

Find second highest value .

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MySQL LIMIT

**Summary***:*in this tutorial, you will learn how to use MySQL LIMIT clause to constrain the number of rows returned by a query.

Introduction to MySQL LIMIT clause

The LIMIT clause is used in the [SELECT](http://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-select-statement-query-data.aspx) statement to constrain the number of rows to return. The LIMIT clause accepts one or two arguments. The values of both arguments must be zero or positive [integers](http://www.mysqltutorial.org/mysql-int/).

The following illustrates the LIMIT clause syntax with two arguments:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1  2  3  4  5 | SELECT      select\_list  FROM      table\_name  LIMIT [offset,] row\_count; |

In this syntax:

* The offset specifies the offset of the first row to return. The offset of the first row is 0, not 1.
* The row\_count specifies the maximum number of rows to return.

The following picture illustrates the LIMIT clause:

