written the most rock music in our dataset.

Write a query that returns the Artist name and total track count of the top 10 rock bands. \*/

```
SELECT artist.artist_id, artist.name,COUNT(artist.artist_id) AS number_of_songs
FROM track
JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id
JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id
JOIN genre ON genre.genre_id = track.genre_id
WHERE genre.name LIKE 'Rock'
GROUP BY artist.artist_id
```

```
ORDER BY number_of_songs DESC
```

```
LIMIT 10;
```

/\* Q3: Return all the track names that have a song length longer than the average song length.

Return the Name and Milliseconds for each track. Order by the song length with the longest songs listed first. \*/

```
SELECT name,milliseconds
```

```
FROM track
```

```
WHERE milliseconds > (
```

```
    SELECT AVG(milliseconds) AS avg_track_length
```

```
    FROM track )
```

```
ORDER BY milliseconds DESC;
```

/\* Question Set 3 - Advance \*/

/\* Q1: Find how much amount spent by each customer on artists? Write a query to return customer name, artist name and total spent \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: First, find which artist has earned the most according to the InvoiceLines. Now use this artist to find

which customer spent the most on this artist. For this query, you will need to use the Invoice, InvoiceLine, Track, Customer,

Album, and Artist tables. Note, this one is tricky because the Total spent in the Invoice table might not be on a single product,

so you need to use the InvoiceLine table to find out how many of each product was purchased, and then multiply this by the price

for each artist. \*/

```

WITH best_selling_artist AS (

    SELECT artist.artist_id AS artist_id, artist.name AS artist_name,
    SUM(invoice_line.unit_price*invoice_line.quantity) AS total_sales

    FROM invoice_line

    JOIN track ON track.track_id = invoice_line.track_id

    JOIN album ON album.album_id = track.album_id

    JOIN artist ON artist.artist_id = album.artist_id

    GROUP BY 1

    ORDER BY 3 DESC

    LIMIT 1

)

SELECT c.customer_id, c.first_name, c.last_name, bsa.artist_name,
SUM(il.unit_price*il.quantity) AS amount_spent

FROM invoice i

JOIN customer c ON c.customer_id = i.customer_id

JOIN invoice_line il ON il.invoice_id = i.invoice_id

JOIN track t ON t.track_id = il.track_id

JOIN album alb ON alb.album_id = t.album_id

JOIN best_selling_artist bsa ON bsa.artist_id = alb.artist_id

GROUP BY 1,2,3,4

ORDER BY 5 DESC;

```

/\* Q2: We want to find out the most popular music Genre for each country. We determine the most popular genre as the genre

with the highest amount of purchases. Write a query that returns each country along with the top Genre. For countries where

the maximum number of purchases is shared return all Genres. \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: There are two parts in question- first most popular music genre and second need data at country level. \*/

/\* Method 1: Using CTE \*/

WITH popular\_genre AS

(

    SELECT COUNT(invoice\_line.quantity) AS purchases, customer.country, genre.name,  
    genre.genre\_id,

        ROW\_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY customer.country ORDER BY  
COUNT(invoice\_line.quantity) DESC) AS RowNo

FROM invoice\_line

    JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice\_id = invoice\_line.invoice\_id

    JOIN customer ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

    JOIN track ON track.track\_id = invoice\_line.track\_id

    JOIN genre ON genre.genre\_id = track.genre\_id

GROUP BY 2,3,4

ORDER BY 2 ASC, 1 DESC

)

SELECT \* FROM popular\_genre WHERE RowNo <= 1

/\* Method 2: : Using Recursive \*/

WITH RECURSIVE

    sales\_per\_country AS(

        SELECT COUNT(\*) AS purchases\_per\_genre, customer.country, genre.name,  
genre.genre\_id

        FROM invoice\_line

        JOIN invoice ON invoice.invoice\_id = invoice\_line.invoice\_id

        JOIN customer ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id

        JOIN track ON track.track\_id = invoice\_line.track\_id

        JOIN genre ON genre.genre\_id = track.genre\_id

        GROUP BY 2,3,4

        ORDER BY 2

    ),

```
max_genre_per_country AS (SELECT MAX(purchases_per_genre) AS  
max_genre_number, country
```

```
FROM sales_per_country
```

```
GROUP BY 2
```

```
ORDER BY 2)
```

```
SELECT sales_per_country.*
```

```
FROM sales_per_country
```

```
JOIN max_genre_per_country ON sales_per_country.country = max_genre_per_country.country
```

```
WHERE sales_per_country.purchases_per_genre =  
max_genre_per_country.max_genre_number;
```

/\* Q3: Write a query that determines the customer that has spent the most on music for each country.

Write a query that returns the country along with the top customer and how much they spent.

For countries where the top amount spent is shared, provide all customers who spent this amount. \*/

/\* Steps to Solve: Similar to the above question. There are two parts in question-

first find the most spent on music for each country and second filter the data for respective customers. \*/

/\* Method 1: using CTE \*/

```
WITH Customer_with_country AS (
```

```
SELECT customer.customer_id,first_name,last_name,billing_country,SUM(total)  
AS total_spending,
```

```
ROW_NUMBER() OVER(PARTITION BY billing_country ORDER BY SUM(total) DESC) AS  
RowNo
```

```
FROM invoice
```

```
JOIN customer ON customer.customer_id = invoice.customer_id
```

```
GROUP BY 1,2,3,4
```

ORDER BY 4 ASC,5 DESC)

SELECT \* FROM Customter\_with\_country WHERE RowNo <= 1

/\* Method 2: Using Recursive \*/

WITH RECURSIVE

    customter\_with\_country AS (  
        SELECT customer.customer\_id,first\_name,last\_name,billing\_country,SUM(total)  
AS total\_spending  
        FROM invoice  
        JOIN customer ON customer.customer\_id = invoice.customer\_id  
        GROUP BY 1,2,3,4  
        ORDER BY 2,3 DESC),

    country\_max\_spending AS(  
        SELECT billing\_country,MAX(total\_spending) AS max\_spending  
        FROM customter\_with\_country  
        GROUP BY billing\_country)

SELECT cc.billing\_country, cc.total\_spending, cc.first\_name, cc.last\_name, cc.customer\_id  
FROM customter\_with\_country cc  
JOIN country\_max\_spending ms  
ON cc.billing\_country = ms.billing\_country  
WHERE cc.total\_spending = ms.max\_spending  
ORDER BY 1;