

**1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?**

```
def func(a, b):  
    return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)  
  
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15
- d) 0

**ANSWER- c) 15**

**2 numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22)**

```
sorted_numbers = sorted(numbers)  
  
even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0  
  
even_numbers = filter(even, sorted_numbers)  
  
print(type(even_numbers))
```

- a) Int
- b) Filter
- c) List
- d) Tuple

**ANSWER- B) Filter**

**3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into**

- a) Tuple
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

**ANSWER- A) Tuple**

**4) set1 = {14, 3, 55}**

**set2 = {82, 49, 62}**

```
set3={99,22,17}
```

```
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))
```

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error

**ANSWER- D) Error**

**5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?**

- a) raise
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

**ANSWER- A) raise**

**6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?**

- a) timedata
- b) date
- c) datetime
- d) time

**ANSWER- C) Datetime**

**7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?**

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

**ANSWER- C) 208**

**8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?**

- a) strptime
- b) strftime
- c) both a) and b)
- d) None

**ANSWER- A) Strptime**

**9) The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.**

- a) mutable
- b) immutable
- c) unchangeable
- d) none

**ANSWER- B) Immutable**

**10)**

**The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which**

we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. range()
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{}
- D. None of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- A) Range()**

**Question 11**

**Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?**

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. Lambda function
- D. None of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- C) Lambda Funtion**

### Question 12

The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. Both A and B
- D. None of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- D) None of the mentioned above**

### Question 13

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- B) dump() method**

**14. Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?**

- A. load()
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- A) load()**

**15.**

**A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.**

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above

**ANSWER- D) All of the mentioned above**

**16**

**Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that**

**apply.)**

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
}
```

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

```
    print(ship, captain)
```

b) for ship in captains:

```
    print(ship, captains[ship])
```

c) for ship in captains:

```
    print(ship, captains)
```

d) both a and b

**ANSWER-A) for ship, captain in captains.items():**

```
    print(ship, captain)
```

**17)**

**Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named captains?**

a) captains = {dict}

b) type(captains)

c) captains.dict()

d) captains = {}

**ANSWER- D) captains={}**

**18) Now you have your empty dictionary named captains. It's time to add some data!**

**Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs "Enterprise": "Picard", "Voyager": "Janeway", and "Defiant": "Sisko".**

**Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing captains dictionary?**

a) captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"}

captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"}

captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}

b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"

captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"

captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"

c) captains = {

"Enterprise": "Picard",

"Voyager": "Janeway",

"Defiant": "Sisko",

}

d) None of the above

**ANSWER- b) captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard"**

**captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway"**

**captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"**

**19 ) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have:**

**captains = {**

**"Enterprise": "Picard",**

**"Voyager": "Janeway",**

**"Defiant": "Sisko",**

**"Discovery": "unknown",**

**}Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also**

**want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?**

a) for item in captains.items():

print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")

b) for ship, captain in captains.items():

print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")

c) for captain, ship in captains.items():

print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")

d) All are correct

**ANSWER- b) for ship, captain in captains.items():**

**print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")**

**20 )**

**You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with**

**a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:**

**captains = {**

**"Enterprise": "Picard",**

**"Voyager": "Janeway",**

**"Defiant": "Sisko",**

**"Discovery": "unknown",**

**}**

**What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?**

a) del captains

b) captains.remove()

c) del captains["Discovery"]

d) `captains["Discovery"].pop()`

**ANSWER- c) `del captains["Discovery"]`**

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