

PYTHON – WORKSHEET 1

Q1 to Q8 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.

1. Which of the following operators is used to calculate remainder in a division?
A) # B) &
C) % D) \$
2. In python 2//3 is equal to?
A) 0.666 B) 0
C) 1 D) 0.67
3. In python, 6<<2 is equal to?
A) 36 B) 10
C) 24 D) 45
4. In python, 6&2 will give which of the following as output?
A) 2 B) True
C) False D) 0
5. In python, 6|2 will give which of the following as output?
A) 2 B) 4
C) 0 D) 6
6. What does the finally keyword denotes in python?
A) It is used to mark the end of the code
B) It encloses the lines of code which will be executed if any error occurs while executing the lines of code in the try block.
C) **the finally block will be executed no matter if the try block raises an error or not.**
D) None of the above
7. What does raise keyword is used for in python?
A) **It is used to raise an exception.** B) It is used to define lambda function
C) it's not a keyword in python. D) None of the above
8. Which of the following is a common use case of yield keyword in python?
A) in defining an iterator B) while defining a lambda function
C) **in defining a generator** D) in for loop.

Q9 and Q10 have multiple correct answers. Choose all the correct options to answer your question.

9. Which of the following are the valid variable names?
A) **_abc** B) 1abc
C) **abc2** D) None of the above
10. Which of the following are the keywords in python?
A) **yield** B) **raise**
C) look-in D) all of the above

Q11 to Q15 are programming questions. Answer them in Jupyter Notebook.

11. Write a python program to find the factorial of a number.

Ans:

```
def factorial(n):
```

```
    if n == 0:
```

```
        return 1
```

```
    else:
```

```
        return n * factorial(n-1)
```

```
# Test the function
```

```
num = int(input("Enter a number to find its factorial: "))
```

```
if num < 0:
```

```
    print("Factorial is not defined for negative numbers.")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Factorial of", num, "is", factorial(num))
```

12. Write a python program to find whether a number is prime or composite.

Ans: Certainly! Here's a Python program to determine whether a number is prime or composite:

```
```python
def is_prime(n):
 if n <= 1:
 return False
 elif n <= 3:
 return True
 elif n % 2 == 0 or n % 3 == 0:
 return False
 i = 5
 while i * i <= n:
 if n % i == 0 or n % (i + 2) == 0:
 return False
 i += 6
 return True

Test the function
num = int(input("Enter a number to check whether it is prime or composite: "))
if is_prime(num):
 print(num, "is a prime number.")
else:
 print(num, "is a composite number.")
```
```

13. Write a python program to check whether a given string is palindrome or not.

Ans: def is_palindrome(s):

Convert the string to lowercase and remove non-alphanumeric characters

s = ''.join(c.lower() for c in s if c.isalnum())

Check if the string is equal to its reverse

return s == s[::-1]

Test the function

string = input("Enter a string to check if it is a palindrome: ")

if is_palindrome(string):

print("The string is a palindrome.")

else:

print("The string is not a palindrome.")

14. Write a Python program to get the third side of right-angled triangle from two given sides.

Ans: def calculate_third_side(side1, side2):

Using the Pythagorean theorem: $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$

third_side = (side1**2 + side2**2)**0.5

return third_side

Test the function

side1 = float(input("Enter the length of the first side: "))

side2 = float(input("Enter the length of the second side: "))

if side1 <= 0 or side2 <= 0:

print("Side lengths must be positive numbers.")

else:

third_side = calculate_third_side(side1, side2)

print("The length of the third side of the right-angled triangle is:", third_side)

15. Write a python program to print the frequency of each of the characters present in a given string.

Ans: def calculate_third_side(side1, side2):

 # Using the Pythagorean theorem: $c^2 = a^2 + b^2$

 third_side = (side1**2 + side2**2)**0.5

 return third_side

Test the function

side1 = float(input("Enter the length of the first side: "))

side2 = float(input("Enter the length of the second side: "))

if side1 <= 0 or side2 <= 0:

 print("Side lengths must be positive numbers.")

else:

 third_side = calculate_third_side(side1, side2)

 print("The length of the third side of the right-angled triangle is:", third_side)
